

SPECIFICATION

of work to be done and materials to be used in carrying out the works shown on the accompanying drawings

Proposed Dwelling

Specification for 68 Weka St

68 Weka Street, Mangawhai, Kaipara, New Zealand

Project Ref: 21035

Printed: 02 August 2022

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1013 DOCUMENT CONTROL

1 DOCUMENT CONTROL

Document Control

1.1 PREPARED BY

Company:	~Making Plans Ltd
Postal Address:	~Box 88 Waiwera
Street Address:	~47 Forge Rd Silverdale
City:	~Auckland
Telephone:	~09 4267835
Email:	~dave@makingplans.co.nz

1.2 DOCUMENT DETAILS

Project Name:	~Proposed Dwelling
Project Number:	~21035
File Reference:	~
Client:	~Sean & Kate Fullan
Client Contact:	~
Version:	~

1.3 REVISION CONTROL

Issue:	Outline / Developed Design / Building Consent / Construction / As Built
Revision:	~
Amendment Details:	~
Issued to:	~
Date of Issue:	~
Reviewed by:	~
Approved by:	~

1.4 AUDIT CONTROL

Date:	~
Author:	~
Approved by:	~

1220 PROJECT

1 GENERAL

This general section describes the project including:

- A description of the work
- Design construction safety
- Principal's Health & Safety matters
- Site description, features and restrictions
- Design parameters for design by contractor
- Archaeological discovery

1.1 READ ALL SECTIONS TOGETHER

Read all general sections together with all other sections.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE WORK

Proposed Residential Dwelling

1.3 RESTRICTED BUILDING WORK

This project includes Restricted Building Work.

Design Construction Safety

1.4 DESIGN CONSTRUCTION SAFETY

The project designers are unaware of unusual or atypical features, which a reasonably experienced contractor may not be aware of, that may present a hazard or risk during a typical construction process. The Contractor is still required to undertake its own assessment, to determine if they consider there are any further safety matters and provide for these in carrying out the construction of the work.

Principal's Health & Safety Matters

1.5 PRINCIPAL'S KNOWN SITE HAZARDS

Site hazards known to the principal are:
No Hazards

1.6 PRINCIPAL'S SITE HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

Obtain a copy of the principal's site health and safety plan.

Site

1.7 SITE

The site consists of: New Residential Dwelling
As shown on drawing: Refer to sheet 102

1.8 LEGAL DESCRIPTION

The site of the works, the street address and the legal description are shown on the drawings.

1.9 SITE FEATURES

Refer to sheet 102 & 103

Site environment - Durability

1.10 EXPOSURE ZONE

The exposure zone is to [NZS 3604](#), Section 4 Durability, 4.2 Exposure zones and [NZBC E2/AS1](#).
The site zone is: C

Site environment - Wind

1.11 WIND DESIGN PARAMETERS - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

The design wind pressures are to [NZS 3604](#), Table 5.4 Determination of wind zone, up to and including Extra High Wind Zone.

Building wind zone HIGH (refer to [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4)

Site environment - Seismic

1.12 EARTHQUAKE ZONE - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

The zone is to [NZS 3604](#), Section 5 Bracing design, 5.3 Earthquake bracing demand.
The earthquake zone 1 is:

Archaeological discovery

1.13 REPORT FINDING ANY ANTIQUITIES AND ITEMS OF VALUE

Report the finding of any fossils, antiquities and other items of value, to the Contract Administrator. All to remain undisturbed until approval is given for removal.

Pre-1900, items or evidence of human activity on the site, come under the [Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014](#). If such items or evidence is discovered work must stop immediately and the Contract Administrator must be notified immediately. The site may be classified as an Archaeological Site under the Act, and the Contract Administrator or Owner must contact the Heritage New Zealand for authority to proceed.

Post-1900 items remain the property of the owner, pre-1900 items may remain the property of the owner or the Crown subject to what is found.

Known archaeological information relating to this site includes the following: -

~

1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS

1 GENERAL

This general section relates to definitions and interpretation that are used in this specification.

Definitions

1.1 DEFINITIONS

Hold point:	A stage of the construction where the contract administrator and any other nominated person requires notice to be given that particular work is to be carried out. Work may not proceed on that particular part until the contract administrator and any other nominated person has advised that work can continue. A notice period of 2 Working Days is required unless stated otherwise.
Notification point:	A stage of the construction where the contract administrator and any other nominated person requires notice to be given that particular work is to be carried out. Work may continue and the contract administrator and any other nominated person may choose whether or not they wish to witness the particular work being carried out. A notice period of 2 Working Days is required unless stated otherwise.
Product:	A thing or substance produced by natural process or manufacture.
Proprietary:	Identifiable by naming the manufacturer, supplier, installer, trade name, brand name, catalogue or reference number.
Provide and fix:	"Provide" or "fix" or "supply" or "fix" if used separately mean provide and fix unless explicitly stated otherwise.
Required:	Required by the documents, the New Zealand Building Code or by a statutory authority.
Review:	Review by the contract administrator and other consultants is for general compliance only. Review does not remove the need for the contractor to comply with the stated requirements, details and specifications of the manufacturers and suppliers of individual components, materials and finishes. Neither can the review be construed as authorising departures from the contract documents.
Working day:	Working day means a calendar day other than any Saturday, Sunday, public holiday or any day falling within the period from 24 December to 5 January, both days inclusive, irrespective of the days on which work is actually carried out.
Workplace:	Workplace means the place where work is being carried out, or is customarily carried out, for a business or undertaking including any place where a worker goes, or is likely to be, while at work (under Health and Safety at Work Act 2015).

1.2 PERSONNEL

- Principal: The person defined as "Principal" in the conditions of contract.
- Contractor: The person contracted by the principal to carry out the contract.
- Contract administrator: The person appointed by the principal to administer the contract on the principal's behalf. Where no person has been appointed by the principal, it means the principal or the principal's representative.

1.3 ABBREVIATIONS

- The following abbreviations are used throughout the specification:
- AAMA American Architectural Manufacturers Association
 - AS Australian Standard
 - AS/NZS Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard
 - ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials
 - AWCINZ Association of Wall and Ceiling Industries of New Zealand Inc.
 - BCA Building Consent Authority
 - BRANZ Building Research Association of New Zealand
 - BS British Standard

COP	Code of practice
CSIRO	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
HERA	Heavy Engineering Research Association
LBP	Licensed Building Practitioner
MBIE	Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment
MPNZA	Master Painters New Zealand Association Inc
NZBC	New Zealand Building Code
NZS	New Zealand Standard
NZS/AS	Joint New Zealand/Australian Standard
NZTA	New Zealand Transport Agency
NUO	Network Utility Operator
OSH	Occupational Safety and Health
PCBU	Person Conducting a Business or Undertaking (under Health and Safety at Work Act 2015)
RBW	Restricted Building Work
SARNZ	Scaffolding and Rigging New Zealand Inc
SED	Specific Engineering Design
TA	Territorial Authority
TNZ	Transit New Zealand (Transit New Zealand is now New Zealand Transport Agency NZTA - some specifications are still prefixed TNZ)

1.4 DEFINED WORDS

Words defined in the conditions of contract, New Zealand Standards, or other reference documents, to have the same interpretation and meaning when used in their lower case, title case or upper case form in the specification text.

1.5 WORDS IMPORTING PLURAL AND SINGULAR

Where the context requires, words importing singular only, also include plural and vice versa.

1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

1 GENERAL

1.1 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

Throughout this specification, reference is made to various [New Zealand Building Code](#) Compliance Documents (NZBC ___), acceptable solutions (___ AS_) and verification methods (___ VM_) for criteria and/or methods used to establish compliance with the [New Zealand Building Code](#).

Reference is also made to various standards produced by Standards New Zealand (NZS, AS/NZS, NZS/AS), overseas standards and to listed Acts, Regulations and various industry codes of practice and practice guides. The latest edition (including amendments and provisional editions) at the date of this specification applies unless stated otherwise.

It is the responsibility of the contractor to be familiar with the materials and expert in the techniques quoted in these publications.

Documents cited both directly and within other cited publications are deemed to form part of this specification. However, this specification takes precedence in the event of it being at variance with the cited documents.

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Documents referred to in the GENERAL sections are:

NZBC F5/AS1	Construction and demolition hazards
AS/NZS 1170.2:2011	Structural design actions - Wind actions
NZS 1170.5	Structural design actions - Earthquake actions - New Zealand
AS/NZS 3012	Electrical installations - Construction and demolition sites
NZS 3109	Concrete construction
NZS 3114	Specification for concrete surface finishes
NZS 3602	Timber and wood-based products for use in building
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4210	Masonry construction: Materials and workmanship
NZS 4781	Code of Practice for Safety in Welding and Cutting
AS/NZS 5131	Structural steelwork - Fabrication and erection
NZS 6803	Acoustics - Construction Noise
Building Act 2004	
Building Regulations 1992	
Health and Safety at Work Act 2015	
Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016	
Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017	
Health and Safety in Employment Regulations 1995	
New Zealand Building Code	
Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014	
Resource Management Act 1991	
Smoke-free Environments Act 1990	
WorkSafe	Guidelines for the provision of facilities and general safety in the construction industry
WorkSafe	Good Practice Guidelines - Excavation Safety
WorkSafe	Scaffolding in New Zealand - Good Practice Guidelines
WorkSafe	Managing Work Site Traffic - Good Practice Guidelines

1234 DOCUMENTATION

1 GENERAL

This general section relates to documentation required by the Territorial Authority / Building Consent Authority for compliance with the [New Zealand Building Code](#). It also includes documentation relating to:

- Substitutions
- Manufacturers' documents
- Branded work sections
- Care of construction documents
- Confidentiality of documents
- Receipt of construction documents

Building Consent Authority documentation

1.1 BUILDING CONSENT

Obtain the original building consent forms and documents from the owner and keep them on site, preserve the condition of consent forms and documents. Liaise with the building consent authority for all notices to be given and all inspections required during construction to ensure compliance. Return the consent form and documents to the owner on completion.

1.2 BUILDING CONSENT COMPLIANCE

It is an offence under the [Building Act 2004](#)

- to carry out any work not in accordance with the building consent.
- to carry out Restricted Building Work by anyone other than a Licensed Building Practitioner licensed for that type of work.

The resolution of matters concerning building code compliance to be referred to the contract administrator for a direction and then if required to the BCA for consent.

Where any alteration is requested by the territorial authority or any other authority, do not undertake such alteration until the matter has been referred to the contract administrator for direction.

1.3 PROJECT PERSONNEL

Provide names and contact details of the contractor's key personnel and tradespersons who are involved with the project. Review the list once a month and reissue it if changes have been made.

Licensed Building Practitioner documentation

1.4 LICENSED BUILDING PRACTITIONERS

Provide LBP details. Provide names, LBP numbers, areas of practice and contact information. Provide this information to the BCA before commencing work on the Restricted Building Work in the form required by the BCA. Advise the BCA of any change to an LBP previously advised.

Include the following as applicable

- Site LBP
- Carpenter
- Foundations 1 Concrete foundation walls and concrete slab-on-ground constructor
- Foundations 2 Concrete or timber pile foundations constructor
- Bricklaying and block laying 1 Brick / masonry veneer
- Bricklaying and block laying 2 Structural masonry - Bricklayer / Blocklayer
- Roofing 1 Concrete / clay tile roofer
- Roofing 2 Profiled metal roofer and/or wall cladding installer
- Roofing 3 Metal tile roofer
- Roofing 4 Membrane roofer
- Roofing 5 Torch on membrane roofer
- Roofing 6 Liquid membrane roofer
- Roofing 7 Shingle / slate roofer
- External plastering 1 Solid plasterer
- External plastering 2 Proprietary Plaster Cladding Systems (PPCS) plasterer

Also provide names and contact details of the following

- Registered drainlayer

- Registered plumber
- Registered gasfitter
- Registered electrician

1.5 RECORD OF WORK

Where Restricted Building Work is carried out by a LBP, on completion provide a Record of Work. Provide copies to both the BCA and the Contract Administrator.

Compliance information

1.6 DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Information may be required either as a condition of the contract documents or as a condition of the building consent. It may include the following:

- Applicators approval certificate from the manufacturer / supplier
- Manufacturer's / supplier's warranty
- Installer / applicator's warranty
- Producer Statement (PS1) - Design
- Producer Statement (PS3) - Construction from the applicator / installer
- Producer Statement (PS4) - Construction review from an acceptable suitably qualified person

Refer to the general sections for the requirements for compliance information to be provided by the contractor.

Refer to the building consent for the requirements for compliance information to be provided by the contractor.

Obtain required documents from the relevant parties for delivery to the contract administrator after the final inspection has been carried out by the BCA.

1.7 PRODUCER STATEMENTS

When producer statements verifying construction are required, provide copies to both the Building Consent Authority and the Contract Administrator. Provide producer statements in the form required by the BCA.

Residential building contract

1.8 CHECKLIST

If requested provide evidence of the prescribed checklist given to the residential client.

1.9 DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

If requested provide evidence of the disclosure statement given to the residential client.

1.10 BUILDING CONTRACT

If requested provide evidence of the written building contract that the residential customer has signed.

1.11 DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED ON COMPLETION

As soon as practicable after completion of the building work, provide in writing the following information and documentation to the client and the relevant territorial authority.

Information and documentation relating to:

- The identity of the building contractor and the subcontractors who carried out the work.
- Maintenance requirements for any products incorporated in the building.

If applicable also provide any guarantee or insurance obtained by the building contractor in relation to the building work.

Substitutions

1.12 ACCEPTABLE PRODUCT/MATERIAL SUPPLIERS

Where a product or material supplier is named in SELECTIONS, the product/material must be provided by the named supplier. Where more than one named supplier, any one of the named suppliers will be acceptable.

1.13 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any of the specified products and systems listed in a section unless specified otherwise. If a product is not available then immediately contact the contract administrator for direction.

1.14 PROPOSED SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitution of products or systems contained within branded work sections is not allowed. The contractor may propose substitutions to products within non branded work sections, when the contractor has determined that the proposed substitution is an alternative to the specified product. The Contract administrator is not bound to accept any substitutions. Submit a draft proposal detailing the substitution to the contract administrator before proceeding with full notification.

1.15 NOTIFICATION OF SUBSTITUTIONS

Notify the contract administrator of proposed substitution of specified products. Notification to include but not be limited to:

- Product identification
- Manufacturer's name, address, telephone number, website and email address
- Detailed comparison between the properties and characteristics of the specified product and the proposed substitution
- Statement of NZBC compliance including durability
- Details of manufacturer warranties

Plus an assessment of:

- Any changes required to the programme including any extension of time required
- Any consequential effects of the proposed substitution
- Any effect the substitution may have on Health & Safety requirements
- Allowance for time and cost for re-design and documentation (if applicable)
- Allowance for time and cost for obtaining an amendment to the Building Consent (if applicable)
- Any change in cost associated with the proposed substitution

and if requested:

- All current manufacturer's literature on the product
- Accreditations and appraisals available
- Reference standards
- Product limitations
- Samples
- List of existing installations in the vicinity of the project

1.16 ACCEPTANCE OF SUBSTITUTIONS

Acceptance of any proposed substitutions will be given in writing by the contract administrator.

Amendments to issued Building Consent

1.17 CONTRACTOR AMENDMENTS TO BUILDING CONSENT

Where the contractor has sought acceptance of a substitution or a variation which is for the contractor's own convenience and the substitution or variation requires an amendment to the Building Consent, the contractor must apply for and obtain the required amendment.

The contractor must:

- Obtain approval for substitutions from the contract administrator.
- Prepare and provide to the BCA all documentation required for the amendment.
- Pay all fees and other costs associated with this amendment.
- Where the amendment affects other approved plans, also amend those plans.

1.18 PRINCIPAL AMENDMENTS TO BUILDING CONSENT

Where the principal is proposing a substitution or a variation which requires an amendment to the Building Consent, the contractor must provide to the principal information that the contractor has that is required for the amendment.

The principal will:

- Prepare and provide to the BCA all documentation required for the amendment.
- Pay all fees and other costs associated with this amendment.
- Where the amendment affects other approved plans, also amend those plans.

Manufacturer's documents

1.19 MANUFACTURER'S AND SUPPLIER'S INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's requirements, instructions, specifications or details mean those issued by them for their particular product, material or component and are the latest edition.

1.20 CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN CURRENT DOCUMENTATION

Where manufacturer's installation, application and execution requirements are referred to in this specification, the Contractor must ensure they are fully aware of this documentation. Whenever necessary obtain and keep on site the relevant latest version of such documentation and make it available to workers carrying out that part of the work.

1.21 DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED FOR BUILDING CONSENT

Documentation including manufacturer's installation instructions, specification data sheets, producer statements, BRANZ and similar appraisals may be included in the issued Building Consent. These documents have been provided only to demonstrate compliance with the NZBC.

Branded work sections**1.22 BRANDED PRODUCTS / SYSTEMS**

Where branded products and systems are specified, all products and components of the system must be as per the specification.

1.23 CROSS REFERENCED WORK SECTIONS

If any related work is cross referenced to a generic work section, but only the equivalent branded section is included in the specification, use that branded section. Confirm with the contract administrator if there is any doubt.

Care of construction documents**1.24 CONSTRUCTION ISSUE**

Take receipt of the plans, specifications and other documents issued "for construction". Keep at least one copy on site available for use by all on site workers. Keep a record of copies provided to others including subcontractors. Protect the documents as appropriate. Obtain replacement copies for documents that have become damaged.

1.25 REVISIONS TO CONSTRUCTION ISSUE

Where revised plans and other documents are issued ensure that superseded documents are deleted from the working sets. Ensure that subcontractors are provided with amended documents. Delete superseded documents by either:

- removing them from the working copy of the construction issue; or
- marking them as superseded

1.26 RETURN DOCUMENTS ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION

On completion of the contract works:

- Keep such copies of the plans, specification and other documents as reasonably required for contractor's record purposes.
- Retrieve all other copies no longer required by parties.
- Agree method of disposal of such documents with the Contract Administrator.

The Contract Administrator will advise whether such documents shall be:

- delivered to the Contract Administrator/Owner; or
- disposed of by normal waste disposal methods; or
- disposed of by secure document disposal methods.

Confidentiality of documents**1.27 CONFIDENTIALITY OF DOCUMENTS**

Documents shall not be given or copied to others who do not require them for carrying out services required for the construction of the works. Documents are only to be used for the contract. Maintain confidentiality of documents.

2 SELECTIONS

1240 ESTABLISHMENT

1 GENERAL

This general section relates to site establishment including:

- Notices and approvals
- Inspections
- Site preparation
- Temporary construction

Notices and approvals

1.1 STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

Comply with all statutory obligations and regulations of regulatory bodies controlling the execution of the works.

1.2 BUILDING CONSENT AUTHORITY AND NETWORK UTILITY APPROVALS

Attend on building consent authority officers, statutory and network utility inspectors, as necessary to obtain approvals, including those required for the completion of the works.

1.3 NOTIFY NETWORK UTILITY OPERATORS

Notify all network utility operators of proposed works before commencing site operations. Ascertain location of services or confirm that none exist in the vicinity of the works. Take all necessary precautions to avoid damage to existing services.

Inspections

1.4 CARRY OUT INSPECTIONS

~

Site preparation

1.5 SITE ACCESS

Access to the site is limited to: ~

1.6 WORKING AREA

Limited to the following designated working areas on the site:

~

1.7 SITE AND SOIL SURVEYS

Carry out all investigations necessary and peruse all information available to determine ground conditions and likely ground performance both on the site and adjacent to it. Also refer to the territorial authority project information memorandum (PIM).

1.8 GROUND CONDITIONS

Refer to the geotechnical / soils report included with this specification.

Existing buildings

1.9 ALTERATIONS

Control access and working areas within existing buildings. Liaise with building owner to establish site limitations.

1.10 TEMPORARY ACCESS

Liaise with the building owner to arrange access to areas of the existing building which are not normally part of the contract.

1.11 USE OF LIFTS

Lift number ~ is for use by the contractor for worker access and goods deliveries.

1.12 USE OF STAIRS

Stair number ~ is for use by the contractor for worker access and where necessary for goods deliveries. Do not leave goods in the stairway as these must remain available for emergency egress. Do not wedge or hold open fire doors or smoke control doors.

Temporary construction

1.13 TEMPORARY BUILDINGS

Provide as necessary temporary sheds, offices, lunch rooms, sanitary accommodation and other temporary buildings required for storage, management of the works, for the use of workers while on site and as required by Acts and Regulations.

1.14 TEMPORARY SITE FENCING

Provide and maintain a temporary site fence, 2 metres high from ground level on the side accessible to the public. Construct to comply with [NZBC F5/AS1](#) Construction and demolition hazards.

1.15 SITE - SAFETY SIGNAGE

Provide hazard board and other safety signage as required.

1.16 SITE - PROJECT SIGN

Obtain approval to, provide and erect a timber framed sign board ~mm x ~mm. Sign to be, fully painted with vinyl lettering or fully printed, and displaying:

- Title of contract
- Principal's name
- Contractor's name
- Consultants as listed in general section 1222 PROJECT PERSONNEL
- If the contractor wishes, names of subcontractors.

First aid

1.17 FIRST AID EQUIPMENT

Provide first aid equipment.

3101 CONCRETE WORK - BASIC

1 GENERAL

This section relates to formwork, reinforcement, concrete mixes and the placing of concrete.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to the drawings provided

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

The following definitions apply specifically to this section:

ACRS Australian Certification Authority for Reinforcing Steels - An independent certification scheme for reinforcing steel and structural steel, by product and manufacturer/processor. Certifies compliance with Australia/New Zealand Standards.

ACRS web site - www.steelcertification.com

Documents

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B1/AS1	Structure
NZBC B1/VM1	Structure
NZBC E2/AS3	External moisture
AS 1366.3	Rigid cellular plastics for thermal insulation - Rigid cellular polystyrene - Moulded (RC/PS - M)
NZS 3101.1	Concrete structures standard
NZS 3104	Specification for concrete production
NZS 3109	Concrete construction
NZS 3114	Specification for concrete surface finishes
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4229	Concrete masonry buildings not requiring specific engineering design
AS/NZS 4671	Steel reinforcing materials
AS/NZS 4858	Wet area membranes
CCANZ CP 01	Code of practice for weathertight concrete and concrete masonry construction

Requirements

1.4 QUALIFICATIONS

Workers to be experienced, competent trades people familiar with the materials and techniques specified.

1.5 STEEL REINFORCING COMPLIANCE

Steel reinforcing materials for concrete to [AS/NZS 4671](#). Steel to be manufactured in New Zealand, or by an overseas manufacturer holding a current valid (or equivalent) NZ S Mark or ACRS certificate for that type of steel. Confirm compliance and provide evidence if requested.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 NORMAL CONCRETE

Normal concrete 17.5 to 50 MPa grade, (refer to SELECTIONS), maximum aggregate size 19mm ready-mixed to [NZS 3104](#). Provide delivery dockets listing mix and despatch details.

2.2 REINFORCEMENT

Bars to [AS/NZS 4671](#). Grade 300E deformed, other than for ties, stirrups and spirals, unless shown otherwise on the drawings. Welded reinforcing mesh Class E to [AS/NZS 4671](#), and 500E mesh to [AS/NZS 4671](#) as modified by NZS B1/VM1.

2.3 MESH FOR SLABS TO NZS 3604 OR NZS 4229

For slabs on ground mesh to be welded reinforcing mesh to [AS/NZS 4671](#) as modified by NZS B1/VM1, Class E, minimum to B1/AS1 - Grade 500E, 2.27kg/m² (1.14kg/m² in each direction).

2.4 TYING WIRE

Mild drawn steel wire not less than 1.2mm diameter.

2.5 SPACERS AND CHAIRS

Precast concrete or purpose made moulded PVC to approval. Where concrete spacer blocks are used in exposed concrete work use blocks matching surrounding concrete.

2.6 DAMP-PROOF MEMBRANE

0.25mm minimum polyethylene to [NZS 3604](#), 7.5.4, Damp-proof membrane.

3 EXECUTION**3.1 HANDLE AND STORE**

Handle and store reinforcing steel and accessories without damage or contamination. Store on timber fillets on hard ground in a secure area clear of any building operation. Lay steel fabric flat.

Ensure reinforcement is clean and remains clean so that at the time of placing concrete it is free of all loose mill scale, loose rust and any other contamination that may reduce bonding capacity.

3.2 FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK

Use falsework and formwork of sufficient strength to retain and support the wet concrete to the required profiles and tolerances. Select formwork finish to produce the specified finished quality. Ensure timber or plywood used for formwork is non-staining to the set concrete.

Securely fix and brace formwork sufficiently to support loads and with joints and linings tight enough to prevent water loss. Do not use tie wires or rods unless approved in writing by the Contract Administrator. Unless detailed otherwise, provide a 19mm chamfer or fillet strip at all interior and exterior angles of beam and column forms. Mitre at intersections.

Water blast to clean formwork. Keep formwork wet before concrete is placed.

Unless detailed otherwise, set up soffit boxing for beams and slabs to provide a camber when forms are stripped, of 3mm rise for every 3 metres of total clear span.

3.3 INSTALL DAMP-PROOF MEMBRANE

Apply polythene membrane to prepared basecourse with 150mm laps between sheets. Tape seal laps and penetrations with 50mm wide pressure sensitive plastic tape. Refer to drawings for perimeter details.

3.4 CUT AND BEND REINFORCEMENT

Cut and bend bars using proper bending tools to avoid notching and to the requirements of [NZS 3109](#): 3.3 Hooks and bends. Minimum radii of reinforcement bends to [NZS 3109](#), table 3.1, Minimum radii of reinforcement bends. Do not rebend bars. Where rebending is approved, use a purpose built tool, proper preparation and preheating.

3.5 ADJUSTMENTS

Use a purpose built tool for on site bending and to deal with minor adjustments to steel reinforcement.

3.6 TOLERANCES, BENDING

To [NZS 3109](#), 3.9, Tolerances for reinforcement.

