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Dear Sir/Madam

Thank you for submitting your property enquiry from our Listed Land Use Register (LLUR). The LLUR holds information about sites that have been used or are currently used for activities which have the potential to cause contamination.

The LLUR statement shows the land parcel(s) you enquired about and provides information regarding any potential LLUR sites within a specified radius.

Please note that if a property is not currently registered on the LLUR, it does not mean that an activity with the potential to cause contamination has never occurred, or is not currently occurring there. The LLUR database is not complete, and new sites are regularly being added as we receive information and conduct our own investigations into current and historic land uses.

The LLUR only contains information held by Environment Canterbury in relation to contaminated or potentially contaminated land; additional relevant information may be held in other files (for example consent and enforcement files).

Please contact Environment Canterbury if you wish to discuss the contents of this property statement.

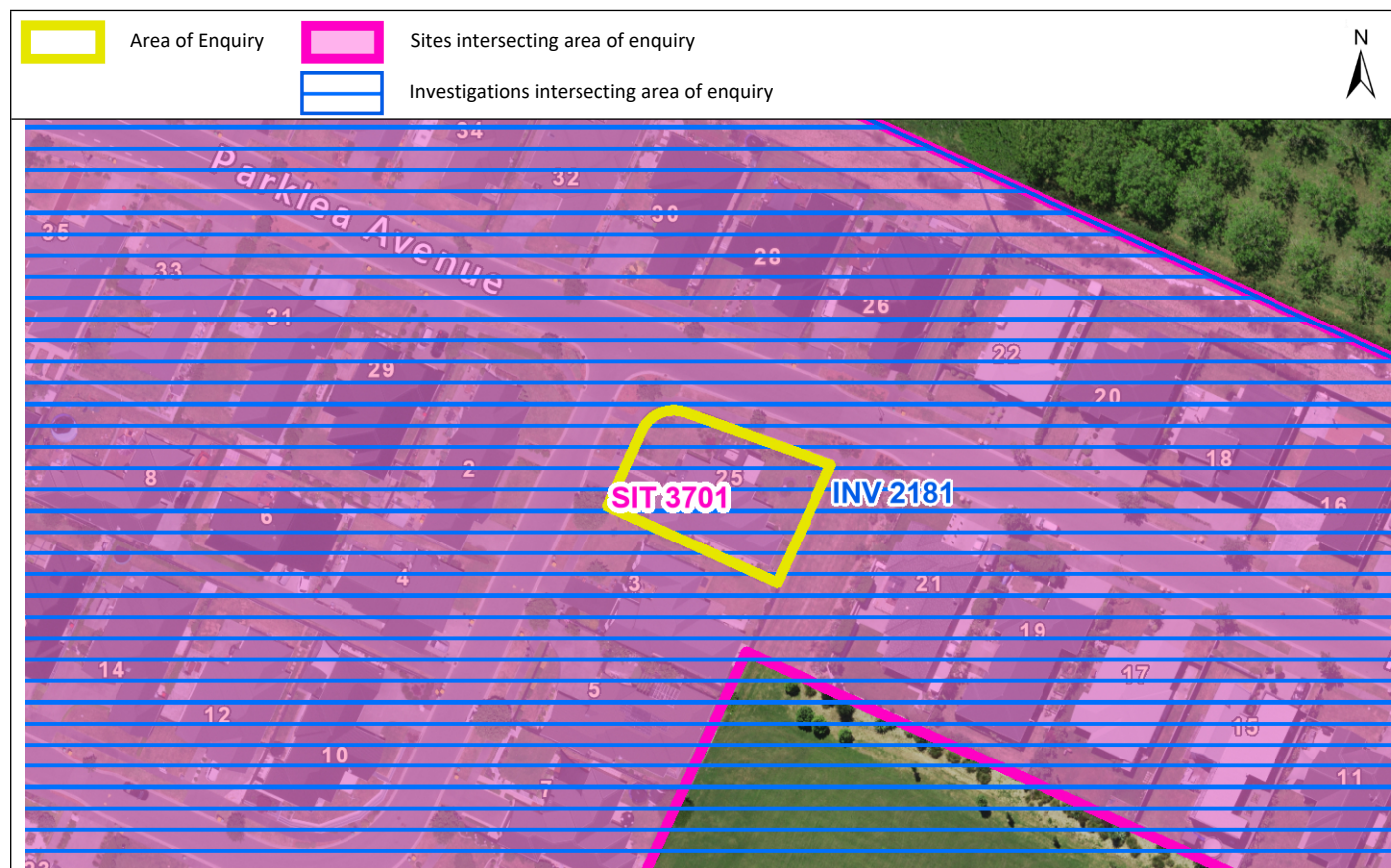
Yours sincerely

Contaminated Sites Team

Property Statement from the Listed Land Use Register

Visit ecan.govt.nz/HAIL for more information or
contact Customer Services at ecan.govt.nz/contact/ and quote ENQ469836

Date generated: 12 August 2026
Land parcels: Lot 306 DP 430578



The information presented in this map is specific to the property you have selected. Information on nearby properties may not be shown on this map, even if the property is visible.

Sites at a glance

 Sites within enquiry area

Site number	Name	Location	HAIL activity(s)	Category