3.7 SECURE REINFORCEMENT

Secure reinforcement adequately with tying wire and place, support and secure against displacement when concreting. Bend tying wire back well clear of the formwork. Spacing as dimensioned, or if not shown, to the clear distance minimums in [NZS 3109](#), 3.6, Spacing of reinforcement.

3.8 LAPPED SPLICES

Length of laps where not dimensioned on the drawings in accordance with the SELECTIONS.

Provide laps only where indicated on the drawings. Tie all lapping bars to each other. Plain bars lapped splices must be hooked.

Wire mesh laps to [NZS 3101.1](#), lap one mesh square plus 50mm minimum (do not count bar extension beyond the outermost wire).

3.9 MESH LAPS FOR SLABS TO NZS 3604 OR NZS 4229

For slabs on ground the welded reinforcing mesh to be lapped such that the outermost wires overlap by the greater of:

- the spacing of the cross wires plus 50mm
- 150mm or
- manufacturer's requirements

Do not count bar extensions beyond the outermost cross wire.

3.10 REINFORCEMENT COVER TO NZS 3604 OR NZS 4229

For in-situ concrete, foundations and interior slabs on ground, to [NZS 3604](#) or [NZS 4229](#), the reinforcement and welded mesh cover to be:

Location, cover to	NZS 3604	NZS 4229
Footing, to earth	75mm	75mm
Footing, to DPM	75mm	50mm
Foundation, to edge	75mm	75mm
Slab, to slab top	30mm	30mm
Slab, to slab edge	50mm to 75mm	50mm to 75mm

3.11 EQUIPOTENTIAL BONDING REINFORCING

If it is a project requirement, ensure that reinforcing is electrically equipotential bonded (or at least conductor cable attached) before the concrete is poured. For bonded reinforcing ensure all reinforcing is interconnected with good contact at joints and tight conductive ties.

3.12 CASTING IN

Build in all grounds, bolts and fixings for wall plates and bracing elements, holding down bolts, pipes, sleeves and fixings as required by all trades and as shown on the drawings, prior to pouring the concrete.

Do not use grounds exceeding 100mm in length. Location and form of conduits to be approved in writing by the Contract Administrator. Minimum cover 40mm. Do not encase aluminium items in concrete. Do not paint steel embedded items more than 25mm into the concrete encasement. Cut back form ties to specified cover and fill the cavities with mortar.

Form all pockets, chases and flashing grooves as required by all trades and as shown on the drawings.

Wrap all pipes embedded in concrete with tape to break the bond and to accommodate expansion. Do not embed pipes for conveying liquids exceeding a temperature of 50°C in concrete.

3.13 CONSTRUCTION JOINTS

Locate and construct as shown on the drawings or in accordance with [NZS 3109](#), 5.6, Type B.

3.14 PRE-PLACEMENT INSPECTION

Do not place concrete until all excavations, boxing and reinforcing have been inspected and passed by the Building Consent Authority.

3.15 SURFACE FINISHES

To [NZS 3114](#), 105, Specification of finishes, as scheduled or as denoted on the drawings.

3.16 CONCRETE SURFACE TOLERANCES

To [NZS 3114](#), 104, Surface tolerances and [NZS 3114](#), 105, Specification of finishes, with the suggested tolerances becoming the required tolerances.

3.17 PUMPING CONCRETE

Set up and supervise pump operation, placing and compaction of the mix to [NZS 3109](#), 7.4, Handling and placing and [NZS 3109](#), 7.6, Compaction Advise the ready-mix supplier of the type of pump and the slump required, in addition to the concrete grade, strength and quantity.

3.18 COMPACTION

Use power operated vibrators on foundations, vertical constructions and beams.

3.19 FLOOR SLABS TO NZS 3604

Generally for slabs on ground to NZS 3604 as modified by NZBC B1/AS1 and NZBC E2/AS3. Construct to NZS 3604, 4.5 Concrete and concrete masonry and NZS 3604, 7.5, Concrete slab-on-ground floors in timber buildings as modified by NZBC B1/AS1, 3.0 Timber. Lay to true and straight surfaces, screeded, floated and steel (manual or power) trowelled finish. Tolerance on flatness: maximum 3mm gradual deviation over a 3 metre straight-edge, to NZS 3114, 304, Surface tolerances.

Allow for free joints maximum 24m centres to NZBC B1/AS1, 3.1.13 NZS 3604 New clause.

3.20 SAW CUTS TO NZS 3604 OR NZS 4229

Cut slabs where indicated on the drawings as required to control shrinkage cracking. Form by saw cutting the slab (blade width approximately 5 mm) to a quarter of the depth of the slab after it has hardened (saw cutting shall take place no later than 24 hours after initial set for average ambient temperatures above 20 °C, and 48 hours for average ambient temperatures below 20°C).

3.21 SPACING OF SAW CUTS

Spacing of sawcuts

Floor situation	Maximum spacing of sawcuts both ways
Industrial floor	5m
Architectural, exposed floor, thin finishes, rigid finishes	4m
Carpet on underlay flooring	6m

3.22 SURFACE DEFECTS

Make good surface defects immediately after forms are stripped. Make good hollows or bony areas with 1:2 mortar or plaster, finished to the same tolerances as the parent concrete. Fill any tie rod holes with 1:2 mortar.

3.23 CURING OF CONCRETE

Keep damp for not less than seven days. Ensure curing of slabs commences as soon as possible after final finishing, by the use of continuous water sprays, or ponding. Alternately, apply a curing membrane. Ensure any membrane used will not affect subsequent applied finishes.

3.24 STRIKE FORMWORK

Strike formwork without damaging or overloading structure. Do not remove formwork before the following minimum periods:

- 12 hours: Sides of beams, walls and columns
- 4 days: Slabs in beam and slab construction (leave props under slab spans over 2 metres)
- 10 days: Props from under slab spans over 2 metres
- 18 days: Beams, soffits and slab spans over 5 metres

3.25 CLEAN OUT

Clean out saw cuts. Fill with cement grout where the floor will be covered with carpet or vinyl.

3.26 REMOVE

Remove all unused materials and all concrete and reinforcing debris from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 DAMP-PROOF MEMBRANE

Brand/type: Refer to the drawings provided

4.2 REINFORCEMENT LAPS

Where reinforcement laps are not shown on the drawings, lap as follows:

Bar diameter	Grade 300E deformed
10mm	400mm
12mm	500mm
16mm	650mm

3820 CARPENTRY

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and erection of timber framing, as a framed structure, or as partitioning. It includes prefabricated timber and engineered wood.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to the drawings provided.

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B2/AS1	Durability
AS/NZS 1328.1	Glued laminated structural timber - Performance requirements and minimum production requirements
AS/NZS 1604.1	Preservative-treated wood-based products - Part 1: Products and treatment
NZS 3602	Timber and wood-based products for use in building
NZS 3603	Timber structures standard
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 3622	Verification of timber properties
NZS 3640	Chemical preservation of round and sawn timber
AS/NZS 4357.0	Structural laminated veneer lumber - Specification
FTMA CoP	Frame and Truss Manufacturers Association Code of Practice
*A copy of NZS 3604 Timber-framed buildings, must be held on site.	

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

Workers to be experienced, competent trades people familiar with the materials and techniques specified.

1.4 DIMENSIONS

All timber sizes except for battens are actual minimum dried sizes.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 TIMBER FRAMING, TREATED

Species, grade and in service moisture content to [NZS 3602](#), [NZBC B2/AS1](#) and treatment to [NZS 3640](#), [NZBC B2/AS1](#). Structural grade (SG) to [NZS 3604](#), [NZS 3622](#) with properties to [NZS 3603](#).

2.2 ENGINEERED WOOD

LVL members to [AS/NZS 4357.0](#), to required sizes and lengths and the manufacturer design properties.
Treatment to [NZS 3640](#) and [AS/NZS 1604.1](#).

2.3 TIMBER TRUSSES

To [FTMA CoP](#). Moisture content 16% at supply.

2.4 WALL DWANGS, NOGS AND BLOCKING

If dwangs, nogs or blocking is required for exterior insulated walls, ensure they are not full depth of framing. Install flush with face of wall required, leaving a minimum 20mm or 45mm preferable gap to the other face to [NZS 3604](#), 8.8. Dwangs and nogs if required to be at 1350mm centres maximum to [NZS 3604](#), 8.8.

2.5 EXTERIOR CAVITY WALL BATTENS - TIMBER - NON-STRUCTURAL

H3.1 or H3.2 Radiata pine battens, minimum 20mm thickness, width and height to match timber framing studs. Temporary fix battens before being fixed into the framing with the cladding fixings.
To [NZS 3602](#), table 1, reference 1D.10, Requirements for wood-based building components to achieve a 50-year durability performance.

2.6 EXTERIOR CAVITY WALL BATTENS - PROPRIETARY - NON-STRUCTURAL

Extruded polypropylene battens, size approximately 45mm wide x 18mm thickness. Temporary fix battens before being fixed into the framing with the cladding fixings. To the scope limitations of [NZBC E2/AS1](#), and [NZS 3604](#) Building Wind Zones up to, and including "Extra High".

Components

2.7 NAILS

Type to [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, and of the size and number for each particular types of joint as laid down in the nailing schedules of [NZS 3604](#), sections 6-10.

2.8 SCREWS

Wood screws to the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), 2.4 Fastenings and Fabrication, and section 4, **Durability**, and of the type, number and form required for each screw application to [NZS 3604](#), sections 6 - 10.

2.9 BOLTS AND COACH SCREWS

Bolts and coach screws complete with washers, to the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), clause 2.4.5 Bolts and Coach Screws, and section 4, **Durability**, and of the type, number and form required for each particular junction to [NZS 3604](#), sections 6 - 10.

2.10 NAIL PLATES

Comply with the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, and of the number and form required for each particular junction to [NZS 3604](#), sections 6 - 10. Plates to the plate manufacturer's design for the particular locations as shown on the drawings.

2.11 CONNECTORS

Comply with the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, and of the number and form required for each particular junction to [NZS 3604](#), sections 6-10. Connectors and structural brackets to the connector manufacturer's design for particular locations shown on drawings.

2.12 CORROSION RISKS

For interior timber, treated with copper-based timber preservatives (H3.2 or higher), use a minimum of hot-dipped galvanized steel fixings and fasteners.

For exterior timber, timber in damp areas and timber subject to occasional wetting, use only stainless steel (or equivalent) fixings and connectors, when the timber is treated with; Copper Azole (CuAz, Preservative code 58), Alkaline Copper Quaternary (ACQ, Preservative code 90), Micronise Copper Azole (code 88) or Micronised Copper Quaternary (code 89).

2.13 DPC

Refer to the drawings provided & Manufacturers Specifications

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION GENERALLY

To [NZS 3604](#) except as varied in this specification. Execution to include those methods, practices and processes contained in the unit standards for the National Certificate in Carpentry and the National Certificate in Joinery (cabinetry, exterior joinery, stairs).

3.2 SEPARATION

Separate all timber framing timbers from concrete, masonry and brick by: -

- a full length bituminous damp-proof membrane overlapping timber by at least 6mm; or
- a 12mm minimum free draining air space

3.3 ATTENDANCE

Provide and fix blocks, noggs, openings and other items as required by other trades.

3.4 MOISTURE CONTENT

Maximum allowable equilibrium moisture content (EMC) for non air-conditioned or centrally heated buildings for framing to which linings are attached.

Framing at erection:	24% maximum
Framing at enclosure:	20% maximum
Framing at lining:	16% maximum

3.5 SET-OUT

Set out framing in accordance with the requirements of [NZS 3604](#) and as required to support sheet linings and claddings. When necessary provide framing to suit any required cladding/lining control joints and sheet joints.

3.6 FRAMING WALLS

Frame to required loading and bracing complete with lintels, sills and nogs, all fabricated and fastened to [NZS 3604](#), section 8, **Walls**.

3.7 FRAMING ROOFS

Frame to required loading and bracing complete with valley boards, ridge boards and purlins. Design and fit roof trusses complete with anchorage. All fabricated and fastened to [NZS 3604](#), section 9, **Posts** and 10, **Roof framing**.

3.8 FRAMING CEILINGS

Frame to required loading and bracing complete with runners and battens set out to support ceiling lining. All fabricated and fastened to [NZS 3604](#), section 13, **Ceilings**. Trim for openings in ceilings and hatches to [NZS 3604](#) section 13.3, **Openings in ceilings**. Provide blocking for water tanks located in the ceiling space to [NZS 3604](#), section 13.4, **Water tanks in roof space**.

3.9 INSTALLING WALL UNDERLAYS

Refer to the drawings provided & Manufacturers Specifications

3.10 FIT CAVITY BATTENS

Fit and fix 20mm cavity battens over wall underlay or rigid air barrier, fully nail to timber studs to the requirements of the manufacturer or to [NZS 3604](#). Fit and fix related flashings. Make allowance for cladding control joints where required. Fit and fix cavity closers to base of walls, open horizontal (or raking) junctions and over openings (windows, meters etc.).

3.11 DPC TO LOSP TREATED TIMBER

Refer to the drawings provided & Manufacturers Specifications

3.12 DPC TO TIMBER

Refer to the drawings provided & Manufacturers Specifications

4 SELECTIONS

Refer to the drawings provided.

4171GR GIB WEATHERLINE RIGID AIR BARRIER

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and fixing of GIB Weatherline® Rigid Air Barrier to residential and commercial buildings.

It includes;

- GIB Weatherline® Rigid Air Barrier Structural batten, screw and tape; and screw and tape systems
- GIB Weatherline® Rigid Air Barrier bracing systems
- GIB Weatherline® Rigid Air Barrier fire rated systems

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to ~ for ~.

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

AWCINZ Association of Wall and Ceiling Industries New Zealand

Documents

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B2/AS1	Durability
NZBC C/AS1-AS2	Protection from fire
NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
AS/NZS 2589	Gypsum linings - Application and finishing
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
BS EN 13501-1	Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Classification using test data from reaction to fire tests
BRANZ Technical Paper P21	BRANZ Technical Paper P21: A wall bracing test and evaluation procedure (2010)

1.4 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents which refer to work in this section:

GIB® Site Guide (September 2018)
 GIB® Noise Control Systems (September 2017)
 GIB® Fire Rated Systems (October 2018)
 GIB Ezybrace® Systems (August 2016)
 GIB Ezybrace® Bracing Design Software
 GIB Ezybrace® Bracing Supplement Document (December 2016)
 GIB Ezybrace® for Light Steel Frame Systems (March 2017)
 GIB Weatherline® Rigid Air Barrier Systems Design and Construction Manual (March 2021)
[BRANZ Appraisal 1048](#) - GIB Weatherline® Rigid Air Barrier Systems

Manufacturer/supplier contact details

Company: Winstone Wallboards

Web: www.gib.co.nz

Telephone: 0800 100 442

Warranties

1.5 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:

10 years For GIB® products and/or systems for a minimum of 10 years from the date of purchase

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form (if not available then use the

- standard form in the general section 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT)
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.6 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:
 ~ years For ~

- Provide this warranty on the installer/applicator standard form (if not available then use the standard form in the general section 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT)
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

Requirements

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS

GIB Weatherline® fixers to be experienced competent workers, familiar with GIB Weatherline® Rigid Air Barrier Systems installation and finishing techniques. Submit evidence of experience on request. For example:

- National Certificate of Interior Systems; or
- Certified Business member of AWCINZ.

1.8 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified GIB® systems, GIB® system components, associated GIB® products or GIB® accessories.

Compliance information

1.9 INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Provide the following compliance documentation: -

- Applicators approval certificate from the manufacturer / importer / distributor
- Manufacturer's / supplier's warranty
- Installer's / applicator's warranty
- Producer Statement - Construction from the applicator / installer
- Producer Statement - Construction Review from an acceptable suitably qualified person
- Other information required by the BCA in the Building Consent Approval documents.

Performance - Wind (design by contractor)

1.10 DESIGN PARAMETERS WIND - DESIGN BY CONTRACTOR

Design the installation to the manufacturer's requirements and as appropriate for the project wind design stated in the general section 1220 PROJECT.

Performance - Fire

1.11 EXTERNAL FIRE SPREAD - NON-COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL

GIB Weatherline® classifieds as A1 in accordance with BS EN 13501-1.

2 PRODUCTS

Materials

2.1 GIB WEATHERLINE® RIGID AIR BARRIER

Exterior grade, glass-fibre fleece wrapped modified gypsum core sheet.
 Meets NZBC requirements for Rigid Air Barriers as an Alternative Solution Proprietary System as per NZBC E2/AS1.9.1.4, and 9.1.7.2 and Table 23.
 Complies with NZBC B2/AS1 Durability.

Sizes;

Standard lengths:	2750mm and 3000mm (2450 available but in 10mm thickness only)
Width:	1200mm

Thicknesses:	10mm and 13mm
Colour:	Purple

Components

2.2 SCREWS

GIB® Grabber® 41mm x 6g Ceramic Coated High Thread Screws.
 GIB® Grabber® 63mm x 8g Ceramic Coated High Thread Screws.
 GIB® Grabber® 32mm x 8g Ceramic Coated Drill Point Screws.
 GIB® Grabber® 47mm x 8g Ceramic Coated Drill Point Screws.
 Refer to GIB® requirements for appropriate details.

2.3 GIB WEATHERLINE® FLASHING TAPE

Flashing tape available in 30mm, 60mm, 100mm, 150mm and 200mm widths x 30m roll length.

2.4 GIB WEATHERLINE® SILL TAPE

Sill tapes available in 150mm and 200mm widths x 20m roll length.

2.5 GAP FILLER

GIB® Gap Filler ultra low VOC multi-purpose acrylic flexible filler.

3 EXECUTION

Conditions

3.1 DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING OF PRODUCTS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to delivery, storage and handling of products.

3.2 ROUTINE MATTERS

Refer to 1250 TEMPORARY WORKS & SERVICES for protection requirements.
 Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to defective or damaged work, removal of protection and cleaning.

3.3 PRE-INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

Check work previously carried out and confirm it is of the required standard for this part of the work.
 Moisture content: ~% maximum

3.4 SUBSTRATE

Do not commence work until the substrate is plumb, level and to the standard required by the sheet manufacturer's requirements. Refer to GIB® Site Guide (September 2018).

3.5 TIMBER FRAME MOISTURE CONTENT

Maximum allowable moisture content to [AS/NZS 2589](#) for timber framing, for insulation and internal lining shall be as specified by material lining supplier. Refer to [NZBC E2/AS1](#) and GIB® Site Guide (Sept 2018).

Installation

3.6 STANDARDS AND TOLERANCES

Refer to the general section 1270 CONSTRUCTION for general requirements.

3.7 SCREW AND TAPE INSTALLATION

Fix GIB Weatherline® Rigid Air Barrier System in accordance with GIB Weatherline® Rigid Air Barrier Systems Specification and Installation Manual.

3.8 BOARD ORIENTATION

Minimise joints by careful sheet layout using the largest sheet sizes possible. Sheets may be installed vertically or horizontally, however horizontal fixing is not acceptable when Structural Bracing or Fire Rated Systems are specified. Refer to GIB Weatherline® Rigid Air Barrier Systems Specification and Installation Manual.

3.9 INSTALL FLASHING AND SILL TAPE

Install flashing and sill tape in accordance with GIB Weatherline® Rigid Air Barrier Systems Specification and Installation Manual.

3.10 LINING WALLS AND CEILINGS GENERALLY

Form to GIB® Site Guide (September 2018). Ensure bulk insulation thickness shall not exceed that of the wall framing.

Finishing

3.11 FINISHING GENERALLY

To GIB® Site Guide (September 2018) and [AS/NZS 2589](#).

Completion & Commissioning

3.12 COMPLETION MATTERS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for completion requirements and if required commissioning requirements.

3.13 COMPLETION - TESTS & CERTIFICATION

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for general test and certification requirements at completion.

~

4 SELECTIONS

4231HA JAMES HARDIE® AXON™ PANEL CLADDING

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and fixing of James Hardie® Axon™ Panel cladding.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to ~ for ~.

Refer to painting section/s for the protective coating required to meet the NZBC durability requirements.

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

LRV: Light Reflectance Value

CLD: Ceramic Low Density

Documents

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External Moisture
AS/NZS 1170.2:2011	Structural design actions - Wind actions
AS/NZS 2908.2	Cellulose-cement products-Flat sheet
NZS 3602	Timber and wood-based products for use in building
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings

1.4 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

James Hardie® documents relating to this part of the work:

Axon™ Panel technical specification

HardieFlex™ Sheet technical specification

James Hardie® Fire and Acoustic Design Manual

Manufacturer/supplier contact details

Company: James Hardie New Zealand Limited

Web: www.jameshardie.co.nz

Email: info@jameshardie.co.nz

Telephone: Ask James Hardie™ on 0800 808 868.

Warranties

1.5 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:

15 years: For James Hardie® Axon™ Panels
(refer to James Hardie® product warranty)

15 year: For accessories supplied by James Hardie® (refer to James
Hardie® product warranty)

From: Date of purchase

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer's standard form.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

Requirements

1.6 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified system, or associated components and products.

1.7 SAFE WORKING

To James Hardie® requirements for safe working practices with James Hardie® products, particularly with regards to cutting and drilling.

1.8 INFORMATION FOR OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Provide relevant James Hardie® maintenance requirements at completion of the work.

Performance

1.9 PERFORMANCE - WIND

The design wind speeds/zones are to [NZS 3604](#), up to and including Extra High Wind Zone. James Hardie® Technical Specifications are suitable for these conditions.

2 PRODUCTS

Materials

2.1 WALL UNDERLAY

Refer to section 4161 UNDERLAYS, FOIL AND DPC.

2.2 EXTERIOR CAVITY WALL BATTENS

Radiata pine battens, minimum 45mm wide x 18mm thick, H3.1 treated, height to match timber framing studs. To [NZS 3602](#), Table 1, reference 1D.10, Requirements for wood-based building components to achieve a 50-year durability performance.

2.3 EXTERIOR CAVITY CLOSER/VERMIN-PROOFING

Perforated uPVC, with upstands.

2.4 AXON™ PANEL

James Hardie® Axon™ Panel, a face primed shiplap jointed panel, 9.0mm thick, manufactured from cellulose fibre reinforced cement to [AS/NZS 2908.2](#).

Components

2.5 FASTENER TYPE

Fasteners to minimum durability requirements of the NZBC. Refer to [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, for requirements for fixing's material to be used in relation to the exposure conditions.

Refer to [NZBC E2/AS1](#), Table 20, **Material selection** for fixing material, and [NZBC E2/AS1](#), Table 21, **Compatibility of materials in contact**, for selection of suitable fixing materials and their compatibility with other materials.

Zone	Fixings Material
Zone D, Zone E / Microclimates (incl. Geothermal)	Grade 316 Stainless
Zone B, Zone C	Hot-dipped galvanized
Bracing - All zones	Grade 316 Stainless

Check against SED (specific engineering design) requirements for microclimate conditions.

Refer to SELECTIONS.

Accessories

2.6 FLASHING TAPES

Inseal® 3259 black compressible medium density closed cell foam tape, 1.5mm thick x 50mm wide for vertical joints, and 1.5mm thick x 80mm wide for internal corners.
Polypropylene or polyethylene DPC under CLD™ Structural Cavity Batten internal corners.
Refer to James Hardie® Axon™ Panel technical specification for selection of required width.

2.7 ALUMINIUM ACCESSORIES

Extruded aluminium etch primed. External box corners and horizontal 'h' flashing suitable for dark paints.

2.8 UPVC ACCESSORIES

Extruded uPVC. Alternative accessories only suitable for light paints.

2.9 SEALANT

Flexible sealant. Refer to the sealant manufacturer's technical literature to confirm suitability for the application.

3 EXECUTION

Conditions

3.1 STORAGE

Take delivery of products dry and undamaged on pallets, and keep on pallet. Protect edges and corners from damage and covered to keep dry until fixed.

3.2 HANDLING

Avoid distortion and contact with potentially damaging shiplap edges and surfaces. Do not drag panels across each other, or across other materials. Protect edges, corner and surface finish from damage.

3.3 SUBSTRATE

Do not commence work until the substrate is of the standard required for the specified finish; plumb, level and in true alignment. Moisture content of timber framing must not exceed the requirements specified by [NZS 3602](#) to minimise shrinkage and movement after panels are fixed.

Confirm that 70mm framing for vertical joints for timber cavity construction has been correctly installed.

3.4 SEAL EDGES

Seal site cut sheet edges prior to installation. Seal panel edges around window and door openings, meter boxes and at other penetrations.

Application - generally

3.5 FIX WALL UNDERLAY

Refer to 4161 UNDERLAYS, FOIL AND DPC.

3.6 INSTALL TIMBER CAVITY BATTENS

Install 18mm minimum thick cavity battens to [NZBC E2/AS1: 9.0 Wall claddings](#), where required. Fix vertical cavity battens to wall framing studs. The battens are fixed by the cladding fixings which will penetrate the wall framing studs over the wall underlay. Seal the top of the cavity and install cavity closer/vermin-proofing at base of walls, open horizontal (or raking) junctions, over openings (windows, meters etc). Do not use continuous horizontal cavity battens at nogs or at bottom plate. Use cavity spacers where fixing is required between cavity battens.

3.7 PENETRATIONS AND FLASHINGS

Confirm that exterior wall openings have been prepared ready for the installation of all window and door frames and other penetrations through the cladding. Required preparatory work includes the following:

- Wall underlay appropriately incorporated with penetration and junction flashings.
- Materials lapped in a way that water tracks down to the exterior face of the wall underlay.
- Wall underlay to openings finished and dressed off ready for the installation of window and door frames and other penetrations
- Required holes in cladding accurately formed and cut to James Hardie® requirements, ensure (if required) services penetration grommets/sleeves/seals/tapes are in place prior to cladding installation.
- Claddings neatly finished off to all sides of openings
- Installation of flashings (those required to be installed prior to installation of penetrating elements).