3701	Part of Halswell on Park Development	297 Halswell Road, Halswell	A10 - Persistent pesticide bulk storage or use;	Below guideline values - Residential

More detail about the sites

Site 3701: Part of Halswell on Park Development (Intersects enquiry area.)

Category: Below guideline values - Residential
Definition: Investigation results demonstrate that hazardous substances present at the site, but below applicable guidelines. - Residential

Location: 297 Halswell Road, Halswell
Legal description(s): Lot 1 DP 429188, Lot 1 DP 464239, Lot 2 DP 464239, Lot 296 DP 430578, Lot 297 DP 430578, Lot 298 DP

430578,Lot 299 DP 430578,Lot 300 DP 430578,Lot 301 DP 430578,Lot 302 DP 430578,Lot 303 DP 430578,Lot 304 DP 430578,Lot 305 DP 430578,Lot 306 DP 430578,Lot 307 DP 430578,Lot 308 DP 430578,Lot 309 DP 430578,Lot 310 DP 430578,Lot 311 DP 430578,Lot 312 DP 430578,Lot 313 DP 430578,Lot 314 DP 430578,Lot 315 DP 430578,Lot 316 DP 430578,Lot 317 DP 430578,Lot 318 DP 430578,Lot 319 DP 430578,Lot 320 DP 430578,Lot 321 DP 430578,Lot 322 DP 430578,Lot 323 DP 430578,Lot 324 DP 430578,Lot 325 DP 430578,Lot 326 DP 430578,Lot 327 DP 430578,Lot 328 DP 430578,Lot 329 DP 430578,Lot 331 DP 430578,Lot 332 DP 430578,Lot 333 DP 430578,Lot 334 DP 430578,Lot 335 DP 430578,Lot 336 DP 430578,Lot 351 DP 430578,Lot 353 DP 430578,Lot 358 DP 430578,Lot 359 DP 430578,Lot 360 DP 430578,Lot 361 DP 430578

HAIL activity(s):

Period from	Period to	HAIL activity
c.1980	c.2000	Persistent pesticide bulk storage or use including sports turfs, market gardens, orchards, glass houses or spray sheds

Notes:

14 May 2009

Site formed part of a former Applefields orchard. It is undergoing redevelopment for residential land use. An environmental investigation was carried out in 2005 to ascertain the levels and the extent of any potential contamination associated with pesticide application.