Install Axon™ Panel cladding

3.8 PANEL LAYOUT

All panel edges must be supported by the framing. Fix Axon™ Panels vertically.

3.9 VERTICAL JOINT

Joint Axon™ Panels to James Hardie® technical specification.

3.10 HORIZONTAL JOINT

Provide a horizontal joint at floor joist levels to accommodate the movement resulting from timber joist shrinkage and settlement. Install a 'z' flashing where drainage is required at floor level. For Axon™ Panels use a James Hardie® aluminium 'h' mould complete with 'h' mould jointer, external corner jointer or a purpose made 'z' flashing to form a horizontal joint.

3.11 INTERNAL CORNER JOINT

For direct fix and timber cavity battens, install 50mm x 50mm James Hardie corner underflashing or 80mm wide 3259 Inseal® tape over continuous wall underlay to internal corner. For CLD™ Structural Cavity Battens there is no requirement for underflashing or Inseal® tape. Install Axon™ Panels fixing to corner framing and leaving a 6mm minimum gap between sheets at corner. Fix 18mm minimum from square edge of sheet. Apply approved and compatible sealant to gap to manufacturers specifications. Ensure site cut Axon™ Panel edges are sealed before fixing and sealant is applied. Refer to Axon™ Panel technical specification.

3.12 EXTERNAL CORNER JOINT

For direct fix, install aluminium external box corner over continuous wall underlay to external corner. For cavity construction, with timber battens or CLD™ Structural Cavity Battens, install aluminium external box corner over battens. Install Axon™ Panels fixing to corner framing 40mm minimum from corner. Ensure site cut Axon™ Panel edges are sealed before fixing. Refer to Axon™ Panel technical specification.

3.13 EXTERNAL CORNER JOINT WITH H MOULD

Fit aluminium horizontal 'h' mould over lower Axon™ Panel and lap the upstand under upper Axon™ Panel. Leave 15mm gap maximum between upper and lower Axon™ Panels at the solid timber floor joist levels.

Fit James Hardie® aluminium external box corner under the aluminium 'h' mould with flanges removed locally. Mitre the 'h' mould over box corner flashing to cover it. Install "h" mould external corner jointer over. The upper box corner flashings are to be finished flush with the bottom edge of upper Axon™ Panel.

A uPVC corner underflashing is required under the aluminium box corner where the box corner is terminated under the 'h' mould. James Hardie aluminium external box corner flanges to be removed locally over the aluminium 'h' mould and corner underflashing to be lapped under the upper box corner flashing. Lap wall underlay over aluminium 'h' mould or seal to flashing with a flashing tape. Refer to Axon™ Panel technical specification.

3.14 FASTENER - SIZE AND LAYOUT

Fix Axon™ Panels to framing using the fixings specified in James Hardie® Axon™ Panel technical specification, Table 4 Panel fixing, and in accordance with the following requirements:

- Nails must have a minimum clearance of 18mm from sheet edges and a minimum of 75mm vertically and 150mm horizontally from sheet corners.
- Nails must finish flush with sheet surface.

3.15 FIXING - DIRECT FIXED TO FRAME

Fix with 40mm x 2.8mm HardieFlex™ nails. Fix sheet at 200mm centres at all sheet edges as well as all intermediate framing. Alternatively fix with ND50 brad nails at 150mm centres.

3.16 FIXING - TIMBER CAVITY CONSTRUCTION

Fix with 60mm x 3.15mm HardieFlex™ nails. Fix sheet at 200mm centres at all studs and at 150mm centres at top plate and bottom plate.

3.17 GUN NAILING

Axon™ Panels can be fixed using nail guns. The gun nails used must have a full round head to provide the required holding power. The length and gauge of nails must at a minimum be as specified in the James Hardie® Axon™ Panel technical specification.

3.18 SEALANTS

Apply and use of sealants to manufacturer's instructions. Check with sealant manufacturer prior to coating over sealants.

3.19 PAINTING

Refer to painting section/s for protective coating system.

Completion

- 3.20 REPLACE
Replace all damaged or marked elements.
- 3.21 LEAVE
Leave work to the standard required for following procedures.
- 3.22 REMOVE
Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

For further details on selections go to www.jameshardie.co.nz.
Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4261 BRICK VENEER CLADDING

1 GENERAL

This section relates to clay brickwork as a veneer cladding.
It includes:

- Standard brick veneer cladding
- Proprietary two storey brick veneer system
- Proprietary stack bonded brick veneer system

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to drawings provided

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

CB&PMA	New Zealand Clay Brick & Paver Manufacturer's Association
NZMTA	New Zealand Masonry Trades Association
BBFNZ	Brick and Blocklayers Federation of New Zealand

The following definitions apply specifically to this section:

Proprietary Two Storey Brick Veneer System	Proprietary system for two storey clay brick veneer construction as contained in BRANZ Appraisal 690 - Two Storey Brick Veneer System.
Proprietary Stack Bonded Brick Veneer System	Proprietary system for stack bonded clay brick veneer construction as contained in BRANZ Appraisal 1045 - Stack Bonded Brick Veneer System.

Documents

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZBC B1/AS3	Structure
NZS 1170.5	Structural design actions - Earthquake actions - New Zealand
AS/NZS 2699.1	Built-in components for masonry construction - Wall ties
AS/NZS 2699.3	Built-in components for masonry construction - Lintels and shelf angles (durability requirements)
AS/NZS 2918:2001	Domestic solid fuel burning appliances - Installation
NZS 3103	Sands for mortars and plasters
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4210	Masonry construction: materials and workmanship
SNZ HB 4236	Masonry veneer wall cladding
AS/NZS 4455.1	Masonry units, pavers, flags and segmental retaining wall units - Masonry units
BRANZ Appraisal 690	Two Storey Brick Veneer System
BRANZ Appraisal 1045	Stack Bonded Brick Veneer System
BRANZ	Good practice guide: Masonry veneer
CB&PMA TB1	Design Note TB1 Two Storey Clay Brick Veneer Construction - Made Easy
CB&PMA TB2	Design Note TB2 Specification For The Stack Bond Brick Veneer System
ASTM D6134	ASTM D6134 / D6134M-07(2019)e1, Standard Specification for Vulcanized Rubber Sheets Used in Waterproofing Systems

1.4 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents relating to this part of the work:

~

Manufacturer/supplier contact details

Company ~
 Web: ~
 Email: ~
 Telephone: ~

Warranties

1.5 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty for:
 ~ years: For ~

Provide the warranty on the manufacturer/supplier's standard form.
 Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.6 WARRANTY - INSTALLER

Provide an installer warranty for:
 ~ years: For ~

Provide the warranty on the installer's standard form.
 Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

Requirements

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS

Bricklayers to be experienced, competent and familiar with the materials and the techniques specified.
 All work to be installed or supervised by a Registered Master Mason or Licensed Building Practitioner (LBP): Licensed for Bricklaying and Blocklaying 1: Brick/masonry Veneer. RBW must be supervised by an LBP.

1.8 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any of the specified systems, components and associated products listed in this section.

Compliance information

1.9 INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Provide the following compliance documentation:

- Producer Statement - Construction from the installer of proprietary brick veneer systems.
- Other information required by the BCA in the Building Consent Approval documents.

Performance

1.10 DESIGN PARAMETERS - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN - EARTHQUAKE

Design the installation to the seismic parameters of [NZS 4210](#) Masonry construction: materials and workmanship.
 Refer to SELECTIONS for details.

1.11 COMPLIANCE - STANDARD BRICK VENEER SYSTEM

Brickwork to comply with [SNZ HB 4236](#) Masonry veneer wall cladding.

2 PRODUCTS

Materials

2.1 CLAY BRICKS

To [AS/NZS 4455.1](#).

2.2 VERMIN PROOFING

Either:

- Proprietary plastic weephole vents built into open perpend.
- Galvanized hexagon 10 mm mesh of 1 mm diameter steel wire 100 mm wide, complete with galvanized steel staples. Fix across base of cavity if gaps in veneer exceed 13 mm.

2.3 FLASHING - HEAD & SILL

To [NZBC E2/AS1](#) either:

- 2 ply asphaltic pliable waterproofing membrane to [AS/NZS 2904](#).
- 1.5 mm butyl rubber to [ASTM D6134](#).
- 0.5 mm pliable polyethylene to [AS/NZS 2904](#).
- Proprietary self-adhesive flexible flashing tape to [AS/NZS 2904](#).

2.4 FLASHING - JAMB

To [NZBC E2/AS1](#) either:

- 2 ply asphaltic pliable waterproofing membrane to [AS/NZS 2904](#).
- 0.5 mm pliable polyethylene to [AS/NZS 2904](#).
- Proprietary self-adhesive flexible flashing tape to [AS/NZS 2904](#).

2.5 DAMP-PROOF COURSE (DPC)

To [NZBC E2/AS1](#) either:

- 2 coats bitumen-based paint to [AS/NZS 2904](#).
- 1.0 mm min. bituminous sheet or heavy kraft strip laminate (saturated and coated with bitumen) to [AS/NZS 2904](#).
- 1.0 mm min. butyl rubber to [ASTM D6134](#).

2.6 DAMP-PROOF MEMBRANE (DPM)

0.25 mm min. polythene or polyethylene sheet to [AS/NZS 2904](#).

Components - general**2.7 SILLS**

Refer to SELECTIONS for type.

Components - standard brick veneer**2.8 LINTELS**

Steel lintel angles over openings to [AS/NZS 2699.3](#).

2.9 WALL TIES

To [AS/NZS 2699.1](#). Metal ties screw fixed to framing.

2.10 REINFORCEMENT

Galvanized wire joint reinforcement. Refer to SELECTIONS for type.

Accessories**2.11 SAND FOR MORTAR**

To [NZS 3103](#). Chloride levels not to exceed 0.04% by dry weight of sand.

2.12 MORTAR

Composed of Portland cement, sand and water with an admixture to the provisions of [NZS 4210: 2.2 Mortar](#). Obtain written approval of admixture being used. Obtain written approval if intending to use hydrated lime in the mortar.

2.13 ADMIXTURES

To [NZS 4210](#).

2.14 WATER

Clean, fresh and free from excess alkali, salt, silt and organic materials.

3 EXECUTION

Conditions

3.1 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

To [NZS 4210](#) for aggregates, cement, bricks and reinforcement.
Take delivery of materials and goods and store on site and protect from weather or damage.
Protect finished surfaces, edges and corners from damage.
Move/handle goods in accordance with manufacturer's requirements.
Reject and replace goods that are damaged or will not provide the required finish.

3.2 PRE-INSTALLATION / APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS - CONCRETE BASE

Check vertical and horizontal alignment. Any discrepancies exceeding the permitted tolerances shall be corrected before units are laid.

3.3 TIMBER FRAMING - STANDARD BRICK VENEER

Check timber framing stud spacing is in accordance with [NZS 3604](#).

3.4 PENETRATIONS

Confirm that exterior wall openings have been prepared ready for the installation of all window and door frames and other penetrations through the brick veneer. Required preparatory work includes the following:

- brick veneer wall underlay to openings finished and dressed off ready for the installation of window and door frames and other penetrations
- brick veneer neatly finished off to all sides of openings
- installation of flashings (those required to be installed prior to installation of penetrating elements).

3.5 MEASURE MATERIALS

Measure materials for mortar accurately by weight or volume using suitably calibrated equipment.

3.6 WET WEATHER

Keep bricks dry at all times prior to laying. Protect the top row of uncompleted brick walls. Protect freshly laid brickwork during interruption through rain and at completion of each day's work. Protect brickwork for a minimum of 6 hours.

3.7 COLD WEATHER CONSTRUCTION

When air temperature is below 5°C take the precautions required by [NZS 4210](#): 2.18 Cold weather construction.

3.8 HOT WEATHER CONSTRUCTION

When air temperature is above 25°C or there is a drying wind, or lower temperatures, take the precautions required by [NZS 4210](#): 2.19 Hot weather construction.

3.9 KEEP FACE WORK CLEAN

Keep clean during erection and until completion of the contract works. Turn back scaffold boards at night and during heavy rain. Do not rub face work to remove stains.

Installation - general

3.10 STANDARDS AND TOLERANCES

To [NZS 4210](#), table 2.2 Maximum tolerances.
Refer to the general section CONSTRUCTION for general requirements.

3.11 COLOUR MIXING

Check all bricks delivered to site for colour variation, prior to commencing work. Ensure bricks are thoroughly blended from several pallets to ensure an even colour spread throughout the work.

3.12 UNIFORMITY

Carry up work with no portion more than 1500 mm above another at any time, raking back between levels.

3.13 BONDING

Lay bricks to the required bonding in the various locations. Refer to SELECTIONS/drawings.

3.14 PROVIDE WEEPHOLES

Provide weepholes at the bottom of cavities and cells to [SNZ HB 4236](#) and [NZBC E2/AS1, 9.2.6, Cavities](#), and as necessary to drain moisture to the outside air. Provide vent gap at the top of the veneer.

3.15 INSTALL VERMIN PROOFING

Either:

- Proprietary plastic weephole vents built into open perpend.
- Fold and staple one edge of the mesh to the substrate, with the mesh sloping down towards the veneer. Set the other edge into the mortar joint by half the thickness of the veneer or 50 mm, whichever is less.

3.16 CAVITY VENTILATION

Ventilate to outside air with top and bottom openings to the requirements of [SNZ HB 4236](#) and [NZBC E2/AS1, 9.2.6, Cavities](#). Seal cavity off from roof space.

3.17 CAVITY BRICKWORK BELOW GROUND

Fill all cavities below finished grade with concrete. Place a continuous damp-proof course within the first three mortar joints above ground. Seal the face of all brickwork below ground.

3.18 FORM OPENINGS

Unless detailed otherwise form openings to typical details from BRANZ Masonry veneer - Good practice guide.

3.19 SEPARATION JOINTS

Provide for wall movements of veneer with control joints to [NZS 4210: 2.10 Methods of controlling wall movements](#). Weatherproof as necessary.

3.20 FORM REVEALS

Form lintels, jambs and sills as detailed complete with flashings and all ready for following work.

3.21 HEAD FLASHINGS

Provide a flexible flashing extending 200 mm beyond ends of the opening and sloping to weepholes over all openings in cavity walls, in accordance with [E2/AS1, 9.2.4, Flashings](#).

3.22 JAMB FLASHINGS

Provide a flexible flashing to jambs of openings in cavity walls, fully lapped with horizontal damp-proof courses at head and sill, in accordance with [E2/AS1, 9.2.4, Flashings](#).

3.23 SILL FLASHINGS

Provide a flexible flashing under jointed sills, turned up at back and ends, in accordance with [E2/AS1, 9.2.4, Flashings](#).

3.24 REBATE DAMP PROOFING

Provide damp-proof course to stepped rebates supporting brick veneer in accordance with [E2/AS1, 9.2.5, Foundation support and damp-proofing](#).

Installation - standard brick veneer

3.25 INSTALL LINTELS

Fit lintel angles to openings, sized to [NZBC E2/AS1, 9.2.9, Openings in masonry veneer Table 18E](#) and placed to [NZBC E2/AS1, 9.2.9, Openings in masonry veneer](#).

3.26 CAVITY WIDTH

No cavity width less than 40 mm or more than 75 mm.

3.27 PLACE WALL TIES

Place wall ties to: -

- [NZS 4210: 2.9.5 Tie anchorage, cover and fixing](#); and
- [NZS 4210: 2.9.6 Placing of ties](#)
- [NZS 4210: 2.9.7 Tie classification and spacing](#)
- [NZBC E2/AS1, 9.2.7, Wall ties](#), for requirements, spacing, embedment, placement and materials

At unsupported edges and at all openings through veneered walls or non-grouted cavity walls, wall ties to be provided:

At the top and bottom of the opening:

- Not more than 300 mm or 2 courses, whichever is the smaller

At the sides of the opening or at an unsupported edge:

- Not more than 300 mm
- Where the veneer wall continues above or is interrupted by a damp-proof course or waterproof membrane, wall ties shall be provided in each of the first two courses above the membrane.

Installation - ancillary work

3.28 BUILD IN FIXINGS

Build in necessary fixing bricks or blocks for trims.

3.29 BUILD IN ELEMENTS

Build in sills, copings, lintels, steps and other elements using mortar similar to that in adjacent walls.

3.30 BUILD IN DOORS AND WINDOWS

Build in door and window frames as the work proceeds and bed in mortar similar to that in adjacent work.

Completion

3.31 ROUTINE CLEANING

Carry out routine trade cleaning of this part of the work including periodic removal all debris, unused and temporary materials and elements from the site.

3.32 EFFLORESCENCE, WATER CLEANING

To remove deposits, brush with a stiff-bristle broom and take away brushings from the locality. Remove remaining deposit with a damp sponge. Wash wall thoroughly with a plentiful supply of clean water. Repeat this process every 4 weeks from appearance through to the completion of the contract works.

3.33 DEFECTIVE OR DAMAGED WORK

Repair damaged or marked elements. Replace damaged or marked elements where repair is not possible or will not be acceptable. Leave work to the standard required for following procedures.

3.34 PROTECTION

Provide the following temporary protection of the finished work:

~

4 SELECTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

Materials - general

4.1 VERMIN PROOFING

Location: ~
 Brand / type: ~ / ~
 Size: ~ mm
 Finish: ~

4.2 FLASHING - HEAD & SILL

Location: ~
 Brand / type: ~ / ~
 Width: ~ mm
 Thickness: ~ mm

4.3 FLASHING - JAMB

Location: ~
 Brand / type: ~ / ~
 Width: ~ mm
 Thickness: ~ mm

4.4 DAMP-PROOF COURSE (DPC)

Location: ~
 Brand / type: ~ / ~
 Width: ~ mm
 Thickness: ~ mm
 Application: ~

4.5 DAMP-PROOF MEMBRANE (DPM)

Location: ~
 Brand / type: ~ / polyethylene sheet
 Width: ~ mm
 Thickness: 0.25 mm

Materials - standard brick veneer

4.6 CLAY BRICKS FOR STANDARD BRICK VENEER SYSTEM

Brand: ~
 Size: ~ mm x ~ mm x ~ mm
 Laying pattern: stretcher bond
 Pointing: ~

Components - general

4.7 SILLS

Brand / type: ~ / ~
 Colour: ~

Components - standard brick veneer

4.8 STEEL LINTELS

Material / type: ~ / angle
 Size: ~ mm x ~ mm

4.9 WALL TIES

Brand / type: ~ / ~
 Material: ~

4.10 REINFORCEMENT

Brand / type: ~ / ~
 Material: ~

4311NZ COLORSTEEL® ROOFING

1 GENERAL

This section relates to **New Zealand Steel Limited** coated steel in a range of colours and grades for roofing material.

It includes;

- the supply and fixing of proprietary **COLORSTEEL®** finished rigid steel sheet metal profiled roofing complete with accessories.
- the supply and fixing of proprietary **Zincalume®** finished rigid steel sheet metal profiled roofing complete with accessories.
- the supply and fixing of proprietary **COLORSTEEL Altimate®** rigid aluminium sheet metal, **COLORSTEEL®** finish, profiled roofing complete with accessories.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to the drawings provided.

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

BMT	Base metal thickness
NZMRM	New Zealand Metal Roofing Manufacturers Inc
CoP	Code of Practice for Metal Roofing
MS	Modified silicone
LBP	Licensed Building Practitioner

Documents

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External Moisture
NZBC G12/AS1	Water Supplies
AS/NZS 1170.2:2011	Structural design actions - Wind actions
AS/NZS 2728	Prefinished/prepainted sheet metal products for interior/exterior building applications - Performance requirements
AS 1397	Continuous hot-dip metallic coated steel sheet and strip - Coatings of zinc and zinc alloyed with aluminium and magnesium
AS 3566	Self-drilling screws for the building and construction industries
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZMRM CoP	NZ Metal Roof and Wall Cladding Code of Practice

1.4 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents relating to this part of the work:

- **COLORSTEEL®** Installers Guide
- **COLORSTEEL Altimate®** Installers Guide
- **COLORSTEEL Altimate®** Design Guide
- Coloresteel Dridex Design Guide
- Coloresteel Dridex Installers Guide
- Incompatible Materials Bulletin
- New Zealand steel - Zincalume Brochure
- New Zealand steel - Residential Warranties, Environmental Categories, and Product Maintenance
- Particular rollformer/supplier product literature

Manufacturer/supplier contact details

Company:	New Zealand Steel Limited
Web:	www.colorsteel.co.nz
Telephone:	0800 100523
Rollformer:	~

Warranties

1.5 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:

Warranty period:	Product:	Type:
~ years	~ (product)	For paint
~ years	~ (product)	For perforation

Include a copy of the roofing manufacturers maintenance requirements with the warranty.

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.6 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:

5 years	For workmanship
---------	-----------------

- Provide this warranty on the installer/applicator standard form (if not available then use the standard form in the general section 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT)
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

Requirements

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS GENERALLY

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to qualifications.

1.8 QUALIFICATIONS WORKERS – MANUFACTURER / SUPPLIER REQUIREMENTS

Workers to be trained and accredited by New Zealand Steel Limited in the installation of COLORSTEEL® Dridex® roofing materials.

1.9 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified New Zealand Steel system, or associated components and products.

1.10 ACCEPTABLE PRODUCT/MATERIAL SUPPLIERS

Where a product or material supplier is named in SELECTIONS, the product/material must be provided by the named supplier. Where more than one named supplier, any one of the named suppliers will be acceptable.

Performance - Wind

1.11 DESIGN PARAMETERS - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

Building Wind Zone ~ (refer to [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4)

Refer to Manufacturer (product/material supplier) for "Wind Load Span Design Graphs" for fixing requirements.

1.12 FIXINGS, WIND

Design and use the fixings/fixing pattern appropriate for the wind design parameters, manufacturer requirements and [NZMRM CoP](#). Fixing pattern to also take into account fixing method and purlin spacings.

Performance - General

1.13 PERFORMANCE

The installed roof must comply with the performance requirements of B1 Structure, B2 Durability, E1 Surface Moisture, E2 External Moisture and any other relevant building clauses.

1.14 DRINKING WATER

Roofing for collecting potable water to [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

1.15 CO-ORDINATE

Co-ordinate to ensure substrate and preparatory work is complete and other work programmed in the order required for access and completion of the roof. Ensure that all necessary members are positioned so that flashings can be fastened at both edges through the roof profile or cladding to the primary structure.

2 PRODUCTS

Materials

- 2.1 PRE-FINISHED HOT-DIPPED ALUMINIUM/ZINC COATED STEEL - COLORSTEEL ENDURA®
Formable steel sheet, G550 for roll forming or G300 for flashings, coated to AS1397 AZ150 Grade. Complying with [AS/NZS 2728](#) to a class 4 standard.
- 2.2 PRE-FINISHED HOT-DIPPED ALUMINIUM/ZINC COATED STEEL - COLORSTEEL MAXX®
Formable steel sheet, G550 for roll forming or G300 for flashings, coated to AS1397 AZ200 Grade. Complying with AS/NZS2728 to a class 6 standard.

Fixings

- 2.3 FASTENERS GENERALLY
Fixings and fasteners are to be compatible with all materials and have a durability no less than the material being fastened.
- 2.4 FIXING CLIPS - TRAY PROFILES
Metallic coated steel to suit the material, profile metal and location as required by Manufacturer's (product/material supplier's) products. Fix to steel with 16mm x 10 gauge galvanized wafer head self-drilling screws and to timber with 30mm x 10 gauge galvanized wafer head screws.
- 2.5 FIXING SCREWS
To AS 3566. Screws appropriate to the roofing material and the supporting structure, as required by Manufacturer (product/material supplier) and with a minimum Class 4 durability and not less than the material being fixed. Screw lengths must be sufficient to allow 30mm penetration into structural timber or 3 threads penetration through steel structural members. Screw fasteners to be head stamped identifying the manufacturer and class. Refer to SELECTIONS.
- 2.6 LOAD SPREADING WASHERS
Use profiled, or embossed, load spreading washers when fixing COLORSTEEL Altimate™. Use load spreading profile washers with EPDM sealing washers for steel profiles where required for thermal expansion or to comply with design wind loads.
- 2.7 RIVETS
Sealed aluminium, minimum diameter 4.0mm.

Components

- 2.8 FLASHINGS GENERALLY
To E2/AS1, 4.0, **Flashings**.
Formable grade 0.55mm BMT for steel and 0.90mm for aluminium coated to the same standards as the profiled sheets, notched where across profile or provided with a soft edge.
- 2.9 FLASHINGS TO VERGE, RIDGE AND HIP
To E2/AS1, 4.0, **Flashings**.
Supplied by the roofing manufacturer to match or to suit the roofing in the same material as the roof. Soft edge flashings to be colour matched by manufacturer.
- 2.10 BOOT FLASHINGS
EPDM proprietary boot flashing designed to weatherproof cylindrical penetrations.

Accessories

- 2.11 WIRE NETTING AND SAFETY MESH
Refer to 4161 UNDERLAYS, FOIL AND DPC.
- 2.12 UNDERLAY AND REFLECTIVE FOIL

Refer to 4161 UNDERLAYS, FOIL AND DPC.

2.13 PLASTIC ROOFING

Refer to 4312 PROFILED PLASTIC ROOFING.

2.14 SEALANT

Neutral Curing silicone or MS polymer sealant as required by the roofing manufacturer and used as directed.

2.15 LAP SEALING TAPE

Closed cell self-adhesive nitrile tape.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 WORK SAFE

All installation to be conducted in accordance with [WorkSafe](#) Working at Heights recommendations and any site requirements

3.2 INSPECTION

Inspect the roof framing and supporting structure to ensure that it is complete and fully braced ready for roofing and free from any misalignments or protrusions that could adversely affect the roofing.

Ensure that all necessary members are positioned so that flashings can be fastened at both edges through the roof profile or cladding to the primary structure.

3.3 QUALIFICATIONS

All COLORSTEEL® products must be installed by a qualified building practitioner in accordance with NZ Steel literature, the New Zealand Metal Roof and Wall Cladding Code of Practice and good trade practice.

3.4 STORAGE

Take delivery of and accept packs of roofing undamaged on delivery. Reject all damaged material.

Store on a level firm base with packs well ventilated and completely protected from weather and damage. Do not allow moisture to build up between sheets. If sheet packs become wet, fillet or cross stack to allow air movement between the sheets before the onset of wet storage damage.

3.5 HANDLING

Do not drag sheets across each other or other materials. Avoid distortion and contact with damaging substances, including cement. Long lengths of roofing should be lifted onto the roof using an approved load spreading beam. Protect edges and surface finishes from damage. Use soft, flat sole shoes when fixing and for all other work on the roof. Walk along the purlin line whenever possible.

Do not use sunscreen containing Zinc Oxide or Titanium Dioxide as it may damage the paint coating in contact.

3.6 SEPARATION

Isolate dissimilar materials (metals and non-metals) in close proximity as necessary by fitting separator strips of compatible inert materials. Prevent wet contact between metals and treated timber and cement based materials. Do not use lead sheet or copper in contact with or allow water run-off onto painted or unpainted galvanized or aluminium/zinc coated steel. Do not allow contact with stainless steel materials or fixings.

Application

3.7 INSTALL INSULATION

Refer to Thermal Insulation sections.

3.8 FIX WIRE NETTING & SAFETY MESH

Refer to 4161 underlays, foil and DPC.

3.9 FIX UNDERLAY

Refer to 4161 underlays, foil and DPC.

3.10 SET-OUT

Carefully set out with consideration of the position of side laps to take account of the prevailing wind and line of sight. Ensure all sheets are square and oversailing the gutter true to line. Check during fixing to eliminate creep or spread and string lines along purlin centres to keep fastenings in line.

3.11 END LAPS

End laps in roofing sheets are not permitted, except where specifically detailed.

3.12 THERMAL MOVEMENT

Fixing and jointing to conform with the roofing manufacturer's requirements for thermal movement for selected profile.

3.13 FIXING GENERALLY

Install and fix in accordance with the [NZMRM CoP](#) recommendations and to roofing manufacturer's required fixing patterns and details. Use only screws as required by manufacturer. Paint colour matched fixings and accessories before installation.

3.14 MARKING AND CUTTING

Use ink pen, chalk line or coloured pencil for marking roof sheets prior to cutting. Do not use black lead pencils for marking aluminium/zinc coated products. Make all cuts cleanly to a marked straight line, cut by shear only, using nibblers or hand snips. Remove all cutting and drilling debris from the roof.

3.15 FIX SHEETS

Fix sheets in place using the fastening system required by the roofing manufacturer for specified profiles, using setting tools that do not unduly damage the head of the fasteners.

3.16 STOP ENDS AND DOWNTURNS

Form stop-ends at the upper end of all sheets. Form downturns at the gutter line where the roof pitch is less than 8 degrees using purpose made tools.

3.17 INSTALL FLASHINGS

Flash roof, including to parapets, walls and penetrations to detail. Transverse flashings to be installed on timber framing with a maximum moisture content of 18%. Where no detail is provided flash to [NZMRM CoP](#) recommendations and the roofing manufacturer's and [NZBC E2/AS1](#) requirements. Cut accurately and fix using sealant and rivets to detail to form a weatherproof cover. For highly visible flashings, plan joints/junction to take account of the aesthetic requirements.

3.18 USE OF SEALANTS

Apply sealant in two narrow beads transversely across flashing intersections, close to the two edges. Avoid exposing sealant on outside surfaces. Secure joint with rivets at 50mm centres.

3.19 FLASHING PENETRATIONS

Flash all penetrations through the roof according to design details. Fit pipe flashings with a proprietary collar flashing to manufacturer's requirements, with other penetrations flashed as detailed and to provide a weathertight installation. Ensure that flashings are set to avoid any ponding of water.

3.20 INSTALL RIDGING

Install ridging by fastening to the purlins through the leading edge of the roofing to manufacturer's requirements.

3.21 FLASHING TERMINATION

Terminate all visible flashing ends to provide a tidy and weathertight finish.

Completion & Commissioning

3.22 COMPLETION MATTERS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for completion requirements and if required commissioning requirements.

3.23 PROTECT

If scaffolding is to be erected above the roof, protect the roof surface from mechanical and chemical damage, and wet storage corrosion.

4 SELECTIONS

For further details on selections go to www.colorsteel.co.nz and to selected roofing manufacturer's website.

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4521 ALUMINIUM WINDOWS AND DOORS

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the manufacture, supply, and installation of:

- aluminium windows
- aluminium doors and frames
- hardware and furniture
- overhead glazing
- flashings

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to glazing sections for glass types

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS

SLS	Serviceability limit state
ULS	Ultimate limit state
WGANZ	Window & Glass Association NZ
PQAS	Powder Coating Quality Assurance System

Documents

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZBC F4/AS1	Safety from falling
NZBC H1/VM1	Energy efficiency
NZBC H1/AS1	Energy efficiency
AS/NZS 1170.2:2011	Structural design actions - Wind actions
NZS 1170.5	Structural design actions - Earthquake actions - New Zealand
AS/NZS 1580.108.1	Methods of test for paints and related materials - Determination of dry film thickness on metallic substrates - Non destructive methods
AS/NZS 1734	Aluminium and aluminium alloys - flat sheets, coiled sheet and plate
AS/NZS 1866	Aluminium and aluminium alloys - Extruded rod, bar, solid and hollow shapes
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
AS 3715	Metal finishing - Thermoset powder coatings for architectural applications
NZS 4211	Specification for performance of windows
NZS 4223.3	Glazing in buildings - Human impact safety requirements
AS/NZS 4680	Hot-dip galvanized (zinc) coatings on fabricated ferrous articles
AAMA 2603	Voluntary specification, performance requirements, and test procedures for pigmented organic coatings on aluminium extrusions and panels (with coil coating appendix)
AAMA 2604	Voluntary specification, performance requirements and test procedures for high performance organic coatings on aluminium extrusions and panels.
AAMA 2605	Voluntary specification, performance requirements and test procedures for superior performing organic coatings on aluminium extrusions and panels.
BS 3900	Methods of tests for paints, Part C5: Determination of film thickness
BRANZ BU 636	Protecting Glass From Damage

Window & Glass Association NZ (WGANZ) documents:

Window Installation Guide	Guide to Window Installation as described in E2/AS1 Amendment 7
PQAS	Powder Coating Quality Assurance System

SFA 3503-03 Anodic Oxide coatings on wrought aluminium for external architectural application (2005)

US Federal Specification:

TT-S-001543A Sealing compound, silicone rubber base (for caulking, sealing and glazing in buildings and other structures)

TT-S-00230C Sealing compound, elastomeric type, single component (for caulking, sealing and glazing in buildings and other structures)

Warranties

1.4 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER / SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:

5 years: For fabrication

Refer to the general section for the required form of 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT and details of when completed warranty must be submitted.

1.5 WARRANTY - INSTALLER / APPLICATOR

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:

2 years: For installation

- Provide this warranty in the installer/applicator standard form.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

Requirements

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS

Work to be carried out by trades people experienced, competent and familiar with the materials and techniques specified.

1.7 COMPLIANCE

Windows and doors to be manufactured and installed to [NZBC E2/AS1](#).

1.8 CERTIFICATION

Provide evidence of a certificate by a laboratory accredited by International Accreditation of New Zealand that the windows and doors offered comply with the requirements of [NZS 4211](#).

Performance

1.9 PERFORMANCE - WINDOWS AND DOORS

To [NZS 4211](#), including:

- deflection, opening sashes, air infiltration, water penetration, ultimate strength, torsional strength of sashes, marking.

Refer to SELECTIONS.

1.10 PERFORMANCE - STRUCTURAL/WEATHER-TIGHTNESS

The structural and weather-tight performance of the completed joinery, the glazing and infill panels is the responsibility of the window manufacturer.

Performance - Wind (design by contractor)

1.11 WIND - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

Design the installation to the wind zone parameters of [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4.

Refer to SELECTIONS for wind zone.

Finishes

1.12 CERTIFY COATINGS - POWDER COATING

Certify on request, compliance with this specification and support with control and sampling records.

Test for film thickness to BS 3900, part C5, method No. 4, using method (b) or to AS/NZ 1580.108.1 for certifying thickness and method (a) where any dispute arises as to the thickness provided.

The coating should be applied by an applicator who can certify that the coating has been applied in accordance with the specification.

2 PRODUCTS

Materials

2.1 WINDOWS

Refer to the drawings provided.

2.2 DOORS

Refer to the drawings provided.

2.3 ALUMINIUM EXTRUSIONS

Alloy designation to comply with [AS/NZS 1866](#). Branded and extruded for anodising or powder coating.

2.4 ALUMINIUM SHEET AND STRIP

Complying with [AS/NZS 1734](#) of suitable thickness. Rolled for anodising or powder coating.
Alloy designation: 5251 - H16 or 5005 - H16

2.5 GLASS

Refer to the glazing section for glass types and installation.

2.6 REVEALS - TIMBER PAINTED

Timber reveals for paint finish with all sides primed grooved for wall linings or flush finished for architraves.

2.7 REVEALS - ALUMINIUM

Aluminium reveals fitted to frame via thermal break.

2.8 FLASHINGS GENERALLY

To [NZBC E2/AS1](#), 9.1.10 **Windows and Doors**. Material, grade and colour of head flashings to match the window frames. Ensure that materials used for head, jamb and sill flashings are compatible with the window frame materials and fixings and cladding materials.

Components - for cavity systems

2.9 STANDARD CAVITY CLOSER

A perforated device constructed from either aluminium or PVC to close the cavity above the window or door unit, between the cladding and head flashing, to provide ventilation in accordance with [NZBC E2/AS1](#) to the spaces above the window or door.

2.10 SUPPORT BAR

[WGANZ](#) extruded aluminium support bar with built in drainage and ventilation to [NZBC E2/AS1](#), to provide continuous support to the window unit. Size to suit cladding type.

Components

2.11 GLAZING GASKETS

Thermoplastic rubber. Do not stretch glazing gaskets during installation. Measure and cut gaskets 5-10% over length before installation.

2.12 HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

Hinges, stays, catches, fasteners, latches, locks and furniture as offered by the window and door manufacturer. Refer to SELECTIONS for type and finish. Key alike all lockable window hardware able to be keyed alike.

2.13 SAFETY STAYS

Stainless steel non releasable restrictors to limit window opening to [NZBC F4/AS1](#), Section 2.0, **Opening windows**.

Sealants

2.14 STRUCTURAL SEALANT

Silicone chemically curing sealant specifically formulated and tested or approved equivalent with not less than a $\pm 40\%$ movement factor complying with US Federal Specification TT-S-001543A.

2.15 WEATHERING / INSTALLATION SEALANT

Building sealant used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for weather sealing aluminium frames to the cladding, complying with US Federal Specification TT-S-001543A, or a one-part polyurethane moisture curing, elastic joint sealant of medium modulus ($\pm 25\%$ movement) to US Federal Specification [TT-S-00230C](#).

2.16 FOAM TAPE

Foam tape to [NZBC E2/AS1](#), 9.1.10.7 **Closed cell foam tape**.

Finishes**2.17 POWDER COATED ALUMINIUM - HIGH-DURABILITY POLYESTER**

High-performance polyester powder coating in accordance with [WGANZ PQAS](#) , and AAMA 2604.

3 EXECUTION**Conditions - generally****3.1 DO NOT DELIVER**

Do not deliver to site any elements which cannot be unloaded immediately into suitable conditions of storage.

3.2 UNLOAD WINDOW JOINERY

Unload, handle and store elements in accordance with the window manufacturer's requirements.

3.3 AVOID DISTORTION

Avoid distortion of elements during transit, storage and handling.

3.4 PREVENT DAMAGE

Prevent prefinished surfaces rubbing together, and contact with mud, plaster and cement. Keep paper and cardboard wrappings dry.

3.5 PROPRIETARY ELEMENTS

Fix in accordance with the window manufacturer's requirements.

3.6 PROTECTIVE COVERINGS

Retain protective coverings and coatings to BRANZ BU 636 and keep in place during the fixing process. Provide protective coverings and coatings where required to prevent marking of surfaces visible in the completed work and to protect aluminium joinery from following trades. Remove protection on completion.

3.7 ADDITIONAL PROTECTION

Supply and fix additional protection as necessary to prevent marking of surfaces which will be visible on completed work.

Conditions - fixings and fastenings**3.8 SUPPLY OF FIXINGS**

Use only fixings and fastenings recommended by the manufacturer of the component being fixed and to comply with the ULS wind pressure stated in SELECTIONS. Ensure fixings and fastenings exposed to the weather are of aluminium, or Type 316 stainless steel or if not exposed to the weather may they be hot-dip galvanized steel with a coating weight of 610 g/m² complying with [AS/NZS 4680](#).

3.9 INSTALLATION FIXING

To [NZBC E2/AS1](#), 9.1.10.8, **Attachments for windows and doors**. Fix windows/doors through reveal to frame with a pair of 75 x 3.15mm minimum galvanised jolt head nails or a pair of 8 gauge x 65mm minimum stainless steel screws. Fix at a maximum of 450 centres along all reveals and a maximum of 150mm from reveal ends. Ensure fixings do not penetrate metal flashings. Install packers between reveals and framing at fixing points, except at the head.

Assembly**3.10 FABRICATION**

Fabricate frames as detailed on shop drawings. Install glazing, hinges, stays and running gear as scheduled. Provide temporary bracing and protection. Temporarily secure all opening elements for transportation.

3.11 TIMBER / PVC REVEALS

Before fixing to aluminium frames, ensure that timber reveals which are being painted have been primed on all surfaces.

3.12 HARDWARE GENERALLY

Factory fit all required and scheduled hardware. Account for all keys and deliver separately to the site manager.

3.13 SAFETY STAYS

Factory fit safety stays to all windows scheduled for safety stays and to all windows where safety stays are required to comply with [NZBC F4/AS1 4.0](#), Opening windows.

Installation - windows and doors

3.14 CORROSION PROTECTION

Before fixing, apply suitable barriers of bituminous coatings, stops or underlays between dissimilar metals in contact, or between aluminium in contact with concrete.

3.15 CONFIRM PREPARATION OF EXTERIOR WALL OPENINGS

Confirm that exterior wall openings have been prepared ready for the installation of all window and door frames. Do not proceed with the window and door installation until required preparatory work has been completed.

Required preparatory work includes the following:

- wall underlay/building wrap to openings finished and dressed off ready for the installation of window and door frames to [NZBC E2/AS1:9.1.5](#) **Wall underlays to wall openings**.
- Full height 20mm jamb battens to [NZBC E2/AS1](#) figure 72A (direct fix only)
- claddings neatly finished off to all sides of openings
- installation of flashings (those which are required to be installed prior to frames).

3.16 INSTALLATION

Fix to comply with the reviewed shop drawings and installation details including flashings and bedding compounds, pointing sealants and weathering sealants.

3.17 INSTALLATION CAVITY CONSTRUCTION

Install to [WGANZ Window Installation Guide](#) details and drawings including [WGANZ](#) sill support bars.

For thresholds with support bars fixed through membranes, pre-fill support bar screw holes with silicone sealant to [NZBC E2/AS1](#), figure 62(d).

3.18 INSTALL FLASHINGS

Install flashings to heads, jambs and sills of frames as supplied and required by the window manufacturer and as detailed on the drawings. Finish head flashings to match window finish.

Place all flashings so that the head flashing weathers the jamb flashings, which in turn weathers over the upstand of the sill flashing. Ensure that sill flashings drain to the outside air.

Except where window/door frames are recessed, ensure that head flashings over-sail unit by 20mm minimum plus any jamb scribe width at each end.

3.19 COMPLETE AIR SEAL

To [NZBC E2/AS1:9.1.6](#) Air seals. Form an air-tight seal by means of a proprietary expanding foam or sealants used with backing rods, applied between the window / door reveal and structural framing to a depth of 10 - 20mm, to provide a continuous air tight seal to the perimeter of the window or door.

3.20 FIX HARDWARE

Fix all sash and door hardware and furniture as scheduled.

Application - jointing and sealing

3.21 SEAL FRAMES ON SITE

Seal frames to each other and to adjoining structure and finishes, all as required by the window manufacturer and to make the installation weathertight. In very high and extra high or greater wind zones, seal between the window head and the head flashing. Do not seal the junction between the sill member and the cladding or sill flashing which must remain open.

3.22 PREPARE JOINTS

Ensure joints are dry. Remove loose material, dust and grease. Prepare joints in accordance with the sealant manufacturer's requirements, using required solvents and primers where necessary. Mask adjoining surfaces which would be difficult to clean if smeared with sealant.

3.23 BACK UP

When using back-up materials do not reduce depth of joint for sealant to less than the minimum required by the manufacturer of the sealant. Insert polyethylene rod or tape back-up behind joints being pointed with sealant.

3.24 SEALANT FINISH

Tool sealant to form a smooth fillet with a profile and dimensions required by the sealant manufacturer. Remove excess sealant from adjoining surfaces, using the cleaning materials nominated by the sealant manufacturer and leave clean.

Completion - cleaning

3.25 REMOVE TRADE DEBRIS

Remove trade debris by appropriate means on a floor by floor basis as each floor is completed and again before any work is covered up by others. Arrange for general removal.

3.26 TRADE CLEAN

Trade clean window frames, operable windows and doors, glass and other related surfaces inside and out at the time of installation to remove marks, dust and dirt, to enable a visual inspection of all surfaces.

Completion

3.27 PROTECTIVE COVERINGS

Retain protective coverings and coatings and keep in place during the fixing process. Provide protective coverings and coatings where required to prevent marking of surfaces visible in the completed work and to protect aluminium joinery from following trades.

3.28 SAFETY

Indicate the presence of transparent glasses for the remainder of the contract period, with whiting, tape or signs compatible with the glass type. Indicators other than whiting must not be applied to the glass surface. Masking tape must not be used for this purpose.

3.29 IN SITU TOUCH-UP TO POWDER COATED ALUMINIUM

In situ touch-up of polyester or fluoropolymer coated aluminium is only permitted only to minor surface scratching. Otherwise replace all damaged material.

3.30 REMOVE

At the appropriate stage of the project, remove safety indicators and protective coverings and wipe down all joinery thoroughly.

3.31 REPLACE

Replace damaged, cracked or marked elements.

4 SELECTIONS

4610 GLAZING RESIDENTIAL

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and fixing of glass products for external and internal joinery in residential type buildings and includes:

- windows and doors
- frameless shower and bath screens
- splashbacks, wall linings
- balustrade systems, pool fences
- mirrors and mirror frames

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to the drawings provided.

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

PVB	Polyvinyl Butyral
CIP	Cast in place

Documents

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B2/AS1	Durability
NZBC F4/AS1	Safety from falling
NZBC F9/AS1	Means of restricting access to residential pools
NZBC H1/AS1	Energy Efficiency
AS/NZS 1170.2: 2011	Structural design actions - Wind actions
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4211	Specification for performance of windows
NZS 4218	Thermal insulation - Housing and Small Buildings
NZS 4223.1	Glazing in buildings - Glass selection and glazing
NZS 4223.Supp1	Glazing in buildings - Supplement 1 to NZS 4223.1:2008 and NZS 4223.4:2008
NZS 4223.2	Glazing in buildings - Insulating glass units
NZS 4223.3	Glazing in buildings - Human impact safety requirements
NZS 4223.4	Glazing in buildings - Wind, dead, snow and live action
AS/NZS 2208	Safety glazing materials in buildings
AS/NZS 4666	Insulating glass units
BRANZ BU 636	Protecting Glass From Damage

Warranties

1.4 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Warrant glass under normal environmental and use conditions against failure of materials.

10 years:	for insulating glass units
10 years:	for laminated glass
10 years:	for toughened glass

Refer to the general section for the required form of 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT and details of when completed warranty must be submitted.

Performance

1.5 ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Provide glazing to meet the energy requirements of [NZS 4218](#) and [NZBC H1/AS1](#) for housing small buildings.

Refer to SELECTIONS and schedules for location and type of glazing.

2 PRODUCTS

Materials

2.1 CLEAR FLOAT GLASS

Clear ordinary annealed transparent float glass for general window glazing. Thickness to [NZS 4223.1](#) and [NZS 4223](#). Supp 1.

2.2 TEXTURED, PATTERNED OR OBSCURE GLASS

Translucent, annealed, rolled glass with a decorative pattern on one surface.

2.3 LAMINATED GLASS

Grade A Safety Glass to [AS/NZS 2208](#) with PVB or CIP resin interlayer.

2.4 TOUGHENED GLASS

Grade A Safety Glass to [AS/NZS 2208](#).

Heat soaked toughened glass to [NZS 4223.1](#), Appendix E required for critical areas. Refer to SELECTIONS.

2.5 TINTED FLOAT GLASS

Body tinted float glass.

2.6 INSULATING GLASS UNITS (IGU'S)

To [AS/NZS 4666](#), [NZS 4223.2](#) and the IGU Manufacturers Association (IGUMA) requirements. Marking to [NZS 4223.2](#) as modified by [NZBC B2/AS1](#), 3.5.

Refer to SELECTIONS for specified surfaces of the IGU.

Surface numbering order for glass panes in an IGU are #1, #2, #3, and #4 as follows:

- Surface #1 - outer face of exterior pane
- Surface #2 - cavity face of the exterior pane
- Surface #3 - cavity face of the interior pane
- Surface #4 - outer face of the interior pane

Materials, mirrors

2.7 SAFETY MIRROR GLASS

4mm, 5mm and 6mm annealed float glass mirror vinyl back safety glazing material to [AS/NZS 2208](#).

Materials, screens

2.8 GLASS SCREENS SHOWER & BATH

Proprietary shower / bath screens, formed to shape before toughening, complete with matching hardware.

Components, aluminium and uPVC glazing

2.9 GLAZING TAPE AND GASKETS

Single/double sided pressure sensitive self-adhesive low/medium/high density foam tapes/butyl tapes selected to suit the glazing detail to window manufacturers' requirements.

2.10 SETTING BLOCKS

Santoprene/Neoprene, 80-90 Shore A hardness, set at quarter points or to detail, to support the weight of glass panes.

Components, wall mounted glass (mirrors and splashbacks)

2.11 GLASS ADHESIVE

Adhesive mirror-mastic and double-sided adhesive tape.

2.12 MIRROR DE-MISTER

TBC with owner.

3 EXECUTION

Conditions

3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

To [NZS 4223.1](#), [NZS 4223.3](#), [NZS 4223.4](#). All external glazing to be wind and watertight on completion.

3.2 DELIVERY

Keep glass dry and clean during delivery and bring on to site when ready to glaze directly into place. Comply also with the storage requirements set out in BRANZ BU 636.

3.3 GLASS CONDITION

All glass to have undamaged edges and surfaces.

3.4 GLASS THICKNESS

If not specifically stated in the glazing schedule determine the minimum thickness of glass for each sheet as required by [NZS 4223.1](#), [NZS 4223.3](#), [NZS 4223.4](#) and [NZS 4223](#). Supp 1. For windows tested to [NZS 4211](#), ensure glass meets the requirements of the window testing. Determine the final glass thickness based on whether wind loading or human impact considerations govern.

3.5 REBATE DIMENSIONS

Provide rebates for glazing to the widths and depths necessary for each situation including minimum glass edge cover to [NZS 4223.1](#), Section 4 Glazing.

3.6 JOINTING, PUTTY AND SEALING MATERIAL COMPATIBILITY

Ensure jointing, putty and sealing materials are compatible with glass substrates. Confirm compatibility with laminated glass, IGUs and coatings.

Conditions - human impact safety requirements

3.7 SAFETY GLAZING, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Glazing of doors, side panels, low level and window seat glazing, bathrooms, stairwell landings and similar locations, to [NZS 4223.3](#) for thickness and maximum areas of safety glass.

3.8 SAFETY GLAZING MATERIAL

Use only safety glazing materials defined in [NZS 4223.3](#), that also comply with the relevant requirements of [AS/NZS 2208](#). Ensure material is permanently marked and if cut by the distributor or installer mark each piece to [NZS 4223.3](#), 2.8 Identification.

3.9 CONTAINMENT

Edge cover to comply with [NZS 4223.1](#), Section 4 Glazing, table 5. Otherwise to [NZS 4223.3](#), 2.3 Edge cover.

Assembly

3.10 WORKING OF GLASS

All working of glass as required in [NZS 4223.1](#).

3.11 EDGE WORK AND BEVELLING

Edgework other than a clean cut. Refer to SELECTIONS/drawings for type.

3.12 SURFACE TREATMENT

Refer to SELECTIONS/drawings for finish.

3.13 SURFACE CUTTING

Refer to SELECTIONS/drawings for finish.

3.14 INSTALL SAFETY GLASS

To [NZS 4223.3](#).

Application aluminium

3.15 INSTALL GLASS TO ALUMINIUM FRAMES

Install glass to NZS4223.1.

- Bead glaze to Section 4 Glazing.
- Channel glaze to Section 4 Glazing, and Section 5 for Framed, Unframed, Partly Framed Glass Assemblies.

Application - wall mounted glass (mirrors and splashbacks)**3.16 WALL MOUNTED GLASS, SCREW FIXED**

For mirrors and splashbacks, fix with proprietary zinc-plated steel countersunk-head screws, fitted with black neoprene washers with fine-threaded upstands to receive chrome plated dome screw covers.

3.17 WALL MOUNTED GLASS, ADHESIVE FIXED

For mirrors and splashbacks, fix with adhesive mirror-mastic and double-sided adhesive tape. Adhesive area 0.2 m² per 1 m² of glass to [NZS 4223.3](#).