Investigations:

INV 2181

Report on Assessment of Soil Contamination. Halswell on the Park, Christchurch

Golder Associates - Detailed Site Investigation

6 Apr 2005

Summary of investigation(s):

Halswell on the Park subdivision is located between Halswell Road, Milns Road and John Oliver Terrace, Halswell. The site was originally used for pastoral farming until the mid-1980's when an orchard was established. The orchard was in operation until around 2000 when the trees were removed and the site reverted to pastoral use before residential and recreation development in 2005. A sheep dip is evident in aerial photography from 1941 to 1955 on the southern boundary of what is now a recreation area of the subdivision. A chemical storage shed and a chemical mixing area were identified in the investigation as well as an equipment shed with hydrocarbon storage, also within the recreation area. Sites have been created for the sheep dip and equipment shed and are assessed separately (SIT53436 and SIT3738 respectively).

An investigation was performed to assess the conditions of the soil prior to residential development. Pesticides had been used on the orchard and these may remain in surface soil. A site visit was performed on 08 March 2005. The site was partitioned into five roughly even blocks from east to west and a composite sample collected from each block. The composite soil samples were comprised of 8 to 10 subsamples that were mixed on site. "Clustered grab" samples were collected from potential hot-spot areas including the chemical mixing area and chemical storage shed. It is assumed that a "clustered grab" is a composite sample collected from a small area associated with a potential point source of contaminants due to only one sample for each hot-spot site being submitted for analysis while the sample is described as "clustered".

Assessing broad acreage pesticide use via composite samples was appropriate; however, a maximum of four subsamples prepared at a certified laboratory is the appropriate guideline practice. Results were not compared to adjusted guidelines to account for the number of subsamples. Factoring in likely background soil concentrations of metals, there are unlikely to be hot spots of significance across the orchard area. Discrete sampling of hot-spot areas would have been more appropriate; however, the results of the "clustered grab" samples do not indicate likely hot-spots of contamination.

Soil results comply with applicable residential land use standards and guidelines. While sampling strategy and reporting could be improved it is not thought likely that significant hotspots exist.

Disclaimer

The enclosed information is derived from Environment Canterbury's Listed Land Use Register and is made available to you under the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987.

The information contained in this report reflects the current records held by Environment Canterbury regarding the activities undertaken on the site, its possible contamination and based on that information, the categorisation of the site. Environment Canterbury has not verified the accuracy or completeness of this information. It is released only as a copy of Environment Canterbury's records and is not intended to provide a full, complete or totally accurate assessment of the site. It is provided on the basis that Environment Canterbury makes no warranty or representation regarding the reliability, accuracy or completeness of the information provided or the level of contamination (if any) at the relevant site or that the site is suitable or otherwise for any particular purpose. Environment Canterbury accepts no responsibility for any loss, cost, damage or expense any person may incur as a result of the use, reference to or reliance on the information contained in this report.

Any person receiving and using this information is bound by the provisions of the Privacy Act 1993.

Listed Land Use Register

What you need to know



What is the Listed Land Use Register (LLUR)?

The LLUR is a database that Environment Canterbury uses to manage information about land that is, or has been, associated with the use, storage or disposal of hazardous substances.

Why do we need the LLUR?

Some activities and industries are hazardous and can potentially contaminate land or water. We need the LLUR to help us manage information about land which could pose a risk to your health and the environment because of its current or former land use.

Section 30 of the Resource Management Act (RMA, 1991) requires Environment Canterbury to investigate, identify and monitor contaminated land. To do this we follow national guidelines and use the LLUR to help us manage the information.

The information we collect also helps your local district or city council to fulfil its functions under the RMA. One of these is implementing the National Environmental Standard (NES) for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil, which came into effect on 1 January 2012.

For information on the NES, contact your city or district council.

How does Environment Canterbury identify sites to be included on the LLUR?

We identify sites to be included on the LLUR based on a list of land uses produced by the Ministry for the Environment (MfE). This is called the Hazardous Activities and Industries List (HAIL)¹. The HAIL has 53 different activities, and includes land uses such as fuel storage sites, orchards, timber treatment yards, landfills, sheep dips and any other activities where hazardous substances could cause land and water contamination.

We have two main ways of identifying HAIL sites:

- We are actively identifying sites in each district using historic records and aerial photographs. This project started in 2008 and is ongoing.
- We also receive information from other sources, such as environmental site investigation reports submitted to us as a requirement of the Regional Plan, and in resource consent applications.