Application miscellaneous**3.18 INSTALL GLASS BALUSTRADES**

Confirm/design and carry out installation to [NZS 4223.3](#), 22 Barriers (Balustrades, fences, and screens).
[NZBC F4/AS1](#): Safety from falling, 1.0 Barriers in buildings.

3.19 INSTALL GLASS SHOWER & BATH SCREENS

Install shower and bath screens and doors to manufacturer's requirements.

Finishing**3.20 SAFETY**

Indicate the presence of transparent glass for the remainder of the construction period, with whiting, tape or signs compatible with the glass type.

Completion**3.21 TRADE CLEAN**

Clean off or remove safety indicators at completion of the building.

3.22 REPLACE

Replace damaged, cracked or marked glass.

3.23 LEAVE

Leave work to the standard required by following procedures.

3.24 REMOVE

Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

4710 INSULATION

1 GENERAL

This section relates to materials installed, laid, hung or fitted as thermal and/or acoustic insulation.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to the drawings provided.
Refer to roofing sections for roofing underlays.

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

BIB	Building Insulation Blanket
EPS	Expanded polystyrene sheets

Documents

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC H1/AS1	Energy efficiency
AS/NZS 3000	Electrical installations
NZS 4218	Thermal insulation - Housing and small buildings
NZS 4246	Energy efficiency - Installing bulk thermal insulation in residential buildings
AS/NZS 4534	Zinc and zinc/aluminium-alloy coatings on steel wire
AS/NZS 60695.11.5	Fire hazard testing - Test flames - Needle-flame test method - Apparatus, conformity test arrangement and guidance
Health and Safety at Work Act 2015	

Warranties

Requirements

1.4 QUALIFICATIONS

Work to be carried out by trades people experienced, competent and familiar with the specified insulation materials and techniques specified.

2 PRODUCTS

Materials

2.1 GLASS FIBRE THERMAL BLANKET/ROLL

Glass fibres bonded with a thermosetting resin to form a flexible blanket roll.
NOTE: When insulation abutting or covering recessed downlights is intended to be in contact with IC, CA 80, CA 135 luminaires the insulation must withstand a 30s Needle Flame test to [AS/NZS 60695.11.5](#).

Components

2.2 NAILS

Galvanized steel clouts, 25mm gauge.

2.3 STAPLES

Stainless steel gauge and length to suit application and to manufacturer's requirements.

2.4 WIRE NETTING

Refer to 4161 UNDERLAYS, FOIL AND DPC for wire netting used to support the insulation.

2.5 PLASTIC STRAPPING TAPES

Proprietary plastic strapping tape, stapled over framing to retain insulation in unlined wall, ceiling and underfloor locations.

For drained cavities where stud spaces are greater than 450mm and only flexible underlay is used, strapping required to [NZBC E2/AS1 9.1.8.5](#) **Wall framing behind cavities**.

2.6 ADHESIVE TAPE

Adhesive tapes to compliment the underlay. Pressure sensitive aluminium foil tapes for joining foil insulation and vapour barriers.

3 EXECUTION

Conditions

3.1 DELIVERY

Keep insulation dry in transit. Take delivery of insulation dry and undamaged and store in a location that protects them from the weather and damage. Reject all damaged materials.

3.2 STORAGE

Accept materials undamaged and dry and store in a location that protects them from the weather and damage. Avoid distortion, stretching, puncturing and damage to edges of sheet materials. Do not use damaged sheets.

3.3 HANDLING

Wear protective clothing as necessary and when handling, avoid delamination or distortion of the rectangular form. Maintain full thickness unless compression is an installation system requirement.

3.4 HAZARD & RISK MANAGEMENT

To [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#) and take all safety precautions necessary to reduce potential hazards and risks.

3.5 INSPECTION

Before starting installation of blankets and pads, check that the location and framing are free from moisture, that the cavities are not interconnected and that mesh, wall underlay and vapour barriers are in place.

Application - general

3.6 INSTALL INSULATION - GENERAL

Lay, install, fit and fix to [NZBC H1/AS1: Energy efficiency, 2.0 Building thermal envelope](#), and to manufacturer's requirements. Install in housing to [NZS 4218](#) and [NZS 4246](#). Install in large buildings to [NZS 4243.1](#) and [NZS 4220](#). Allow insulation to re-loft/relax prior to installation. Do not cover vents. Allow a clear gap around metal flues as recommended by the fireplace manufacturer. Lift up electrical wires, lighting transformers/controllers and lay the insulation underneath.

3.7 RECESSED LIGHT FITTINGS - NON-RESIDENTIAL

Non-residential recessed light fittings to [AS/NZS 3000](#), 4.5.2.3.5;

- Existing fittings or retrofit situations, fittings maybe unmarked
- New fittings can only be labelled - CA 80, CA 90, CA 135, IC, IC-F, IC-4, NON-IC or Do-not Cover

Refer to clause INSULATION CLEARANCES GENERALLY for clearances.

3.8 CLEARANCE TO ROOFING UNDERLAY

Ensure a minimum 25mm clearance is maintained between the insulation and any non-rigid roofing underlay.

3.9 INSULATION CLEARANCES GENERALLY

Insulation may need to have a gap to some mechanical and electrical services and equipment, including ducts and chimneys. The gaps should be to the [NZS 4246](#) based tables below or to the equipment manufacturers requirements if they require larger gaps. Smaller gaps to manufacturers requirements can be used for equipment specifically manufactured with heat shielding or similar (excludes light fittings). Installed gap not to be more than 50mm bigger than the required gap.

The following tables are subject to:

- The requirements of [NZS 4246](#)
- The insulation is exposed to the source of heat or equipment etc.

- Insulation, has passed the needle flame test to [AS/NZS 60695.11.5](#) and/or is non-combustible
- Gaps to hot surfaces may have to be increased with non-compliant insulation and plastic/polymeric type insulation (EPS, XPS, PIR, etc), check with insulation manufacturer
- Gaps to hot surfaces may be able to be reduced with non-combustible insulation, check with equipment manufacturer
- "Secure insulation" if required means, glue, mechanical fix, or provide fixed barriers at gap edge of insulation to hold in place. Rigid or semi rigid insulation may only need a firm friction fit (secure loose pieces).
- Loose fill insulation will require fixed barriers to [NZS 4246](#) to maintain gaps

LIGHT FITTINGS

Type of fitting	Minimum insulation clearance	Comments
Recessed, marked NON-IC, or unmarked	100mm(increase if over 100W)	NON-IC fittings and new or old unmarked & unknown fittings, and/or insulation. Secure insulation.
Recessed, CA 80, CA 90 or CA 135	Abut fittings	Do NOT cover the fittings
Recessed, IC, IC-F or IC-4	Abut & cover fittings	Ensure insulation complies
Recessed, marked Do-Not-Cover	Manufacturers clearances	Do not cover the fittings
Independent control gear	Place on top of insulation & 50mm from fitting	If not on top allow 50mm clearance to insulation, do not cover. Includes, transformers, ballasts & drivers etc.
Surface fittings not exposed to insulation	Nil	Where surface fittings are isolated from insulation by appropriate linings. Excludes high heat fittings.
Surface fittings & exposed insulation	200mm	This is exposed insulation to any part of the exposed fitting & bulb/tube (e.g. exposed light in an unlined basement). Secure insulation.

INBUILT RECESSED HOT APPLIANCES

Appliance	Minimum insulation clearance	Comments
Electrical heaters	100mm	Clearance may be able to be reduced with non-combustible insulation. Secure insulation.
Gas appliance exposed flame	200mm	Clearance may be able to be reduced with non-combustible insulation or with specific details from the appliance manufacturer. Excludes uncommon appliances, refer NZS 4246 .
Gas appliance flues	75mm	Clearance may be able to be reduced with non-combustible insulation. Secure insulation. Excludes uncommon appliances refer NZS 4246 .
Oil-fired appliances and flues	230mm	Clearance may be able to be reduced with non-combustible insulation or with specific details from the appliance manufacturer. Secure insulation.
Open fireplace opening	200mm	Clearance may be able to be reduced with non-combustible insulation. Secure insulation.
Brick masonry chimneys	50mm	Clearance may be able to be reduced with non-combustible insulation. Secure insulation.
Metal chimneys & flues	75mm	Clearance may be able to be reduced with non-combustible insulation or with specific details from the appliance manufacturer. Secure insulation.

Solid fuel appliance	600mm	Clearance may be able to be reduced with non-combustible insulation or with specific details from the appliance manufacturer. Secure insulation.
Solid fuel appliance flue	600mm	Clearance may be able to be reduced with non-combustible insulation or with specific details from the appliance manufacturer. Secure insulation.

EXTRACTS, VENTS, PIPES & ROOF UNDERLAY

Application	Minimum insulation clearance	Comments
Ducted fan motors	50mm	Includes ducted rangehoods, extractors etc. Applies to the motor unit and electrical enclosures (not the ducts)
Ducted fan ducts	Abut	Excludes motor unit and electrical enclosures.
Unducted fan motors usually discharging to ceiling space	200mm	Includes unducted, rangehoods, extractors etc, discharging into roof space. To prevent debris falling into motor. Clearance may be able to be reduced, by providing a fixed barrier around the vent.
Passive vents (still in use)	200mm	To prevent debris falling through. Clearance may be able to be reduced, with more cohesive insulation, like some of the rigid plastic types or providing a fixed barrier around the vent.
Plumbing penetrations through floors	100mm	Keep gap between pipe penetration and floor insulation in case of leaks.
Roofing material/underlay	25mm	From underside of roofing or flexible roofing underlay, to prevent wicking

3.10 LAY WIRE NETTING - OVER PURLINS

Lay at right angles across the purlins with enough slack to allow insulation to retain its nominal thickness between. Tie edges of netting together with galvanized wire clips.

3.11 LAY WIRE NETTING - UNDER JOISTS / PURLINS

Lay at right angles across the rafters/roof joists (under purlins). Pull tight and fix.

3.12 LAY PLASTIC STRAPPING TAPE

Lay at right angles across the framing at a minimum of 300mm centres, staple tape to each framing member with stainless steel staples.

3.13 FIT GLASS FIBRE THERMAL INSULATING BLANKET

BIB application

- Lay blanket in the same direction and over the mesh/vapour barrier, firmly butting edges together. Carefully scribe cut blanket to maintain firmly butted edges and ends. Maintain full thickness of the blanket over the whole installation except where detailed otherwise.

Completion

3.14 CLEAN UP

Clean up as the work proceeds, so no spare offcuts or any other matter or item remain behind claddings or linings.

3.15 CHECK WALL WRAPS AND ROOF UNDERLAYS

Ensure these are dry, clean, undamaged and free of debris before being covered.

3.16 LEAVE

Leave work to the standard required by following procedures.

3.17 REMOVE

Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

5113EB ELEPHANT PLASTERBOARD LININGS

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply, fixing and jointing of **Elephant** plasterboard linings and accessories to timber and steel framed walls and ceilings to form:

- General wall and ceiling systems
- Bracing systems
- Wet Area systems
- Fire Rated systems
- Noise Control systems

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to ~ for ~.

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

FRR	Fire Resistance Rating
STC	Sound Transmission Class
IIC	Impact Insulation Class
AWCINZ	Association of Wall and Ceiling Industries of New Zealand Inc

Documents

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

- [AS/NZS 1170](#) Structural design actions
- AS 1397 Steel sheet and strip - hot-dip, zinc-coated, or aluminium/zinc-coated
- [AS/NZS 2588](#) Gypsum plasterboard
- [AS/NZS 2589](#) Gypsum linings - Application and finishing
- NZS 3404 (1997) Steel Structures Standard
- [NZS 3604](#) Timber-framed buildings
- [AS/NZS 4600](#) Cold-formed steel structures

BRANZ technical paper P21: A wall bracing test and evaluation procedure

1.4 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents relating to this part of the work:

- Elephant Plasterboard Installation Guide
- Elephant Plasterboard QuickBrace Systems Manual
- Elephant Plasterboard Noise Control Systems Manual
- Elephant Plasterboard Wet Area Systems Manual
- Elephant Plasterboard Fire Rated Systems Manual
- Elephant Plasterboard & Fibre Cement Fire Rated Systems Manual

Manufacturer/supplier contact details

Company:	Elephant Plasterboard NZ Ltd
Web:	www.elephantplasterboard.co.nz
Email:	info@elephantpb.co.nz
Telephone:	0800 ELEPHANT (0800 353 742)

Warranties

1.5 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:

~ years For ~

- Provide this warranty on the installer/applicator standard form (if not available then use the standard form in the general section 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT)
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

Requirements

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS GENERALLY

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to qualifications. Submit evidence of experience on request. Acceptable evidence of experience includes:

- National Certificate of Interior Systems
- Contractor membership of the AWCINZ

1.7 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any of the specified systems, components and associated products listed in this section.

Compliance information

1.8 INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Provide the following compliance documentation: -

- Applicators approval certificate from the manufacturer / importer / distributor
- Manufacturer / supplier warranty
- Installer / applicator warranty
- Producer Statement - Construction from the applicator / installer
- Producer Statement - Construction Review from an acceptable suitably qualified person
- Other information required by the BCA in the Building Consent Approval documents.

Performance - General

1.9 BRACING REQUIREMENTS

Provide braced wall systems using the latest Elephant QuickBrace Systems Manual to meet the requirements of [NZS 3604](#) when tested in accordance with BRANZ technical Paper P21.

Quality control and assurance

1.10 INSPECTIONS

Allow for the inspection of the finished plasterboard surface.

2 PRODUCTS

Materials

2.1 ELEPHANT PLASTERBOARD

Gypsum plaster core encased in a durable face and backing paper formed for standard and specialised use to [AS/NZS 2588](#).

Elephant Standard:	High quality surface plasterboard
Elephant Standard-Plus:	Fire rated and ceiling span 600mm
Elephant AquaSmart:	Wet area plasterboard
Elephant MultiSmart:	Bracing / Noise Control And Fire
Elephant FireSmart	Fire resistant plasterboard

Components

2.2 COMPONENTS

All components to AS/NZS2589.

2.3 CEILING BATTENS

Galvanized steel (zinc coating) battens and matching perimeter channels for use with plasterboard and gypsum ceiling and wall linings.

- 2.4 **SCREWS**
Drywall screws.
- 2.5 **NAILS**
Gold passivated drywall clout 30mm, 40mm.
- 2.6 **METAL ANGLE TRIMS**
Form from galvanized steel of a coating class not less than ZM275 to AS 1397.
- 2.7 **CONTROL JOINT**
Proprietary control joints.
- 2.8 **TAPE ON TRIMS AND EDGES**
Tape-on paper tape and galvanized steel trims and edges.

Accessories

- 2.9 **ACCESSORIES**
All accessories to [AS/NZS 2589](#).
- 2.10 **ADHESIVE**
Timber frame: Drywall adhesive - water based
Timber frame LOSP Treated: Drywall adhesive - solvent based
Steel frame: Drywall adhesive - solvent based
- 2.11 **JOINTING COMPOUNDS**
Bedding compound
Finishing compound
- 2.12 **JOINTING TAPE**
Paper jointing tape.
- 2.13 **EDGE OR CORNER TRIMS**
Proprietary edge and corner trims, tape on or metal for non-standard edges and corners.
- 2.14 **ACOUSTIC SEALANT**
Water based highly flexible fire-retardant acoustic sealant.

3 EXECUTION

Conditions

- 3.1 **DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING OF PRODUCTS**
Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to delivery, storage and handling of products.
- 3.2 **ROUTINE MATTERS**
Refer to 1250 TEMPORARY WORKS & SERVICES for protection requirements.
Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to defective or damaged work, removal of protection and cleaning.
- 3.3 **SUBSTRATE**
Do not commence work until the substrate is plumb, level and to the standard required by [AS/NZS 2589](#). Refer to Elephant Plasterboard Installation Manual.

Installation/application

- 3.4 **LEVELS OF FINISH**
Provide the scheduled plasterboard surfaces to the levels of finish specified in [AS/NZS 2589](#).
- 3.5 **LEVELS OF FINISH ACCEPTANCE**

Before commencing work, agree in writing upon the surface finish assessment procedure necessary to ensure that the levels of finish specified, along with the effect of the type and/or angle of illumination on them, are obtained and are acceptable.

Do not apply decorative treatment until it is agreed in writing by the contractor, subcontractors and decorator that the specified plasterboard Level of finish has been achieved.

3.6 TIMBER FRAME MOISTURE CONTENT

Allowable moisture content for:

Framing at lining: 12% - 18% for plasterboard linings

Ceiling - Timber 12% - 16% for plasterboard linings

Battens:

Application - fixing

3.7 INSTALL CEILING BATTENS

Install in accordance with the metal batten manufacturer's requirements.

3.8 LINE CEILINGS AND WALLS

Line ceilings and walls with the various sheets and fix to the Elephant Plasterboard Installation Guides details and requirements, and to [AS/NZS 2589](#) Ensure bulk insulation thickness does not exceed that of the wall framing.

3.9 BOARD ORIENTATION

Minimise joints by careful sheet layout using the largest sheet sizes possible, and generally fixing horizontally. Where part sheets are required for various stud heights, they should be positioned so the cut sheet is as low as possible to keep joints below eye level.

3.10 END BUTT JOINTS, CEILINGS

When end butt joints are unavoidable, locate staggered off the framing, back block, fix and stop to the Elephant Plasterboard details and requirements.

3.11 BRACING SYSTEMS

Form to Elephant QuickBrace Systems Manual.

3.12 WET AREA SYSTEMS

Line walls in accordance with the Elephant Plasterboard requirements. Refer to Elephant Plasterboard Wet Area Manual.

3.13 INSTALL TAPE ON TRIMS

Install tape to Elephant Plasterboard requirements.

3.14 INSTALL EDGE OR CORNER TRIMS

Install proprietary edge and corner trims to manufacturer's requirements.

3.15 FINISHING GENERALLY

To Elephant Plasterboard Installation Guide and [AS/NZS 2589](#).

Completion & Commissioning

3.16 COMPLETION MATTERS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for completion requirements and if required commissioning requirements.

4 SELECTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

5230 INTERIOR DOORS

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and installation of interior doors.

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

Refer to glazing section/s for glass type and thickness.

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

[NZS 3602](#) Timber and wood-based products for use in building
[NZS 3610](#) Specification form profiles of mouldings and joinery

1.3 MANUFACTURER'S DOCUMENTS

Doors to be confirmed on site.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 TIMBER

To [NZS 3602](#).

2.2 PROFILES, FACINGS, SCRIBERS AND ARCHITRAVES

Traditional profiles to [NZS 3610](#). Proprietary profiles and special profiles as detailed. Pencil radius corners of profiled schedules for paint finish.

2.3 DOORS, PAINTED

Doors as scheduled (without clashing strips).

2.4 DOOR HINGES

Size and gauge to carry door. 3 hinges per door.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 SITE MEASURE

Confirm framed openings on site for dimension, plumb and straightness prior to fabrication or ordering of timber joinery. Confirm lintel head and sill deflection for sliding or bi-fold door systems is within the manufacturer's specified tolerances. Provide not less than 10mm unless otherwise required.

3.2 EXECUTION GENERALLY

Manufacture to the methods, practices and processes contained in the unit standards for the National Certificate in Carpentry and the National Certificate in Joinery (cabinetry, exterior joinery, stairs).

3.3 FACTORY FIT HARDWARE

Factory fit the following where specified: -

- Hinges

3.4 FACTORY FINISHING

Before delivery to site: -

- Brace square and provide protection to assemblies during delivery to site. Where factory glazed, indicate the presence of transparent glasses with whiting, tape or signs compatible with the glass type.

Internal doors

3.5 INTERNAL JOINERY FRAMES

Fabricate as detailed. Wedge and rigidly fix in place without distortion, plumb, and true to line and face. Pre drill for fixings through frame. Countersink and plug frames scheduled for clear finish.

3.6 DOOR FRAMES, SOLID REBATED

Fabricate as detailed. Hang doors to operate freely on hinges, sliding, or bi-fold gear and to the door manufacturer's requirements. Pre drill for fixings through frame. Countersink and plug frames scheduled for clear finish. Fit hardware.

3.7 DOOR LINERS

Heads and jambs finished minimum 18mm, with 10mm planted door stops. Width to match width of lined walls. Hang doors on hinges, sliding, or sliding-folding gear to the door manufacturer's requirements and to operate freely. Countersink and plug frames scheduled for clear finish. Fit hardware.

3.8 DOOR LINERS, EXTENDED

Heads and jambs finished 30mm, rebated for wall linings and extended a minimum of 10mm. 10mm planted door stops. Hang doors on hinges, sliding and bi-fold gear to the door manufacturer's requirements and to operate freely. Countersink and plug frames scheduled for clear finish. Fit hardware.

Completion

3.9 CHECK

Check and adjust operation of all sashes, doors, hardware and furniture.

3.10 TEMPORARY PROTECTION

On completion remove any temporary protection and leave ready for following work.

4 SELECTIONS

6511 CARPETING

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and installation of carpet laid conventionally (stretched), direct stuck or double bonded (double direct stuck).

It includes:

- carpet underlay
- woven sheet carpet

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to the drawings provided

Documents

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC C/AS2	Protection from fire
AS/NZS 2270	Plywood and blockboard for interior use
AS/NZS 2455.1	Textile floor coverings - Installation practice - General

Warranties

1.3 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:

1 year: For materials

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.4 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:

1 year: For execution

- Provide this warranty on the installer/applicator standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

Requirements

1.5 QUALIFICATIONS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to qualifications.

1.6 ACCEPTABLE PRODUCT/MATERIAL SUPPLIERS

Where a product or material supplier is named in SELECTIONS, the product/material must be provided by the named supplier. Where more than one named supplier, any one of the named suppliers will be acceptable.

1.7 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any of the specified systems, components and associated products listed in this section.

2 PRODUCTS

Materials

2.1 UNDERLAY

To [AS/NZS 2455.1](#) Soft underlay and underlays manufacturer's requirements.

Refer to SELECTIONS for product selection.

2.2 CARPET

To [AS/NZS 2455.1](#) Textile floor coverings.
Refer to SELECTIONS for product selection.

Components

2.3 BINDER BARS

Anodised aluminium section with fluted face.

2.4 DIVIDER STRIPS

Hardwood strips 20mm x 15mm or as specified. Refer to SELECTIONS for type and size.

2.5 EDGE GRIPPER

Timber/plywood to [AS/NZS 2270](#) with steel grippers to carpet manufacturer's requirements, constructed of sufficient pins and nails so as to withstand a minimum stretching force of 6580N over a 1220 mm length.

Accessories

2.6 TAPE

To carpet manufacturer's requirements.

3 EXECUTION

Conditions

3.1 DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING OF PRODUCTS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to delivery, storage and handling of products.

Handle carpet on flat dollies using carpet cradles, with probes on fork- lifts and without sharp bending or folding. Store carpet in flat bins with a maximum height of three rows. Keep dry. Protect from damage.

3.2 ROUTINE MATTERS

Refer to 1250 TEMPORARY WORKS & SERVICES for protection requirements.
Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to defective or damaged work, removal of protection and cleaning.

3.3 PRE-INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

Check work previously carried out and confirm it is of the required standard for this part of the work. Ensure all fittings and fixtures around which the carpet is to be scribed are in place. Carry out such additional preparatory work as required in bringing the substrate to suitable condition.

Confirm moisture content of substrate in accordance with [AS/NZS 2455.1](#). Appendix B Do not commence laying carpet until readings for the whole area are within acceptable levels as follows:

Moisture Content:	Timber substrate
	- 8 -12% for air conditioned buildings
	- 10 -14% for intermittently heated buildings
	- 12 -16% for unheated buildings
	Concrete substrate 75%RH

3.4 BEFORE COMMENCING WORK

Ensure that the building is enclosed, wet work complete, doors hung and lockable, finishes and trim complete, and good lighting available, before starting work.

3.5 TEMPERATURE

Acclimatise carpet to a room temperature above 15°C through the whole of the installation.

3.6 PROTECTION

Protect adjoining work surfaces and finishes during the carpet installation.

3.7 TAPE

Tape for binding and seaming using type and width required by the carpet manufacturer to suit the specified carpet and the standard of performance required.

3.8 LAYING GENERALLY

Carry out the whole of the work to [AS/NZS 2455.1](#) and to the flooring manufacturer's requirements.

3.9 LAYOUT

Plan the general layout so that:

- seams run lengthways
- traffic runs along the seam
- light from windows is not across the seam
- pile faces away from the light source.

Application - general / substrate preparation**3.10 STANDARDS AND TOLERANCES**

Refer to the general section 1270 CONSTRUCTION for general requirements.

3.11 PREPARING NEW CONCRETE FLOOR

To be level, smooth, clean, cured and dry. Remove loose material and dust.

Application - carpet laying**3.12 INSTALLATION, UNDERLAY**

Installation to underlay manufacturer's requirements. Lay at right angles to the carpet direction.

3.13 INSTALLATION, CONVENTIONAL SYSTEM

Tape carpet joints, fix grippers to floor and install underlay and carpet to [AS/NZS 2455.1](#), section 3. Stretch carpet tight in both width and length evenly without bowing, square with walls.

3.14 FIXING TRIMS

Fix binder bars, carpet to carpet bars, and trims to all junctions with other materials and to carpet edges, to the carpet manufacturer's requirements. Ensure that junctions with other materials are neatly formed, with bars and trim securely fastened to the substrate, 20mm from each end and at a maximum of 100mm centres.

Completion**3.15 PROTECTION**

Provide the following temporary protection of the finished work:

~

3.16 SPECIAL PROTECTION

Self Adhesive carpet protective film: ~

4 SELECTIONS

6700 PAINTING GENERAL

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the general matters related to painting work

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to 6711 PAINTING EXTERIOR for exterior paint systems.
Refer to 6721 PAINTING INTERIOR for interior paint systems.

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations are used throughout this part of the specification:

APAS	Australian Paint Approval Scheme
MPNZA	Master Painters New Zealand Association Inc.
VOC	Volatile organic compound

Documents

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC C/AS2	Protection from fire
AS/NZS 2311	Guide to the painting of buildings
AS/NZS 2312.1	Guide to the protection of structural steel against exterior atmospheric corrosion by the use of protective coatings - Paint Coatings
AS/NZS 5131	Structural steelwork - Fabrication and erection
AS/NZS ISO 9001	Quality management systems - requirements
SNZ TS 3404	Durability requirements for steel structures and components
WorkSafe	Guidelines for the provision of facilities and general safety in the construction industry
WorkSafe	Guidelines for the management of lead-based paint
MPNZA	Specification manual
MPNZA	Health and Safety Programme
Health and Safety at Work Act 2015	

1.4 MANUFACTURER'S DOCUMENTS

Owner to discuss with Main Contractor.

Requirements

1.5 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified manufacturer's system, or associated components and products.

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS

Painters to be a member of MPNZA and experienced competent workers, familiar with the materials and the techniques specified.

1.7 HEALTH AND SAFETY

Refer to the requirements of the [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#) and [WorkSafe: Guidelines for the provision of facilities and general safety in the construction industry](#). If the elimination or isolation of potential hazards is not possible then minimise hazards in this work on site by using the proper equipment and techniques as required in the MPNZA Health and Safety Programme. Supply protective clothing and equipment. Inform employees and others on site of the hazards and put in place procedures for dealing with emergencies.

Refer to [WorkSafe: Guidelines for the management of lead-based paint](#) for the required procedures and precautions when:

- treating/removing lead-based paint
- burning off paint
- sanding off paint

- using solvent based paint removers.

1.8 MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Obtain from each paint manufacturer the material safety sheet for each product used. Keep sheets on site and comply with the required safety procedures.

Warranties

1.9 WARRANTY

Warrant this work under normal environmental and use conditions against failure.

2 years: Warranty period

Refer to the general section 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT for the required format and details of when completed warranty must be submitted.

Performance

1.10 MANUFACTURER'S INSPECTION

Allow the paint manufacturers to inspect the work in progress and to take samples of their products from site if requested.

1.11 INSPECTION OF WORK

Inspection of the whole of the work at each of the stages scheduled may be made. Agree a programme that will facilitate such inspection, including notification when each part and stage of the work is ready for inspection.

2 PRODUCTS

Materials

2.1 PAINT TYPES

Use the manufacturer's complete system and only the products specified.

2.2 MATERIALS GENERALLY

Use only the Manufacturer's products which are guaranteed for their consistency and performance under [AS/NZS ISO 9001](#) and APAS approval, prepared, mixed and applied as directed in the Manufacturer's specification sheets, specification manuals and product data sheets.

2.3 THINNERS AND ADDITIVES

Only use thinners or additives within the stated limits for the particular situations specified.

Accessories

2.4 FILLERS

For recommendations on; fillers, stopping, paint strippers, cleaning agents, etching solutions, mould inhibitors, rust inhibitors, knotting and other commodities used for the surface preparation, refer to the manufacturer of the specified coating.

3 EXECUTION

Conditions

3.1 EXECUTION

To conform to manufacturer's requirements and those methods, practices and techniques contained in [AS/NZS 2311](#), the MPNZA Specification manual, and [WorkSafe: Guidelines for the provision of facilities and general safety in the construction industry](#).

3.2 PREPARE

Prepare surfaces to the coating manufacturer's requirements.

3.3 COATED SURFACES

Ensure that substrate surfaces are able to achieve the specified finish.

3.4 PRE-PRIMED SURFACES

Sand down any breakdown or damage of the primer to a sound surface and immediately re-prime.

3.5 BRUSH DOWN

Brush down surfaces immediately before application, to remove dust, dirt and loose material.

3.6 COMPATIBILITY

Check that materials are as required by the paint manufacturers for the particular surface and conditions of exposure, and that they are compatible with each other. Use paint from the same manufacturer for each paint system. If not compatible, obtain instructions before proceeding.

3.7 TREATED SURFACES

Where surfaces have been treated with preservatives or fire retardants, check with the treatment manufacturer that coating materials are compatible with the treatment and do not inhibit its performance. If they are not compatible, obtain instructions before proceeding.

3.8 BACK PAINTING

Co-ordinate with cladding and/or lining installer as to who will do the work and timing.

Exterior

For exterior cladding and trim that require on site finishing, paint the back and exposed bottom edges at the base of the cladding (generally, bottom plate overhang and horizontal flashings) to the manufacturer's requirements, but at least to 150mm up from base. Coating to match front finish, generally apply 2 coats or 1 coat if pre-primed.

Refer to appropriate exterior paint sections SELECTION clauses for claddings to be back painted.

Interior

For lining and trim that require on site finishing and/or back painting (usually wet areas), paint the back and exposed bottom edges at the base of the lining, to the manufacturer's requirements, but at least to 150mm up from base. Coating to match front finish, generally apply 2 coats or 1 coat if pre-primed, or if no front finish seal to manufacturer's requirements.

Refer to appropriate interior paint sections SELECTION clauses for linings to be back painted.

3.9 ANCILLARY SURFACES

The coatings listed in schedules and elsewhere are of necessity simplified. Coat ancillary exposed surfaces to match similar or adjacent materials or areas, except where a fair-faced natural finish is required or items are completely prefinished. In cases of doubt obtain instructions before proceeding.

3.10 HARDWARE

Do not paint hinges or hardware that cannot be removed. If items can be removed, carefully remove hardware, fixtures and fittings before commencing work. Set aside where they cannot be damaged or misplaced and replace on completion.

3.11 PROTECTION

Use dropsheets, coverings and masking necessary to protect adjoining fixtures, fittings and spaces from paint drops, spots, spray and damage.

Preparation - unpainted and pre-primed timber and wood based products

3.12 MOISTURE CONTENT

Ensure moisture content at the time of application is near to the equilibrium moisture content pertaining to the particular locality in which the timber is used, without any excessive moisture content gradient between core and surface.

3.13 PREPARING DRESSED TIMBER

Ensure dressed timber is smooth, free from raised or woolly grain, planing burrs or other machining defects. Slightly round or ease sharp edges to ensure they can be properly coated. Sand timber to bring up to a smooth finish along the direction of the grain. Sand timber back to new condition timber that has been weathered.

3.14 PREPARING ROUGH SAWN TIMBER

Thoroughly brush along the direction of the grain to remove dust and dirt.

3.15 PREPARING PRE-PRIMED TIMBER

Check pre-prime coat for damage, powdering, weathering or loss of adhesion. Where primer is sound, thoroughly brush along the direction of the grain to remove dust and dirt. If there is doubt, sand back and re-prime.

3.16 TIMBER SPECIES

Check that the preparation and paint system is suitable for the timber species.

3.17 PREPARING DAMAGE AND DEFECTS

Scrape clean loose or soft material holes, depressions, resin or gum pockets, knot holes, surface splits, checks, or any localised decay. Apply primer and/or sealer specified and fill these areas with linseed oil putty or other appropriate filler.

3.18 FIXINGS

Take timber fixings below the painted or clear finished surface. Leave corrosion resistant timber fixings flush with clear finished surfaces.

3.19 CLEANING

Remove grease and oil by wiping down with solvent or water-based degreasing agent. Remove resin by wiping down with solvent or water-based degreasing agent or heating and scraping. Remove sanding dust. Bad staining may be untreatable and require replacement of timber, discuss with paint manufacturer and main contractor.

Preparation - unpainted metal

3.20 PREPARING STEEL

All steel to [AS/NZS 2312.1](#) and structural steel also to [SNZ TS 3404](#). Remove loose rust and mill scale by hand-tool or power-tool cleaning. Remove more adherent rust and scale by abrasive blast cleaning or pickling. Use chemical pre-treatment to remove the last traces of rust and to inhibit rust formation.

3.21 PREPARING ZINC AND ALUMINIUM-ZINC ALLOY COATED STEEL

Remove grease, oil and other solvent soluble contaminants by wiping and/or brushing with mineral turpentine or white spirit. Wipe with a clean solvent. Allow to dry and proceed immediately with the next operation.

3.22 PREPARING ALUMINIUM

Remove grease, oil and dust by wiping and/or brushing with mineral turpentine or white spirit. Wash thoroughly using water with a few drops of detergent, then wash with clean water. Allow to dry and proceed immediately with the next operation.

Preparation - unpainted masonry

3.23 PREPARING BRICKS

Remove loose dirt, sand, aggregate and mortar by brushing down or blocking-off surface with a flat stone, hose with clean water. Fill holes with mortar/acrylic based filler. Remove efflorescence by dry brushing with a stiff bristle brush. Brickwork that has been acid cleaned shall have the pH tested to ensure it is neutralized before painting.

3.24 PREPARING CONCRETE

Remove grease and formwork oil with solvent or water and household detergent. Wash with clean water and allow to dry. Fill unwanted holes with cement grouting and allow to cure. Remove loose surface material and surface projections with a flat stone. Roughen slightly dense or glazed surfaces with light (30 mesh) sandblasting, rubbing with coarse abrasive stones, or by wetting the surface and treating with 10% commercial hydrochloric acid solution. Allow to react for 5 minutes, scour surface with a stiff bristle brush, wash off with clean water and allow to dry. Remove efflorescence by dry brushing or by wetting the surface and treating with 10% commercial hydrochloric acid solution as above.

Remove dust and dirt by brushing, air blast, hosing, or scrubbing as may be necessary.

3.25 PREPARING CEMENT PLASTER

Ensure surface is adequately cured and dry. Treat mould with one part sodium hypochlorite household bleach to three parts clean water solution or a proprietary anti-mould solution, and allow to dry. Remove efflorescence by brushing only.

3.26 PREPARING CONCRETE MASONRY

Remove loose dirt, sand, aggregate and mortar by brushing down or blocking-off the surface with a flat stone or hardwood block. Fill holes with mortar or acrylic based filler. Treat mould with one part sodium hypochlorite household bleach to three parts clean water solution, or a proprietary anti-mould solution, and allow to dry.

Remove efflorescence by dry brushing or by wetting the surface and treating with 10% commercial hydrochloric acid solution. Allow to react for 5 minutes, scour the surface with a stiff bristle brush, wash off with clean water and allow to dry.

Remove dust and dirt by brushing, air blast, hosing or scrubbing.

Preparation - gypsum plaster

3.27 PREPARING GYPSUM PLASTER

Fill and sand small crevices and cracks. Surface moisture content not to exceed 12% at time of coating.

Preparation - unpainted linings

3.28 PREPARING FIBROUS PLASTER

Check for and remove release agents and other contaminants by washing with clean water or solvent and allow to dry. Fill cracks and surface imperfections with patching plaster and lightly sand smooth. Remove dust.

3.29 PREPARING PLASTERBOARD

Check that joints are prepared to a smooth level surface finish. Fill cracks and surface imperfections with the sheet manufacturer's required stopping compound and lightly sand smooth. Remove dust.

Preparation - painted surfaces generally

3.30 SURFACE PREPARATION

Refer to the Manufacturer's specification sheets and product data sheets. Carry out the preparatory work required by them for each of the substrates.

For interior surfaces such as paper faced plasterboard use the Manufacturer's recommended finishing compound as an aid to achieving a Level 5 finish.

3.31 MOULD

Sterilise surface mould by washing or sponging the whole surface with a one part sodium hypochlorite household bleach to three parts clean water solution. Allow bleach to act for 30 minutes and wash off with clean water. Wash cloths and sponges regularly in clean water. Reapplication may be necessary. Treat with anti-mould solution to the treatment manufacturer's requirements.

3.32 GAP FILLING

Fill cracks, holes, indented and damaged surfaces with putty, plaster filler, wood filler, or plastic wood, as appropriate and in accordance with the paint manufacturer's requirements. Allow to dry or set before sanding back level with the surface. Prime coat or seal the timber before using putty. Wet cement or gypsum base plasters before applying filler. Use only Portland cement base types, or water-insoluble organic-based gap fillers in exterior or wet areas.

Preparation - painted surfaces in good condition

3.33 PREPARING SURFACES

Wash down surfaces with either:

- a chlorine based solution; or
- 5-10 millilitres of ordinary household detergent to 1 litre of warm water; or
- a solution of 30 grams of trisodium phosphate to 1 litre of water

Replace solutions frequently and finally wipe over a second time with a clean absorbent cloth.

For surfaces containing heavy smoke and grease deposits, wash down with either:

- mineral turpentine; or
- a 5% solution of ammonia; or
- a 1:40 solution of sugar soap and water

as necessary to remove the deposits. Wipe over with a clean absorbent cloth.

Prepare coatings which have chalked by sanding, brushing, waterblasting or other methods as appropriate.

Lightly sand glossy surfaces to ensure good adhesion of the coatings.

Preparation - painted surfaces in poor condition

3.34 PREPARING PAINTED TIMBER

Completely remove blistered, flaked, excessively chalked and cracked (due to exposed end grain and knots) paint to give a sound base for repainting. Scrape out damaged or decayed timber and where the area is extensive, arrange to cut out and replace with treated timber, primed (including end grain) before fixing.

Scrape clean loose or soft material, holes and depressions in timber due to damage or defects such as resin or gum pockets, knot holes and surface splits. Remove and replace sprung or loose corroded nails.

Where necessary strip paint back to the original timber surface, using the most appropriate of the following methods:

- burning off using a blowtorch to soften paint without charring, before scraping off with a broad knife
- using an electrically heated hot air stream to soften paint, before scraping off with a broad knife
- sanding using orbital and/or belt sanders
- paint removers used to the manufacturer's requirements
- hand scraping.

Follow [WorkSafe](#) guidelines for minimising the hazards of stripping.

3.35 PREPARING PAINTED GYPSUM PLASTER

Remove flaked paint completely from powdery, loose and other unsatisfactory plaster surfaces. Treat powdery surfaces with a solution of 150 millilitres of concentrated phosphoric acid and clean water to make 1 litre. Apply the solution, allow to stand 10 minutes and wash down with clean water. Remove loose, weak and drummy plaster and replaster. Allow to cure before proceeding with coatings as for unpainted work.

Confirm that the cause of any efflorescence has been eliminated before wiping it away with a dry rag and making good the damaged surface.

Fill small cracks and damaged surfaces with gypsum plaster or cellulose gypsum compound to just proud of the surface and lightly sand smooth and flush when dry.

3.36 PREPARING PAINTED PLASTERBOARD AND FIBROUS PLASTER

Fill cracks, pores, irregularities and damaged surfaces with the appropriate filler to the paint manufacturer's requirements, trowelled smooth, allowed to dry and lightly sanded to a smooth flush surface. Treat any staining of paint films on plaster as required by the coating manufacturer.

3.37 PREPARING PAINTED CEMENT PLASTER, CONCRETE AND MASONRY

Remove the fine white powder of efflorescence by brushing and then wiping with a clean cloth. Remove faulty mortar by wire-brushing. Make good with fresh mortar to match.

Confirm that the cause of any dampness has been eliminated and that the substrate is dry before applying any coating.

Wire brush moss or lichen affected areas to remove loose, powdery growth. Treat the affected areas with a solution of 200 millilitres of formalin (40% solution) to 800 millilitres of water. Apply the solution and leave for 3 days, or until the moss and lichen turns brown. Scrub off with a hard bristle brush and hose down liberally with water. Swab the affected area using a solution of 1 volume of household bleach to 2 volumes of water. After 30 minutes wash down with clean water.

Remove grease by continued washing with a 1:40 solution of sugar soap and water until completely removed, wash with clean water and allow to dry.

Where necessary strip paint back to the original surface by water or abrasive blasting. Remove chalk dust and dirt when dry by stiff bristle brushing.

3.38 PREPARING PAINTED METALWORK

Remove corrosion in whatever form. Sand edges to form a smooth surface with surrounding areas unaffected by corrosion. Use a chemical pre-treatment to remove the last traces of and to inhibit future, corrosion. Clean down completely before spot priming to suit the coating system specified.

Application - before applying final coatings

3.39 OFF-SITE WORK

Carry out off-site preparation and coating under cover, in a suitable environment and with adequate lighting. Store items both before and after coating in a clean, dry area, protected from the weather and mechanical damage, properly stacked and spaced to permit air circulation and to prevent sticking of surfaces.

3.40 PRIMING JOINERY

Before priming preservative treated timber ensure that any cut surfaces have been retreated. Liberally coat end grain, allow to soak in and then recoat. Ensure LOSP. treated joinery has dried sufficiently to lose odour.

3.41 CONCEALED JOINERY SURFACES

Apply off-site coatings to all surfaces including those which will be concealed when incorporated into the building.

3.42 CONCEALED METAL SURFACES

Apply primer to suit the coating system to all metal surfaces which will be concealed when incorporated into the building.

3.43 DOORS

Prime or seal and paint all six faces of doors before hanging.

3.44 BEAD GLAZING

Before glazing apply the first two coats, or the primer and one undercoat, to rebates of stained, varnished or painted joinery and beads.

3.45 PUTTY GLAZING

Follow putty manufacturers recommendations for application, drying, and painting. Ensure that the putty is fully protected by the coating system as soon as it is sufficiently hard.

Application - generally

3.46 PAINTING GENERALLY

Comply with the paint manufacturer's requirements and any additional requirements in this specification.

3.47 MIXING

Thoroughly mix paints. Lift any settled pigment and ensure the paint is homogenous.

3.48 ENVIRONMENT

Paint exterior surfaces only in favourable weather conditions:

- warm dry days without frost or heavy dews
- avoid painting in direct sunlight any surfaces that absorb heat excessively
- as far as possible apply paint in the temperature range 15°C to 25°C
- do not paint if temperatures fall outside the range of 10°C and 35°C unless paints with the necessary temperature tolerance have been specified
- do not apply solvent borne paint if moisture is present on the surface

3.49 SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS

Painting work to generally follow the following sequences:

- back painting and pre-installation painting, then post-installation exposed-face painting
- complete surface preparation before commencing painting
- apply paint in the specified sequence using the specified paint
- allow full drying time between coats to the paint manufacturer's requirements
- do not expose primers, undercoats and intermediate coats beyond manufacturers stated

- instructions before applying the next coat
- finish broad areas before painting trim
- ensure batch numbers of tins are matched for whole areas
- internally, paint ceilings before walls and walls before joinery, trim and other items

3.50 PAINT APPLICATIONS

Select brush, roller, or pad and apply paint to the requirements of the paint manufacturer and to obtain a smooth even coating of correct thickness, uniform gloss and colour.

3.51 DRYING TIME

Before handling or applying the next coat of paint, give each coat the full drying time as required by the paint manufacturer. Ensure that surfaces are dry and that condensation does not occur before the paint reaches surface-dry condition.

3.52 LIGHTLY SAND

Lightly sand primers, sealers, undercoats and intermediate coats to remove dust pick-up, protruding fibres and coarse particles. Remove dust immediately before applying the next coat.

3.53 DEFECTIVE WORK

Correct defective work immediately and re-coat as required, following precisely the paint system specified.

3.54 EACH COAT

Each coat of paint and the completed paint system to have the following qualities and properties:

- uniform finish, colour, texture, sheen and hiding power
- the specified number of coats applied
- no blemishes such as runs, sags, crinkling, fat edges, entrained paint skins, hairs, dust, bare or starved patches, cracks, brush marks, ladder marks and blistering
- proper covering of corners, crannies, thin edges, cracks, end grain and other difficult places of application

Completion

3.55 CLEAN

Clean adjoining surfaces, glass and fittings of any paint contamination. Clean off glass indicators at completion of the building works. Clean glass inside and out to a shining finish.

3.56 CLEAN EQUIPMENT

Use the Manufacturer's environmental wash system for the cleaning of water-based paint and plasters from brushes, rollers, plastering or spray equipment to separate the solids from the water component for safe disposal.

3.57 LEAVE

Leave the whole of this work uniform in gloss and colour, of correct thickness, free from painting defects, clean and unmarked and to the standard required by following procedures.

3.58 REMOVE

Remove dropsheets, coverings and masking to leave surrounding surfaces and areas clean, tidy and undamaged. Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

3.59 REPLACE HARDWARE

Replace hardware without damage to it or the adjoining surface. Leave properly fitted and in working order.

4 SELECTIONS

6711 PAINTING EXTERIOR

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the preparation of exterior unpainted and pre-painted surfaces, and the application of exterior:

- decorative paint coatings
- protective paint coatings
- sealers
- stains
- clear finishes

Related work

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

Refer to 6700 PAINTING GENERAL for general painting matters.
Refer to 6721 PAINTING INTERIOR for interior paint systems.

Warranties

1.2 WARRANTY

Warrant this work under normal environmental and use conditions against failure.
2 years: Warranty period

Refer to the general section for the required form of 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT and details of when completed warranty must be submitted.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PRODUCTS

Refer to 6700 PAINTING GENERAL for product clauses.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION

Refer to 6700 PAINTING GENERAL for execution clauses.

4 SELECTIONS

6721 PAINTING INTERIOR

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the preparation of interior unpainted and pre-painted surfaces, and the application of interior:

- decorative paint coatings
- protective paint coatings
- sealers
- stains
- clear finishes

Related work

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

Refer to 6700 PAINTING GENERAL for general painting matters.
Refer to 6711 PAINTING EXTERIOR for exterior paint systems.

Documents

Warranties

1.2 WARRANTY

Warrant this work under normal environmental and use conditions against failure.
2 years: Warranty period

Refer to the general section for the required form of 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT and details of when completed warranty must be submitted.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PRODUCTS

Refer to 6700 PAINTING GENERAL for product clauses.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION

Refer to 6700 PAINTING GENERAL for execution clauses.

4 SELECTIONS

7112 WATER STORAGE TANKS

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the installation of water storage tanks for potable or non-potable water.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to ~ for ~.

Documents

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B1/AS1	Structure
NZBC E1/AS2	Surface water
NZBC G1/AS1	Personal hygiene
NZBC G2/AS1	Laundrying
NZBC G3/AS1	Food preparation and prevention of contamination
NZBC G12/AS1	Water Supplies
NZBC G13/AS1	Foul water
NZBC G13/AS3	Foul water
AS/NZS 1260	PVC-U pipes and fittings for drain, waste and vent application
AS 1445	Hot-dipped zinc-coated, aluminium/zinc-coated or aluminium/zinc/magnesium-coated steel sheet - 76 mm pitch corrugated
AS/NZS 1546.1	On-site domestic wastewater treatment units - septic tanks
AS 2070	Plastic materials for food contact use
AS/NZS 2845.1	Water supply - Mechanical backflow prevention devices - materials, design and performance requirements
AS/NZS 3000	Electrical installations (Known as the Australian/New Zealand Wiring Rules)
AS/NZS 3500.1.2018	Plumbing and drainage - water services
AS/NZS 3500.2.2018	Plumbing and drainage - sanitary plumbing and drainage
AS/NZS 3500.3.2018	Plumbing and drainage - stormwater drainage
AS/NZS 4020	Testing of products for use in contact with drinking water
AS/NZS 4130	Polyethylene (PE) pipes for pressure applications
AS/NZS 4671	Steel for the reinforcement of concrete
AS/NZS 4766	Polyethylene storage tanks for water and chemicals
NZS 3104	Specification for concrete production
NZS 3106	Design of concrete structures for the storage of liquids. - SPONSORED
NZS 3109	Concrete construction
NZS 7601	Specification for polyethylene pipe (Type 3) for cold water services
NZS 7602	Specification for polyethylene pipe (Type 5) for cold water services
NZS 7610	Specification for blue polyethylene pipes up to nominal size 63 for below ground use for potable water
HB 230	MPMSAA Rainwater Tank Design and Installation Handbook (Standards Australia)
HE4602	Household water supplies: The selection, operation, and maintenance of individual household water supplies
HE10148	Water collection tanks and safe household water (Ministry of Health)
SNZ PAS 4509	New Zealand Fire Service Firefighting Water Supplies Code of Practice
Ministry of Health	Guidelines for drinking-water quality management for New Zealand
Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010	(Reprint as at 21 January 2019).

Documents listed above and cited in the clauses that follow are part of this specification. However, this specification takes precedence in the event of it being at variance with the cited document.

1.3 MANUFACTURER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer and supplier documents relating to work in this section are:

~

Copies of the above literature are available from ~

Web: ~
 Email: ~
 Telephone: ~
 Facsimile: ~

Warranties

1.4 WARRANTY

Provide warranty for:
 ~ years For ~

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form (if not available then use the standard form in the general section 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT)
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.5 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:
 ~ years For ~

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form (if not available then use the standard form in the general section 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT)
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.6 WARRANTY - INSTALLER

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:
 ~ years For ~

- Provide this warranty on the installer/applicator standard form (if not available then use the standard form in the general section 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT)
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

Requirements

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS GENERALLY

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to qualifications.

1.8 QUALIFICATIONS WORKERS – LICENSED UNDER STATUTE

Workers and supervisors to be appropriately qualified to applicable legislative requirements. Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for additional requirements relating to qualifications.

1.9 HEALTH REQUIREMENTS

Refer to [HE4602](#) for guidance.

1.10 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any of the specified systems, components and associated products listed in this section.

1.11 INFORMATION FOR OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Refer to the general section 1239 OPERATION & MAINTENANCE for provision of the following general operation and maintenance information as electronic PDF format documents:

~

Provide this information prior to practical completion.

Compliance information

1.12 INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Provide the following compliance documentation:

- Applicators approval certificate from the manufacturer / importer / distributor
- Manufacturer / supplier warranty
- Installer / applicator warranty
- Producer Statement - Construction from the applicator / installer
- Producer Statement - Construction Review from an acceptable suitably qualified person
- Other information required by the BCA in the Building Consent Approval documents.

1.13 INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR POTABLE WATER SAFETY COMPLIANCE

Provide the following compliance documentation:

- Drinking Water Register entry.

Performance**1.14 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION**

To HB 230 Rainwater Tank Design and Installation Handbook, to [AS/NZS 3500.1.2018](#), [AS/NZS 3500.3.2018](#) (as modified by [NZBC E1/AS2](#)) and to [NZBC G1/AS1](#) and [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

1.15 TESTING OF PRODUCTS

Materials used in the manufacture of rainwater tanks to be tested to [AS/NZS 4020](#).