¹ The Hazardous Activities and Industries List (HAIL) can be downloaded from MfE's website www.mfe.govt.nz, keyword search HAIL

How does Environment Canterbury classify sites on the LLUR?

Where we have identified a HAIL land use, we review all the available information, which may include investigation reports if we have them. We then assign the site a category on the LLUR. The category is intended to best describe what we know about the land use and potential contamination at the site and is signed off by a senior staff member.

Please refer to the Site Categories and Definitions factsheet for further information.

What does Environment Canterbury do with the information on the LLUR?

The LLUR is available online at www.llur.ecan.govt.nz. We mainly receive enquiries from potential property buyers and environmental consultants or engineers working on sites. An inquirer would typically receive a summary of any information we hold, including the category assigned to the site and a list of any investigation reports.

We may also use the information to prioritise sites for further investigation, remediation and management, to aid with planning, and to help assess resource consent applications. These are some of our other responsibilities under the RMA.

If you are conducting an environmental investigation or removing an underground storage tank at your property, you will need to comply with the rules in the Regional Plan and send us a copy of the report. This means we can keep our records accurate and up-to-date, and we can assign your property an appropriate category on the LLUR. To find out more, visit www.ecan.govt.nz/HAIL.



My land is on the LLUR – what should I do now?

IMPORTANT! Just because your property has a land use that is deemed hazardous or is on the LLUR, it doesn't necessarily mean it's contaminated. The only way to know if land is contaminated is by carrying out a detailed site investigation, which involves collecting and testing soil samples.

You do not need to do anything if your land is on the LLUR and you have no plans to alter it in any way. It is important that you let a tenant or buyer know your land is on the Listed Land Use Register if you intend to rent or sell your property. If you are not sure what you need to tell the other party, you should seek legal advice.

You may choose to have your property further investigated for your own peace of mind, or because you want to do one of the activities covered by the National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil. Your district or city council will provide further information.

If you wish to engage a suitably qualified experienced practitioner to undertake a detailed site investigation, there are criteria for choosing a practitioner on www.ecan.govt.nz/HAIL.



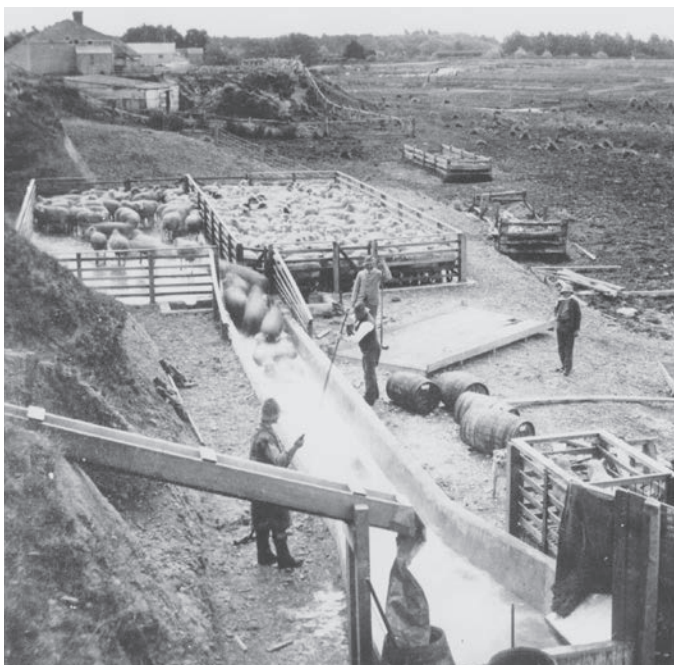
I think my site category is incorrect – how can I change it?

If you have an environmental investigation undertaken at your site, you must send us the report and we will review the LLUR category based on the information you provide. Similarly, if you have information that clearly shows your site has not been associated with HAIL activities (eg. a preliminary site investigation), or if other HAIL activities have occurred which we have not listed, we need to know about it so that our records are accurate.