1.16 TESTING OF POTABLE WATER QUALITY

Submit test results from a Ministry of Health-registered laboratory.

Quality control and assurance**1.17 INSPECTIONS**

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2 PRODUCTS**Materials****2.1 TANK BASE BEDDING**

Clean sand or concrete 100 to 150mm thick.

2.2 CONCRETE

Concrete for foundations to [NZS 3104](#).

Prescribed mix 17.5 For in situ tank base and water pump pad.
MPa:

Components**2.3 ABOVE GROUND WATER STORAGE TANK**

Tank generally to [NZBC G12/AS1](#), [AS/NZS 3500.1.2018](#), section 2 and 8, [AS/NZS 4020](#) and:

- Above ground tank manufactured from polyethylene to [AS/NZS 4766](#) and to AS 2070.
- Above ground tank manufactured from precast concrete to [NZS 3104](#), [NZS 3106](#), [NZS 3109](#) and [AS/NZS 4671](#).
- Above ground tank manufactured from precast ferro-cement or reinforced plaster to [AS/NZS 1516](#) and [AS/NZS 4671](#).
- Above ground tank manufactured from hot dip galvanized corrugated steel sheet to AS 1445.
Internal surface coated with food-grade polymer film.

Tanks to be fitted with a secure fitting lid to provide internal access for cleaning or inspection.

Accessories**2.4 TANK FITTINGS**

Fittings kit supplied with the tank for complete installation.

2.5 PVC-U PIPES AND FITTINGS

Unplasticised PVC pipe and fittings to [AS/NZS 1260](#).

2.6 POLYETHYLENE PIPES AND FITTINGS

High density polyethylene pipe and fittings to [AS/NZS 4130](#).

2.7 WATER PRESSURE PUMP

Pump designed to pressurise water supply from tank into the building.

2.8 TANK VENT

Vent with insect proof stainless steel mesh fitted on top of the tank.

2.9 FIRST FLUSH WATER DIVERTER

Wall mounted or underground system specific to installation. To prevent the first flow of water from the roof entering the water storage tank.

2.10 FILTER SYSTEM

Inline cartridge filter housing fitted between the first flush diverter and the inlet, or a 955 micron filter tank screen system fitted within the tank.

2.11 INLET LEAF STRAINER

Inlet leaf strainer manufactured from UV stabilised polypropylene. Built-in stainless steel or anodised aluminium mesh & light diffuser to minimize build-up of algae. Copper or copper alloys must not be used. Overflow diameter to match inflow pipe diameter. Fitted with a PVC-U overflow with appropriately contoured flanges or a stormwater pipe adapter.

2.12 TANK VACUUM SYSTEM

Designed to suck from the bottom of the tank when the tank is full to overflowing. System to include anti siphon device.

2.13 WATER TREATMENT (UV)

Combination filtration and UV disinfection system.

2.14 SEALS

Uniseals for pipe connections to the top of the tank.

2.15 RAIN HEAD

Head piece, forming a screened entry point to the tank. Designed to fit at the top of vertical PVC piping, incorporating a mesh screen to intercept debris and thereby allowing only water to pass through.

2.16 TANK LEVEL INDICATOR

- Floating pole type water level gauge with a large red-orange ball indicator protruding above the tank roof.
- Simple pulley and counterweight system with free hanging indicator beside the tank.

2.17 RAINWATER-TO-MAINS WATER SWITCHING DEVICE

Dual source controller designed to source rainwater for water applications such as toilets and/or laundry, with automatic mains water back-up. Also suitable for exterior taps. Switches between rainwater and mains water supply. Fits on top of the tank. Built-in backflow protection valve (dual check valve) to [AS/NZS 3500.1.2018](#).

3 EXECUTION**Conditions****3.1 SITE ACCESS**

Transportation on site to the position of the tank is at the risk and responsibility of the contractor. Make provision for manoeuvring and unloading of tank.

3.2 DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING OF PRODUCTS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to delivery, storage and handling of products.

3.3 ROUTINE MATTERS

Refer to 1250 TEMPORARY WORKS & SERVICES for protection requirements.

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to defective or damaged work, removal of protection and cleaning.

3.4 PRE-INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

Check work previously carried out and confirm it is of the required standard for this part of the work.

Installation - generally

3.5 STANDARDS AND TOLERANCES

Refer to the general section 1270 CONSTRUCTION for general requirements.

Installation - site

3.6 SITE EXCAVATION FOR ABOVE GROUND TANK

Select level site, free of sharp protrusions. Form solid pad with a bed of sand or concrete, screeded level to a minimum depth of 50mm. Extend pad minimum 500mm past base of tank. On a sloping site excavate fully into bank and provide minimum 600mm clearance from the tank to the base of the cut. Do not place tank on any fill, over in ground pipes, cables or underground structures.

3.7 INSTALL ABOVE GROUND TANK

Position tank on the prepared compacted level base or level platform. Fit seismic restraint straps as directed by structural engineer.

3.8 LAYING AND JOINTING

Lay in straight lines between changes of line or grade from the lower end of the drain with sockets pointing uphill. Set each pipe true to line and grade and each joint completed before the next pipe is laid.

Installation - fittings

3.9 WATER PUMP INSTALLATION

Install pump on a solid base bolted down through base plate. Place weather tight housing over the pump and secure to base. Connect to water supply and power supply.

3.10 WATER TREATMENT SYSTEM INSTALLATION

Install ultraviolet light radiation treatment unit between pump and house to manufacturer's specifications. Connect to power supply provided.

3.11 BACK FLOW PREVENTION DEVICES

Install to [AS/NZS 2845.1](#), to [AS/NZS 3500.1.2018](#) and to [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

Installation - connections

3.12 FIRST FLUSH WATER DIVERTER

Install either adjacent to the tank or underground, first flush water diverter. Connect downpipes from the roof gutter to the first flush water diverter. Connect the first flush diverter to the top of the tank. Refer to manufacturer's installation details.

3.13 FILTER INSTALLATION

Install proprietary in-line filter before the inlet connection.

3.14 INLET CONNECTION

Install inlet pipe into top of tank at manufacturer's designated mounting area using a Uniseal type connection.

3.15 OUTLET CONNECTION

Install pipe to manufacturer's installation details. To the outlet connect a floating arm draw-off to deliver water from 100mm below the surface. From the base connection run a flexible hose to the pump. Install ball valve in line between base connection and water pump. Support all pipework at outlet.

3.16 OVERFLOW PIPE

Install pipe to manufacturer's installation details and connect to approved discharge point or as detailed.

3.17 PIPE SEALS

Insert Uniseals in clean cut holes of the correct size. Insert Uniseal into hole with widespread facing the pipe to be inserted. Lubricate the pipe with detergent and push through the Uniseal. Use only on top of tank connections.

3.18 RAIN HEAD

Fit rain head to junction between rainwater downpipe and water storage tank inlet pipe.

3.19 TANK LEVEL INDICATOR

Install tank level indicator into top of above ground water storage tank.

3.20 LINKING MULTIPLE TANKS

Link multiple tanks together by the following method:

- Top link - fills tanks individually in series, via overflow pipes. Connect the outlet (to tap) across all tanks (at the bottom; with isolation valve on each.
- Bottom link - fills all tanks in parallel, via bottom inlet. Only one tapping point needed.

Tanks to be sited level with each other.

3.21 RAINWATER-TO-MAINS WATER SWITCHING DEVICE

Install switching device to water storage tank, to divert outgoing water supply from tank-fed to reticulated water main-fed. Make connections for automatic operation.

3.22 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

Installation to Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010, and [AS/NZS 3000](#). Allow to connect up water pump and water treatment unit to the power supply as provided.

Completion & commissioning

3.23 COMPLETION MATTERS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for completion requirements and if required commissioning requirements.

3.24 COMPLETION - TESTS & CERTIFICATION

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for general test and certification requirements at completion.
~

3.25 POTABLE WATER - ODOUR & TASTE

Ensure that contaminants are not introduced into the water tank. In the event that any odour or taste is noticed, check the catchment area for contaminants such as lichen or deceased animals. New tanks should be flushed out if slight odour or taste is present. First fill of water in tanks to be discarded prior to use. Flush-out tank if odour or taste is still present.

3.26 COMMISSIONING - TESTS & CERTIFICATION

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for general test and certification requirements for commissioning.
~

3.27 POST INSTALLATION TESTING

Test and commission the completed system to manufacturer requirements and [AS/NZS 3500.1.2018](#), section 16.5 Testing and Commissioning a Rainwater System . At the completion and testing of the water service, check all valves and other components to confirm their correct performance.

4 SELECTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

Products

4.1 ABOVE GROUND WATER STORAGE TANK

- Location: ~
- Manufacturer: ~
- Tank material: ~
- Capacity: ~ litres
- First flush water diverter: ~

Filter:	In-line cartridge filter housing
Tank vacuum kit:	~
Tank vent:	~
Water pump:	~
Water treatment system:	~
Seals:	~
Tank level indicator:	~
Rainwater-to-mains water switching device:	~
Rain head:	~

Spares & maintenance products

4.2 SPARES & MAINTENANCE PRODUCTS

Refer to the general section 1270 CONSTRUCTION for details of how spares and maintenance products will be handled. Provide the following spares and maintenance products:

Item:	~
Quantity:	~
Location:	Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION

7120 HOT & COLD WATER SYSTEM

1 GENERAL

This section relates to piped potable water supply systems from the network utility supply authority water main to designated points and appliances, the installation of hot water heating appliances, distributing piped hot water to other appliances, and the installation of valves.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to the drawings provided.

Documents

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B2/AS1	Durability
NZBC C/AS1-AS2	Protection from fire
NZBC G4/AS1	Ventilation
NZBC G12/VM1	Water supplies
NZBC G12/AS1	Water supplies
NZBC H1/AS1	Energy Efficiency
AS/NZS 2492	Cross Linked Polyethylene (PE-X) pipe for pressure applications
AS/NZS 2537.2	Mechanical joining fittings for use with crosslinked Polyethylene (PE-X) for pressure applications - Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations - Crosslinked Polyethylene (PE-X) - Fittings
AS/NZS 2642.1	Polybutylene pipe systems - Polybutylene (PB) pipe extrusion compounds
AS/NZS 2642.2	Polybutylene pipe systems - Polybutylene (PB) pipe for hot and cold water applications
AS/NZS 2642.3	Polybutylene pipe systems - Mechanical jointing fittings for use with polybutylene (PB) pipes for hot and cold water applications
AS/NZS 2845.1	Water supply - Backflow prevention devices - Materials, design and performance requirements
AS 2845.3	Water supply - Backflow prevention devices - Field testing and maintenance
AS/NZS 3500.1: 2018	Plumbing and drainage - Water services
AS/NZS 3500.4: 2018	Plumbing and drainage - Heated water services
NZS 3501	Specification for copper tubes for water, gas and sanitation
AS/NZS 4130	Polyethylene (PE) pipes for pressure applications
NZS 4305	Energy efficiency domestic type hot water systems
NZS 4602	Low pressure copper thermal storage electric water heaters
NZS 4607	Installation of thermal storage electric water heaters: valve-vented systems
NZS 4617	Tempering (3-port mixing) valves
AS/NZS 5601.1	Gas installations - general installations
DIN 8077	Polypropylene (PP) Pipes - PP-H, PP-B, PP-R, PP-RCT - Dimensions
DIN 8078	Polypropylene (PP) Pipes - PP-H, PP-B, PP-R, PP-RCT - General quality requirements and testing.
Gas (Safety and Measurement) Regulations 2010	
Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers Act 2006	
NZ Backflow Testing Standard: NZ Backflow Testing Standard 2011 , Field testing of backflow prevention devices and verification of air gaps	

Warranties

1.3 WARRANTY

Provide warranty for:
2 years:

For the supply and installation of the plumbing system and fixtures

- Provide the warranty in the standard form in the general section 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Requirements

1.4 QUALIFICATIONS

Plumbers to be experienced competent workers, familiar with the materials and the techniques specified. Carry out all work under the direct supervision of a certifying plumber under the [Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers Act 2006](#).

1.5 INFORMATION FOR OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Provide the following general operation and maintenance information as electronic PDF format documents:

~

Provide this information prior to practical completion.

1.6 HOT WATER TEMPERATURES

To [NZBC G12/AS1](#), 6.14

Storage water heaters to store water at not less than 60°C.

Hot water piping system, with temperature controls where necessary (tempering valve etc), to provide water at the outlet at the following temperatures:

For personal hygiene fixtures (showers, baths, wash hand basins etc) temperatures to be close to but not to exceed:

- 45°C - for early child hood centres, schools, elderly facilities, hospitals, psychiatric or disabled institutions.
- 55°C - for personal hygiene fixtures in all other buildings.

For non-personal hygiene fixtures (kitchen sinks and equipment, laundry tubs, cleaners sinks, industrial fixtures etc) temperatures are:

- Unrestricted - direct from water heater, approx. 60°C, must be less than 65°C (for kitchen sinks and equipment, laundry tubs, cleaners sinks etc) - in all buildings.
- Unrestricted - direct from water heater not tempered (for industrial fixtures and specific items etc) - in all buildings.

This clause excludes boiling units.

Performance

1.7 TESTING - TO AS/NZS 3500

Test to [AS/NZS 3500.1](#), Section 18, **Testing and commissioning**, for cold water.

- Test reticulation system to a pressure of 1500 kpa for period not less than 30 minutes, to [AS/NZS 3500.1](#), 18.3.1 **Hydrostatic test**. Test storage tanks to [AS/NZS 3500.1](#), 18.3.2 **Storage tanks**.

and

[AS/NZS 3500.4](#), Section 9, **Testing and commissioning**, for hot water.

- Test reticulation system (excluding tanks, water heaters, and some fixtures, valves etc) to a pressure of 1500 kpa for period not less than 30 minutes, to [AS/NZS 3500.4](#), 9.3 **Testing**. Test complete system (including valves, pumps, water heaters etc) under normal working conditions for a minimum of 48 hours, then check visually, to [AS/NZS 3500.4](#), 9.3 **Testing**.

Confirm the timing before carrying out any tests. Supply potable water and the apparatus needed. Slowly fill service pipes with water to exclude air. Test and ensure there is no measurable loss of pressure for the minimum period. Slowly fill distribution pipes with water to exclude air. Ensure that with draw-off taps closed the system must remain water-tight.

2 PRODUCTS

Materials

2.1 COPPER PIPE

To [NZS 3501](#) complete with copper-alloy compression fittings or cross type joints and seal ring compression joints complete with fittings and accessories brand matched to the pipe manufacturer's requirements with durability to [NZBC B2/AS1](#), Table 1 and [NZBC G12/AS1](#), Table 1.

2.2 PVC-U PIPE

Complete with fittings and accessories brand matched to the pipe manufacturer's requirements with durability to [NZBC B2/AS1](#) Durability, Table 1 and [NZBC G12/AS1](#), Table 1. Protect from sunlight.

2.3 POLYBUTYLENE PIPE

Polybutylene tubing to [AS/NZS 2642.1](#), [AS/NZS 2642.2](#) and [AS/NZS 2642.3](#) complete with fittings and accessories brand-matched with durability to [NZBC B2/AS1](#) Durability, table 1 and [NZBC G12/AS1](#), table 1. Protect from sunlight.

2.4 WATER METER

To the requirements of the network utility operator.

2.5 VALVES

Pressure reducing or limiting valve, filter, non-return valve, cold water expansion valve, pressure relief or temperature valve, pressure relief valve and isolating valves to [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

2.6 BACKFLOW PREVENTION DEVICES

Provide backflow prevention devices to [AS/NZS 2845.1](#) where it is possible for water or contaminants to backflow into the potable water supply. Refer to [NZBC G12/AS1](#) 3.4 Backflow protection, and [NZBC G12/AS1](#), table 2, Selection of Backflow Protection.

2.7 TEMPERING VALVE

Tempering valve to [NZS 4617](#) to [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

Materials - Hot water heating appliances

2.8 ELECTRIC HOT WATER CYLINDER, MAINS PRESSURE

To [NZS 4305](#), ceramic-coated steel thermal storage cylinder, insulated and complete with required fittings.

2.9 PROTECTIVE TAPE

Plasticised PVC tape system with primer, mastic fixing and outer coating.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION GENERALLY

Generally carry out the whole of this work and tests to [NZBC G12/VM1](#) or [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

3.2 HANDLE AND STORE

Handle and store pipes, fittings and accessories to avoid damage. Store on site, under cover on a clean level area, stacked to eliminate movement and away from work in progress.

Store tapware in a shelved, dry and securely locked area. Retain tapware in the manufacturer's original packaging, complete with all fixings and installation instructions. Label each unit separately with its space/fixture number to match.

3.3 CORE HOLES AND SLEEVES

Review location and fit core holes and sleeves as needed throughout the structure in conjunction with the boxing, reinforcing and placing of concrete. Strip core holes and make good after installation of pipework.

3.4 CONCEAL

Conceal pipework within the fabric of the building unless detailed otherwise. Satin finish chrome plate exposed work, complete with matching ferrule at the surface penetration.

3.5 CORROSION

Separate all metals subject to electrolytic action from each other and from treated timber, concrete and other lime substances by space, painting of surfaces, taping, or separator strips.

3.6 THERMAL MOVEMENT

Accommodate movement in pipes resulting from temperature change by the layout of the pipe runs, by expansion joints and by sleeving through penetrations.

3.7 PIPE SIZE

Flow rates to each outlet to be no less than those given in [NZBC G12/VM1](#) or [NZBC G12/AS1](#), table 3, Acceptable flow rates to sanitary fixtures. Pipe size as determined in [NZBC G12/AS1](#), table 4, Tempering valve and nominal pipe diameters.

3.8 ELECTROLYTIC ACTION

Avoid electrolytic action by eliminating contact or continuity of water between dissimilar metals.

3.9 EXCAVATE

Excavate for the water main to a firm, even trench base in straight runs. Allow to backfill.

Application - Jointing

3.10 JOINTING COPPER PIPE

Braze pipe, fit alloy compression fittings, crox type joints and seal ring compression joints to [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

3.11 JOINTING PVC-U PIPE

Solvent welded joints using spigots and sockets, flanged joints and seal ring compression joints to [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

3.12 JOINTING POLYBUTYLENE PIPE

Aluminium clamped, seal ring compression or push fit "O" ring seal jointing to pipe system manufacturer's requirements.

Application - Pipework installation

3.13 WATER SUPPLY CONNECTION

Arrange with the network utility operator for a connection to the water main and from there through a water meter and gate valve. Provide back flow prevention to [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

3.14 POTABLE WATER SUPPLY PIPEWORK INSTALLATION

From connection point, run pipes complete with all fittings, support and fixing, joins and install to manufacturers specifications. Size the pipes and branches in straight runs to deliver the acceptable flow rate to [NZBC G12/VM1](#) or [NZBC G12/AS1](#), table 3, Acceptable flow rates to sanitary fixtures at each outlet. Allow for the expected concurrent use of adjoining fixtures and size the piping layout to eliminate loss of pressure at any point by simultaneous draw-off. Pipework support spacing to be firmly fixed and buffered to eliminate noise and hammer, with preformed tee-connection take-offs and branches, with machine made 3 diameter bends, complete with necessary valves and fittings. Conceal pipework and pressure test before the wall linings are fixed.

3.15 HOT WATER PIPEWORK

Use a take-off spigot to give separate branches to each fitting, lay out pipes with support spacing to [NZBC G12/VM1](#) or [NZBC G12/AS1](#), table 7 Water supply pipework support spacing. Fix firmly and buffer to eliminate noise and hammer, with preformed tee-connection take-offs and branches, and preformed 3 diameter bends, complete with all necessary valves and fittings

Lag all pipes with rigid insulation to the manufacturer's requirements and G12/VM1 or G12/AS1.

3.16 EQUIPOTENTIAL BONDING METALLIC WATER SUPPLY PIPES

If it is an electrical requirement, before enclosing, ensure metallic water supply pipes and metallic sanitary fixtures are equipotential bonded (or at least conductor cable attached) to [NZBC G12/AS1](#), 9.0.

3.17 IN-LINE FILTER

Install an in-line filter immediately adjacent to the main isolating valve at the point of entry to the building, in an accessible position to allow for easy cleaning.

Application - Hot water systems

3.18 HOT WATER CYLINDER INSTALLATION GENERALLY

Install hot water cylinders complete to the manufacturer's requirements and to [NZBC G12/AS1, 6.11](#), Water heater installation. Valve-vented systems to [NZS 4607](#).

3.19 SEISMIC RESTRAINTS - NON-GAS WATER HEATING APPLIANCES

Non-gas (electric, wet-back, solar etc) water heating appliances (storage water heaters) to be restrained to manufacturer's requirements and [NZBC G12/AS1, 6.11](#), Water Heater Installation.

3.20 INSTALL ELECTRIC HOT WATER CYLINDERS AND BOILING CYLINDERS

Install where shown complete with all the necessary fittings to the cylinder manufacturer's requirements and in accordance with [NZBC G12/AS1: 6.11](#). Valve-vented systems to [NZS 4607](#).

3.21 INSTALL STORAGE HOT WATER CYLINDER OVERFLOW TRAY

Install drained overflow tray to storage hot water cylinder to [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

3.22 INSTALL TEMPERING VALVE

Install 1 metre minimum from outlet of hot water cylinder and to manufacturer's instructions. Install copper pipework for 1 metre minimum downstream of tempering valve prior to connection of non-metallic pipework.

3.23 PENETRATIONS

Provide and fit collars and escutcheon plates to match the pipework at all penetrations through constructions.

Installation - Valves

3.24 INSTALLING BELOW GROUND ISOLATING VALVE

Install all below ground items such as main isolating valves and water meters in preformed concrete pits or approved equivalent.

3.25 INSTALLING APPLIANCE ISOLATING VALVES - CONCEALED

Install isolating valves for appliances in accessible positions. Locate in adjacent cupboards and position to allow for easy connection and operation.

3.26 INSTALLING BACKFLOW PREVENTION DEVICE

Provide and install backflow prevention device as near as practicable to the potential source of contamination, and in an accessible position for maintenance and testing to AS 2845.3 or [NZ Backflow Testing Standard](#).

Completion

3.27 LABEL

Label all pipework with permanent adhesive markers at 3 metre minimum intervals.

3.28 CLEAN IN-LINE FILTER

Clean all in-line filters on completion of works.

3.29 REPLACE

Replace damaged or marked elements.

3.30 LEAVE

Leave work to the standard required by following procedures.

3.31 REMOVE

Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

Refer to the drawings & Manufacturers Literature provided.

7430 DRAINAGE

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and laying of gravity foul water (sewage), stormwater and groundwater drainage.

1.1 DOCUMENTS REFERRED TO

Documents referred to in this section are:

NZBC B1/AS1	Structure
NZBC E1/AS1	Surface water
NZBC E1/AS2	Surface water
NZBC E1/VM1	Surface water
NZBC G1/AS1	Personal hygiene
NZBC G13/AS1	Foul water - sanitary plumbing
NZBC G13/AS2	Foul water - drainage
NZBC G13/AS3	Foul water - sanitary plumbing and drainage
AS/NZS 1254	PVC-U pipes and fittings for Stormwater and Surface Water applications
AS/NZS 1260	PVC-U pipes and fittings for drain, waste and vent applications
AS/NZS 2032	Installation of PVC pipe systems
AS/NZS 2033	Installation of polyethylene pipe systems
AS 2439.1	Perforated Plastics Drainage and Effluent Pipes and Fittings - Perforated drainage pipe and associated fittings
AS/NZS 2566.1	Buried Flexible Pipelines - Structural Design
AS/NZS 2566.2	Buried Flexible Pipelines - Installation
AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018	Plumbing and drainage - Stormwater drainage
NZS 3104	Specification for concrete production
NZS 3111	Method of test for water and aggregate for concrete
AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018	Plumbing and drainage - sanitary plumbing and drainage
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4229	Concrete masonry buildings not requiring specific engineering design
NZS 4402 (set)	Method of testing soils for civil engineering purposes
AS/NZS 4671	Steel reinforcing materials
AS/NZS 5065	Polyethylene and polypropylene pipes and fittings for drainage and sewerage applications
NZCMM	NZ Concrete Masonry Manual section 6.1 Masonry Retaining Walls
NZTA F2	Specification for pipe subsoil drain construction
Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers Act 2006	

1.2 AS BUILT DOCUMENTS

Supply a 1:100 scale as-built drawing of drains and fittings to the territorial authority and to the owner on completion.

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

Drainlayers to be experienced, competent and familiar with the materials and techniques specified. Carry out all work under the direct supervision of a certifying drainlayer under the [Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers Act 2006](#).

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 CONCRETE

17.5 MPa prescribed mix to [NZS 3104](#).

2.2 REINFORCEMENT

Plain round and/or deformed steel bars, Grade 300 to [AS/NZS 4671](#).

Components

2.3 PVC-U PIPES

PVC-U pipes bends, junctions, fittings and joints to [AS/NZS 1254](#) and [AS/NZS 1260](#).

Underground PVC-U pipe to be classified as follows:

Classification:	Use:
SN4 - SN6	Domestic & light load areas
SN8 - SN10	Commercial & Industrial medium load areas
SN16	Public roads & high load areas

2.4 GULLY TRAPS - AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018

Gully traps complete with grating to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), 4.6 Gullies, as modified by [NZBC G13/AS3](#).

2.5 SURFACE WATER SUMP GRATINGS

Cast iron frame with lift-up grating.

Foul water

2.6 TRENCH BACKFILLING MATERIAL, FOUL WATER - AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018

Bedding and backfilling material to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), 5.4, **Bedding of drains**, and for concrete, if required, [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), 5.3 **Concrete Support**.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXCAVATE

Excavate for drains to a firm even base with correct gradients set in straight runs.

Trenches running parallel, below and close to foundations of buildings to [NZS 3604](#) or [NZS 4229](#) to be separated to:

- [NZBC E1/AS1](#), 3.9.7, **Proximity of Trench to Building**, for stormwater and subsoil drains.
- [AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018](#), 6.2.8, **Installation near and under buildings**, as modified by [NZBC E1/AS2](#).
- [NZBC G13/AS2](#), 5.6, **Proximity of Trench to Building**, for foul water drains.

3.2 MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS

All drainage installations to the pipe and fitting manufacturer's requirements.

3.3 FOUL WATER DRAINAGE GENERALLY - AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018

Carry out this work to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#) and complete all tests to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), 15 Testing of Sanitary Plumbing and Sanitary Drainage Installations.

Lay uPVC pipe systems to relevant sections of [AS/NZS 2032](#), [AS/NZS 2566.1](#) and [AS/NZS 2566.2](#).

Lay polyethylene pipes and fittings to relevant sections of [AS/NZS 2033](#) and [AS/NZS 2566.1](#).

3.4 SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE GENERALLY - AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018

Carry out stormwater drainage work to [AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018](#), and complete all tests to [AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018](#), section 9, as modified by [NZBC E1/AS2](#).

Lay uPVC pipe systems to relevant sections of [AS/NZS 2032](#), [AS/NZS 2566.1](#) and [AS/NZS 2566.2](#).

Lay polyethylene pipes and fittings to relevant sections of [AS/NZS 2033](#) and [AS/NZS 2566.1](#).

3.5 LAY FOUL WATER DRAINS

Lay drains in straight runs to correct gradients, to discharge into the network utility operator's sewer.

Set inspection fittings on a concrete base.

3.6 CONSTRUCT GULLY TRAPS - AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018

Set in a minimum 100mm thick concrete with top surround 25mm above paving and 75mm above other surfaces, to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), section 4.6, Gullies.

3.7 LAY STORMWATER DRAINS

Confirm the required location of downpipes and finished ground levels before commencing pipework. Set downpipe bends in concrete with the concrete brought up to protect the top of the bend from damage. Lay drains in straight runs to correct gradients to discharge into the network utility operator's stormwater system.

3.8 INSTALL SURFACE WATER SUMP

To [NZBC E1/AS1](#) or to [AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018](#) section 7 as modified by [NZBC E1/AS2](#), complete with ceramic half-siphon pipe and cast iron frame with a lift out grating.

3.9 TESTING - FOUL WATER

Confirm timing before carrying out any tests. Supply potable water and apparatus needed. Test to [NZBC G13/AS1](#) or [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), 15 as required. Carry out and record a visual inspection that each joint showed no evidence of leaks.

3.10 TESTING - SURFACE WATER

Confirm timing before carrying out any tests. Supply potable water and apparatus needed. Test to [NZBC E1/VM1](#), 8.0 Drain Leakage Tests or [AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018](#), section 9, as modified by [NZBC E1/AS2](#) as required. Carry out and record a visual inspection that each joint showed no evidence of leaks.

Backfilling and encasement - Foul water and surface water

3.11 CONCRETE ENCASUREMENT

Concrete encase shallow drains and drains under driveways, on a 100mm deep 17.5 MPa concrete bed reinforced with three 10mm mild steel bars. Surround pipes with a polythene membrane to allow movement and encase in 100mm 17.5 MPa concrete.

3.12 TRENCH BACKFILLING GENERALLY - FOUL WATER

Granular bedding and selected fill shall be placed in layers no greater than 100 mm loose thickness and compacted. Base bedding (beneath the pipe) shall be placed and compacted before pipes are laid. Up to 300mm above the pipe, compaction shall be by tamping by hand tool over the entire surface of each layer to produce a compact layer without obvious voids, without disturbing or distorting the drain. Run marker tape along line of the pipe on top of the bedding.

Up to 300mm above the pipe, compaction shall be by tamping by hand using a rod with a pad foot (having an area of 75 ± 25 mm by 75 ± 25 mm) over the entire surface of each layer to produce a compact layer without obvious voids, without disturbing the drains.

More than 300 mm above the pipe, compaction shall be by at least four passes of a mechanical tamping foot compactor (whacker type) with a minimum weight of 75 kg. For plastic based pipes, ensure care taken to avoid impact loading of the pipe.

3.13 TRENCH BACKFILLING GENERALLY - SURFACE WATER - AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018

Trench fill to be placed in loose layers not more than 200 mm thick and compacted to not less than 90% or 95% under pavements of the standard maximum dry density specified in AS 1289.5.4.1 or AS 1289.5.6.1, in such a way that the pipes are neither dislodged nor damaged. The finished surface (top of trench fill) and the trench surround shall be restored, as near as practicable, to the level and condition of the existing surface before commencement of the excavation.

3.14 FOUL WATER TRENCH BACKFILLING - AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018

Carry out foul water trench backfilling to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), 5.1, 5.2 and 5.5 as modified by [NZBC G13/AS3](#). PVC-U pipe to [AS/NZS 2032](#) and polyethylene pipes to [AS/NZS 2033](#).

3.15 SURFACE WATER TRENCH BACKFILLING - AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018

Carry out surface water trench backfilling to [AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018](#), 6.3.5.2. PVC-U pipe to [AS/NZS 2032](#) and polyethylene pipes to [AS/NZS 2033](#).

4 SELECTIONS

7701 ELECTRICAL BASIC

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the wiring for domestic and small scale commercial installations, including:

- power
- lighting
- electrical automation
- security system
- complete with componentry
- electrically-powered fittings
- fire rated sealers, liners and accessories

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to the drawings provided.

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

AFDD	Arc Fault Detection Device
ELV	Extra Low Voltage
GLS	general lighting service
IP	international (ingress) protection classification
NUO	Network Utility Operator
PCB	printed circuit board
PIR	passive infrared
SIA	security integration architecture
TPS	tough plastic sheathed
TCF	Telecommunications Carriers' Forum

Documents

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZBC F6/AS1	Visibility in escape routes
NZBC F7/AS1	Warning systems
NZBC G4/AS1	Ventilation
NZBC G9/AS1	Electricity
AS/NZS 1125	Conductors in insulated electric cables and flexible cord
AS/NZS 1768	Lightning protection
AS/NZS 2201.1	Intruder alarm systems - Client's premises - Design, installation, commissioning and maintenance
AS 2293.1:2005	Emergency escape lighting and exit signs for buildings - System design, installation and operation
AS 2293.3:2005	Emergency escape lighting and exit signs for buildings - Emergency escape luminaires and exit signs
AS/NZS 3000	Electrical installations (known as the Australian/New Zealand Wiring Rules)
AS/NZS 3008.1.2	Electrical installations - Selection of cables - Cables for alternating voltages up to and including 0.6/1 kV - Typical New Zealand installation conditions
AS/NZS 3100	Approval and test specification-general requirements for electrical equipment
AS/NZS 3112	Approval and test specification - Plugs and socket-outlets
AS/NZS 3113	Approval and test specification - Ceiling roses
AS/NZS 3190	Approval and test specification - Residual current devices (current-operated earth-leakage devices)

AS/NZS 3439.3	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies - Particular requirements for low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies intended to be installed in places where unskilled persons have access for their use - Distribution boards
AS 3786	Smoke alarms using scattered light, transmitted light or ionization
NZS 4514:2009	Interconnected smoke alarms for houses
NZS 4246	Energy Efficiency - Installing bulking thermal insulation in residential buildings
AS/NZS 5000.2	Electric cables - Polymeric insulated - for working voltages up to and including 450/750v
AS/NZS 60335.1	Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety - General requirements
AS/NZS 60695.11.5	Fire hazard testing - Test flames - Needle-flame test method - Apparatus, conformity test arrangement and guidance.
AS/NZS 61439.3	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies - Part 3: Distribution boards intended to be operated by ordinary persons (DBO).
IEC 61643	Components for low voltage surge protection devices
Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010 (Reprint as at 21 January 2019).	
TCF Premises Wiring Cable Installers Guidelines for Telecommunication Services	

Documents listed above and cited in the clauses that follow are part of this specification. However, this specification takes precedence in the event of it being at variance with the cited document.

1.4 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Refer to the plans for fixture locations.

Warranties

1.5 WARRANTY

Warrant the complete electrical installation under normal environmental and use conditions against failure of materials and execution.

1 year: Warranty period

Refer to the general section for the required form of 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT and details of when completed warranty must be submitted.

Requirements

1.6 COMPLY

Comply with the Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010, [AS/NZS 3000](#), [AS/NZS 3008.1.2](#), and [TCF Premises Wiring Cable Installers Guidelines for Telecommunication Services](#) for listed and prescribed work and with the utility network operator's requirements. Apply for the service connection. Arrange for the required inspections of listed work. Pay all fees.

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS GENERALLY

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to qualifications.

1.8 QUALIFICATIONS WORKERS – LICENSED UNDER STATUTE

Workers and supervisors to be appropriately qualified to applicable legislative requirements. Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for additional requirements relating to qualifications.

1.9 QUALIFICATIONS - SECURITY SYSTEM

Installation by an installer licensed under the Private Investigators and Security Guards Act. Installation of all security equipment to comply with [AS/NZS 2201.1](#) Intruder alarm systems - Client's premises - Design, installation, commissioning and maintenance.

1.10 SAFETY OF INSTALLATION - DESIGN BY ELECTRICAL ENGINEER

Before installation work commences obtain from the electrical engineer a Certified Design. The Certified Design is to comply with the Electricity (Safety) Regulations (2010), regulation 58.

1.11 SAFETY OF INSTALLATION - DESIGN BY ELECTRICIAN

Before installation work commences provide a Certified Design. The Certified Design is to comply with the Electricity (Safety) Regulations (2010), regulations 58. It must be signed by the designer of the installation.

1.12 ELECTRICAL CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

Supply a certificate of compliance (CoC) to the owner, and if required the NUO, as required by the Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010, prior to connection.

- Arrange for the NUO to inspect before the meter installation, listed work inspection, polarity check and supply becoming live.
- Arrange for an inspector to inspect high risk electrical work as required by regulation 70.

1.13 ELECTRICAL SAFETY CERTIFICATE

Provide an Electrical Safety Certificate (ESC), as required by the Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010, Reg 74A, to the owner and when required the BCA. To be provided no later than 20 working days after connection and prior to Practical Completion.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MAINS SUPPLY

Tough plastic sheathed neutral screened cable to [AS/NZS 5000.2](#) and [AS/NZS 3008.1.2](#), with a minimum rating of 60 amps per phase. Include pilot cable where required by network utility company.

2.2 CABLES

Tough plastic sheathed copper conductors to [AS/NZS 5000.2](#), stranded above 1.0mm², and to [AS/NZS 3008.1.2](#). Minimum sizes as below. Increase sizes if the method of installation, thermal insulation, cable length or load will reduce the cable rating below that of the MCB rating, or produce an excessive voltage drop.

Lighting circuits:	Domestic: 1.5mm ² on 10 amp MCBs
Lighting circuits:	Commercial: 1.5mm ² on 16 amp MCBs
Power circuits:	2.5mm ² on 16 amp MCBs for domestic and unenclosed or unfilled cavity construction
	2.5mm ² on 16 amp MCBs for domestic insulated construction, or filled cavity
	2.5mm ² on 20 amp MCBs for unenclosed or unfilled cavity construction
	2.5mm ² on 16 amp MCBs for insulated construction, or filled cavity, or lengths over 30 metres
Hot water cylinder circuits:	Single phase: 2.5mm ² on 20 amp MCBs
Range/oven/hob circuits:	Single phase: 6mm ² high temperature cable on 32 amp MCBs

Heat resistant cable for final connections to all heated appliances, and high temperature cable in ambient conditions that may be above 35°C (roof spaces above insulation etc).

2.3 METER BOX

Proprietary manufactured, zinc plated powder coated metal case, or ABS plastic, with glazed panel door, weatherproof where mounted outdoors, and complete with meter mounting, main switch and fuse.

2.4 DISTRIBUTION BOARD

Flush surface mount boards manufactured to [AS/NZS 3439.3](#), or AS/NZS 61439.3, and installed in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#). Manufactured from engineering grade resin with a glow wire rating of 850°C, complete with neutral and earth busbars, and insulated comb phase bar. Distribution boards to have 20% spare capacity for future additions and alterations.

2.5 CIRCUIT PROTECTION

General requirements including main switch 63A or 100A. Residual current protection 30mA, ensure RCCBs' meet Type A and comply with [AS/NZS 3190](#). MCBs to 4.5kA or 6kA rated.

2.6 WALL BOXES

Standard grid size or equivalent to be manufactured from plastic or metal, with 2 or more gang size to be metal with steel inserts for accessory securing screws. Screw fixed.

2.7 SWITCH UNITS

Single pole switches to be 16 amp minimum rated, double pole or intermediate to be 16 amp minimum rated. All switches to be 230 volt a.c. polycarbonate flushplate units. Label all switch units that control electrical equipment or special lighting circuits by proprietary engraved switch mechanisms where applicable. Refer to drawings/schedules for number of switches per unit, dimmer units, neon (indicator or toggle) units and 2 way units. Refer to SELECTIONS.

- 2.8 HOT WATER SYSTEM SWITCH
One way 20 amp switch complete with cable clamp for flexible PVC conduit to element enclosure.
- 2.9 SWITCHED SOCKET UNITS
10 amp, 230 volt flat 3 pin socket outlets fitted with safety shutters and manufactured to [AS/NZS 3100](#), [AS/NZS 3112](#) and [AS/NZS 3113](#), single or multi gang as detailed.
- 2.10 SMOKE ALARMS
Type 1 domestic smoke alarm to [NZBC F7/AS1](#). 1.2 **Descriptions of alarm systems.** Alarm to AS 3786. A wired 230 volt ionised smoke detector type.
- 2.11 SURGE PROTECTION
Protection for the homes appliances with IEC 61643 Class II surge protection devices fitted to the switchboard. For variable electronic equipment fit IEC 61643 Class III surge protection to switched socket outlets.
- 2.12 CEILING ROSES
White plastic mounting base with screwed cover, manufactured to [AS/NZS 3113](#). Terminal type. Suspended fittings to have sheathed round flexible cord to [AS/NZS 3008.1.2](#). Refer to SELECTIONS.
- 2.13 BATTEN HOLDERS
Standard white plastic bayonet cap, with cap angled where wall mounted. Brass liners.
- 2.14 DOOR BELL SYSTEM
Complete with transformer for mounting on distribution board.
- 2.15 LIGHT FITTINGS
Fluorescent and High Intensity Discharge fittings with low loss control gear and power factor corrected to 0.95 minimum. Control gear suitable for dimming if this is required. All fittings complete with lamps; Incandescent GLS lamps pearl, coiled-coil 230v rated, bayonet cap; Fluorescent triphosphor 2700K; CFL; halogen ELV 12v dichroic reflector with cover glass unless detailed otherwise; integral/non-integral LEDs, reflectors, lenses, heatsinks and drivers - 3,000K to 4,000K, CRI >80, L70.
- 2.16 RESIDENTIAL RECESSED LIGHT FITTINGS
Residential recessed luminaires to [AS/NZS 60598.2.2](#), types IC-F, IC, CA-80 or CA-135 only.
- 2.17 SPACE HEATERS
Fixed wired room heaters radiant or convector, and compliant with [AS/NZS 60335.1](#). Flush or surface mount, fitted with safety cut-outs.
- 2.18 EXHAUST FANS
Ceiling, wall or duct mounted exhaust fans for ventilation to [NZBC G4/AS1](#), and compliant with [AS/NZS 60335.1](#).
- 2.19 HEATED TOWEL RAILS
Fixed wired heated towel warmers, double insulated, IPX4 splash-proof, compliant with [AS/NZS 60335.1](#), scratch resistant powdercoated or chrome finish.
- 2.20 EXTERIOR SWITCHES AND SWITCHED SOCKET UNITS
Using materials with superior UV protection, impact strength, and addition chemical resistance when compared with interior polycarbonate fittings. Weather protected, switches and sockets to IP56 minimum. Sockets fitted with safety shutters behind socket pins, and all products able to be padlocked off or on.

Security system

2.21 CONTROL PANEL

Control panel system with a minimum of one installer code, one master code, 6 zones minimum and 6 user codes. The installer to select codes to suit installation.

2.22 DETECTORS

There are two main types of detectors:

- Standard passive infrared sensors: Install in stable environments with no wind flow and no direct bright sunlight.
- Passive infrared/ microwave sensors: Install in area where environmental stability is an issue.

2.23 AUDIBLE DEVICES

Internal sirens can be either a 12V Piezo Siren or a Horn speaker with a sound pressure level of no less than 95dB.

External siren can be either a stainless steel design or have hardened plastic casing. Both designs to be fully weatherproof but not limited to IP66 Rating. The siren box to contain a strobe diffuser in either blue or red. The siren shall contain a horn speaker, 12v speaker or an electronic siren. The external siren box to have both a cover and rear wall tamper mechanism.

2.24 CABLING

Security alarm wiring to NZS/AS 1125 for cables.

Security alarm wiring to be multi stranded and not single stranded, minimum 0.5mm².

2.25 PERIPHERALS

Fit anti-tamper devices to detectors, control panels and equipment housings, programmed to give a tamper indication when the system is unset and a tamper alarm when the system is set.

Standard keypad manufactured of moulded hardened plastic with either a LED or LCD screen, to match the style of the wiring accessories in diameter, colour and aesthetics.

2.26 COMMUNICATIONS

Digital dialler to be built into the PCB of all control panels, with the options for both monitoring and remote dial in windows based software. Digital dialler to comply with all the industry standard communication formats including contact I.D and SIA, and NZ Telepermit certification.

Remote software able to upload / download programming changes and or history events and change status of the security alarm with the ability to be turned off if required.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 MAIN SUPPLY

Lay underground mains to the NUO requirements. Excavate trench, install cable and marker tape and backfill.

3.2 METER BOX

Fit to meter box manufacturer and Electricity Retailer requirements. Recess into external wall in sheltered area and flash to weatherproof to [NZBC E2/AS1 fig 69](#). Arrange for meter installation and connection.

3.3 DISTRIBUTION BOARD

Fit to [AS/NZS 3000](#) and board manufacturer requirements. Recess into wall or surface mount and ensure fire containment properties of the enclosure are maintained.

3.4 CIRCUIT PROTECTION

Install MCBs at distribution board to [AS/NZS 3000](#) to protect each final sub circuit.

3.5 EARTHING CONDUCTIVE STRUCTURE & MATERIALS

Earth all at risk structural metalwork and conductive building materials to [AS/NZS 3000](#), 5.4.6, and the Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010.

If they form part of the building, this includes:

- Structural steel frames or members
- Light steel framing
- Exposed conductive materials, like metal sink/tub or vanity benches etc, with attached electrical units or equipment

3.6 MAIN EARTH

Provide a plastic toby box to contain and protect the earth electrode. Fix the connecting earth wiring closely and securely against wall surfaces.

3.7 EARTH LEAKAGE PROTECTION

Install RCD protection to [AS/NZS 3000](#).

3.8 RCD - RESIDENTIAL INSTALLATIONS

Install 30mA RCD protection at the switchboard for all final sub circuits to control outlets and lighting except for fixed or stationary cooking equipment, to [AS/NZS 3000](#).

3.9 RCD - SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS

Install fixed wired RCD protected outlets (SRCD) in the following higher risk areas:

- Wet areas: bathrooms, laundries, kitchens.
- Near pools and water features.
- Where intended for use with cleaning equipment.
- Hand-held tools subject to movement in use, i.e. work-shops, garages.

3.10 SET-OUT

The position of outlets and equipment shown on drawings is indicative of requirements. Confirm documents and site conditions are not in conflict with other services or features. Resolve conflicts and discrepancies before proceeding with work affected. Confirm on site the exact location, disposition and mounting heights of all outlets, fittings, equipment, penetrations, and use of exposed wiring. Fix outlet items level, plumb and in line.

3.11 CABLING

Install wiring systems to [AS/NZS 3000](#). All cabling run concealed. No TPS cable laid directly in concrete. Locate holes in timber framing for the passage of cables at the centre line of the timber member. Install cable in conduits where required to pass through concrete or underground. In walls run cabling horizontally and vertically in straight lines. In ceilings either run cabling along ceiling framing or attached to catenary wires. Clip cabling to ceiling framing/catenary wires.

3.12 CABLING CIRCUITS

Install all circuits with the appropriately rated cable and circuit protection. Install with a maximum of 8 light switch units or 4 double or single switched socket units on any circuit. Minimum 2 lighting circuits per floor. Separate circuits for all electric heating appliances. Kitchen sockets to be on at least two different circuits.

3.13 WALL BOXES

Mount flush in cavity construction size to fit products selected. Fix vertically mounted wall boxes to studs. Screw fix horizontally mounted switched socket outlet wall boxes to solid blocking or noggs. Fix switch panel wall boxes to solid blocking.

3.14 SWITCH AND SOCKET UNITS

Fit all single and double switch units, all sockets to the following heights (to the centre of the unit) unless shown otherwise on the drawings.

Switch Units:	1000mm above finished floor
Socket Units:	150mm above work benches
	400mm above finished floor

Mount light switches and switch socket outlets vertically and socket units horizontally. Label all switch units that control electrical equipment or special lighting circuits by colour filled engraving on the switch. Use proprietary engraved switch mechanisms where applicable.

3.15 ISOLATING SWITCHES

Locate isolating switches in positions as confirmed by the owner, when not specifically shown on the drawings.

3.16 LIGHT FITTINGS

Install light fittings in locations and at heights specified and confirmed by the owner, in accordance with the fitting manufacturer requirements.

3.17 EXTRA LOW VOLTAGE LIGHTING

Use electronic, transformers (halogen) or drivers (LED) for ELV lamps, one transformer/driver per lamp. Locate to manufacturer requirements and as close as practicable to the lamp. Ensure transformers/drivers and rear of light fittings are adequately ventilated and appropriately clear of any building elements, to [AS/NZS 3000](#).

3.18 RECESSED LIGHT FITTINGS - CLEARANCE TO INSULATION

Non-residential applications;

The clearance between insulation and recessed downlights;

- Leave 100mm gap to [AS/NZS 3000](#), figure 4.9
- Provide larger gaps where required by the downlight manufacturer

Residential applications;

- Ensure new recessed downlights are one of the new classes classified in [AS/NZS 60598.2.2](#); CA 80, CA 135, IC and IC - F.
- Classification type CA 80, CA 135, to [AS/NZS 60598.2.2](#); insulation can abut the sides (wrapping around the sides)
- Classification type IC and IC - F, to [AS/NZS 60598.2.2](#); insulation can abut and cover over the top of the downlight
- Provide larger gaps where required by the light manufacturer
- In a retrofit situation where the insulation is non-approved or unknown, ensure 100mm clearance from the insulation to [AS/NZS 3000](#), figure 4.9.

3.19 SPACE HEATERS

Install to the heater manufacturer requirements, and to [AS/NZS 3000](#). Fit neatly and without damage to surrounding finishes. Ensure control switches and thermostats are fitted to appliance, or otherwise connect to a control switch located adjacent to the heater and a remote thermostat.

3.20 SMOKE ALARMS

Install Type 1 domestic smoke alarm system to [NZBC F7/AS1 3.0 Domestic smoke alarms](#), [NZS 4514](#) and to the alarm manufacturer requirements. Fit neatly and without damage to the surrounding finish.

3.21 SURGE PROTECTION

Install surge protection devices to manufacturer requirements and in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#) and [AS/NZS 1768](#). When fitting IEC 61643 Class II protection at the switchboard, protect the device by a dedicated MCB.

3.22 ELECTRIC POWERED FITTINGS AND EQUIPMENT

Install and wire fittings and equipment to individual fittings and equipment manufacturer requirements. Refer to the drawings for required layouts and locations for equipment. Refer to SELECTIONS for schedules of fittings.

3.23 BATHROOM ELECTRICAL FIXTURES

Install all electrical fixtures. Connect the following bathroom and toilet electrical items:

- Heated towel rails: Install to manufacturers requirements and installed in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#)
- Mirror demisters: Locate centrally above the wash hand basin(s). Connect wiring to room lighting unless specified otherwise.
- Exhaust fans: Install exhaust fans to manufacturer requirements. Installed in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#) and [NZBC G4/AS1](#).

3.24 OUTDOOR/EXTERIOR SERVICES

Install all wiring systems in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#) and in accordance with the manufacturer recommendations:

Provide circuits and connections for exterior installations, including ELV 12/24 Volt path lighting and electronic irrigation systems. Refer to drawings for connection points. Where underground, ensure appropriate protection, such as thickness of sheathing, conduit, depth of cabling, and proximity to other services.

Use the appropriate rated fittings for power control and power supply. Weather protected switches and sockets to IP56. Install to manufacturer specifications using recommended fittings and sealants to maintain the products integrity.

Earth leakage protection to be provided for in areas where there is increased risk to human safety in the form of either RCDs at the distribution board, or socket outlet. RCDs are recommended for visible awareness of protection.

3.25 ELECTRICAL AUTOMATION SYSTEM

Fit distribution cabinet in wall, cut-out to finish flush with the wall surface, or surface mounted. Configure installation to manufacturer instructions. Provide adequate user training and operating manual to the owner.

3.26 LABELLING

Include label under each controller, switch and circuit breaker on distribution boards. Include a warning notice if light dimmers are used in the installation. List the rating of each circuit.

Security system

3.27 SECURITY SYSTEM

Install to the system manufacturer requirements, control panel, detectors and associated equipment fitted neatly and without damage to surrounding finishes. Installation of security equipment to [AS/NZS 2201.1](#) Intruder alarm systems - Client's premises - Design, installation, commissioning and maintenance. All 230v mains power connections to the security panel are to be in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#). The 230V power is to be switched using a dedicated single gang Isolator switch or similar.

Completion & Commissioning

3.28 COMPLETION

Leave installation operating correctly, with equipment clean and operational.

4 SELECTIONS