If we have incorrectly identified that a HAIL activity has occurred at a site, it will be not be removed from the LLUR but categorised as Verified Non-HAIL. This helps us to ensure that the same site is not re-identified in the future.

IMPORTANT!

The LLUR is an online database which we are continually updating. A property may not currently be registered on the LLUR, but this does not necessarily mean that it hasn't had a HAIL use in the past.



Sheep dipping (ABOVE) and gas works (TOP) are among the former land uses that have been identified as potentially hazardous. (Photo above by Wheeler & Son in 1987, courtesy of Canterbury Museum.)

Contact us

Property owners have the right to look at all the information Environment Canterbury holds about their properties.

It is free to check the information on the LLUR, online at www.llur.ecan.govt.nz.

If you don't have access to the internet, you can enquire about a specific site by phoning us on (03) 353 9007 or toll free on 0800 EC INFO (32 4636) during business hours.

Contact Environment Canterbury:

Email: ecinfo@ecan.govt.nz

Phone:

Calling from Christchurch: (03) 353 9007

Calling from any other area: 0800 EC INFO (32 4636)

Listed Land Use Register

Site categories and definitions

When Environment Canterbury identifies a Hazardous Activities and Industries List (HAIL) land use, we review the available information and assign the site a category on the Listed Land Use Register. The category is intended to best describe what we know about the land use.

If a site is categorised as **Unverified** it means it has been reported or identified as one that appears on the HAIL, but the land use has not been confirmed with the property owner.

If the land use has been confirmed but analytical information from the collection of samples is not available, and the presence or absence of contamination has therefore not been determined, the site is registered as:

Not investigated:

- A site whose past or present use has been reported and verified as one that appears on the HAIL.
- The site has not been investigated, which might typically include sampling and analysis of site soil, water and/or ambient air, and assessment of the associated analytical data.
- There is insufficient information to characterise any risks to human health or the environment from those activities undertaken on the site. Contamination may have occurred, but should not be assumed to have occurred.

If analytical information from the collection of samples is available, the site can be registered in one of six ways:

At or below background concentrations:

The site has been investigated or remediated. The investigation or post remediation validation results confirm there are no hazardous substances above local background concentrations other than those that occur naturally in the area. The investigation or validation sampling has been sufficiently detailed to characterise the site.

Below guideline values for:

The site has been investigated. Results show that there are hazardous substances present at the site but indicate that any adverse effects or risks to people and/or the environment are considered to be so low as to be acceptable. The site may have been remediated to reduce contamination to this level, and samples taken after remediation confirm this.

Managed for:

The site has been investigated. Results show that there are hazardous substances present at the site in concentrations that have the potential to cause adverse effects or risks to people and/or the environment. However, those risks are considered managed because:

- the nature of the use of the site prevents human and/or ecological exposure to the risks; and/or
- the land has been altered in some way and/or restrictions have been placed on the way it is used which prevent human and/or ecological exposure to the risks.

Partially investigated:

The site has been partially investigated. Results:

- demonstrate there are hazardous substances present at the site; however, there is insufficient information to quantify any adverse effects or risks to people or the environment; or
- do not adequately verify the presence or absence of contamination associated with all HAIL activities that are and/or have been undertaken on the site.

Significant adverse environmental effects:

The site has been investigated. Results show that sediment, groundwater or surface water contains hazardous substances that:

- have significant adverse effects on the environment; or
- are reasonably likely to have significant adverse effects on the environment.

Contaminated:

The site has been investigated. Results show that the land has a hazardous substance in or on it that:

- has significant adverse effects on human health and/or the environment; and/or
- is reasonably likely to have significant adverse effects on human health and/or the environment.

If a site has been included incorrectly on the Listed Land Use Register as having a HAIL, it will not be removed but will be registered as:

Verified non-HAIL:

Information shows that this site has never been associated with any of the specific activities or industries on the HAIL.

Please contact Environment Canterbury for further information:

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email ecinfo@ecan.govt.nz